UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

(Mark One)

x ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014

or

 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-11919

TeleTech Holdings, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

9197 South Peoria Street Englewood, Colorado 80112

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (303) 397-8100

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each className of each exchange on which registeredCommon Stock, \$0.01 par valueNASDAQ Global Select Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None.

Indicate by checkmark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes o No ${\rm x}$

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes o No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yesx No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§ 229.405) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

84-1291044

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of June 30, 2014, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, there were 48,732,502 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding. The aggregate market value of the registrant's voting and non-voting common stock that was held by non-affiliates on such date was \$495,904,505 based on the closing sale price of the registrant's common stock on such date as reported on the NASDAQ Global Select Market.

As of February 28, 2015, there were 48,307,893 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Certain information required for Part III of this report is incorporated by reference to the proxy statement for the registrant's 2015 annual meeting of stockholders.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES DECEMBER 31, 2014 FORM 10-K

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This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, relating to our operations, expected financial position, results of operation, and other business matters that are based on our current expectations, assumptions, and projections with respect to the future, and are not a guarantee of performance. In this report, when we use words such as "may," "believe," "plan," "will," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "project," "would," "could," "target," or similar expressions, or when we discuss our strategy, plans, goals, initiatives, or objectives, we are making forward-looking statements.

We caution you not to rely unduly on any forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from what is expressed in the forward-looking statements, and you should review and consider carefully the risks, uncertainties and other factors that affect our business and may cause such differences as outlined but are not limited to factors discussed in the section of this report entitled "Risk Factors". Our forward looking statements speak only as of the date that this report is filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and we undertake no obligation to update them, except as may be required by applicable laws.

AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION

TeleTech Holdings, Inc.'s principal executive offices are located at 9197 South Peoria Street, Englewood, Colorado 80112. Electronic copies of our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, Proxy Statements and any amendments to these reports are available free of charge by (i) visiting our website at http://www.teletech.com/investors/sec-filings/ or (ii) sending a written request to Investor Relations at our corporate headquarters or to investor.relations@teletech.com. TeleTech's SEC filings are posted on our corporate website as soon as reasonably practical after we electronically file such materials with, or furnish them to, the SEC. Information on our website is not incorporated by reference into this report.

You may also access any materials that we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F. Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549 (telephone number 1-800-SEC-0330); or via the SEC's public website at www.sec.gov.

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PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

Our Business

TeleTech Holdings, Inc. ("TeleTech", "the Company", "we", "our" or "us") is a customer engagement management service provider that delivers integrated consulting, technology, growth and customer care solutions on a global scale. Our suite of product and service capabilities allows us to design and deliver enhanced, value-driven customer experiences across numerous communication channels. Our solutions are supported by 46,000 employees delivering services in 24 countries from 59 delivery centers on six continents. Our revenue for fiscal 2014 was \$1,242 million.

Since our establishment as a Delaware corporation in 1982, we have helped clients strengthen their customer relationships, brand recognition and loyalty through customer engagement solutions. We deliver thought leadership, technology and innovation that create customer strategies designed to differentiate our clients from their competition; data analytics that personalize interactions and increase customer value; and integration services that connect clients' customer relationship management ("CRM") system to a cloud-based collaboration platform, leading to customer interactions that are seamless and relevant.

Our services are value-oriented, outcome-based, and delivered on a global scale across all of our business segments: Customer Management Services ("CMS"), Customer Growth Services ("CGS"), Customer Technology Services ("CTS") and Customer Strategy Services ("CSS"). Our integrated customer experience platform differentiates the Company by combining strategic consulting, data analytics, process optimization, system design and integration, operational excellence, and technology solutions and services.

We have developed tailored expertise in the automotive, communications, financial services, government, healthcare, logistics, media and entertainment, retail, technology, travel and transportation industries. We target customer-focused industry leaders in the Global 1000 and serve more than 250 global clients.

To improve our competitive position in a rapidly changing market and stay strategically relevant to our clients, we continue to invest in innovation and growth businesses, diversifying our traditional business process outsourcing services of our CMS segment into higher-value consulting, data analytics, digital marketing and technology-enabled services. Of the \$1,242 million in revenue we reported in 2014, approximately 26% or \$318 million came from the CGS, CTS and CSS segments (our "Emerging Segments"), focused on customer-centric strategy, growth or technology-based services, with the remainder of our revenue coming from the traditional business process outsourcing focused CMS segment.

Consistent with our growth and diversification strategy, we continue to invest in technology differentiation, analytics, cloud computing and digital marketing. We also invest in businesses that accelerate our strategy: in 2014, we acquired Sofica Group, a Bulgarian customer management services company which provides our clients with the capabilities of 18 additional languages while contributing to the geographic and time zone diversity of our footprint; and rogenSi, a global leadership, change management and sales consulting company that further diversifies our consulting offerings.

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Our business is structured and reported in the following four segments:

Operating Segments and Industry Verticals

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CGS

CTS

Automotive	Automotive	Communication	Automotive
Communication	Communication	Financial Services	Communication
Financial Services	Financial Services	Government	Financial Services
Government	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare
Healthcare	Logistics	Media and Entertainment	Media and Entertainment
Media and Entertainment	Media and Entertainment	Retail	Technology
Retail	Technology	Technology	
Travel and Transportation			
Technology			

Our strong balance sheet, cash flows from operations and access to debt and capital markets provide us the financial flexibility to effectively fund our organic growth, capital expenditures, strategic acquisitions and incremental investments. Additionally, we continue to return capital to our shareholders via an ongoing stock repurchase program. As of December 31, 2014, our cumulative authorized repurchase allowance was \$637.3 million, of which we repurchased 42.1 million shares for \$625.5 million. For the period from January 1, 2015 through February 28, 2015, we purchased 212,100 additional shares at a cost of \$4.7 million. The stock repurchase program does not have an expiration date. Effective February 24, 2015, the Board of Directors authorized an additional \$25 million for stock repurchases.

On February 24, 2015, our Board of Directors adopted a dividend policy, with the intent to distribute a periodic cash dividend to stockholders of our common stock, after consideration of, among other things, TeleTech's performance, cash flows, capital needs and liquidity factors. Given our cash flow generation and balance sheet strength, we believe cash dividends and early returns to shareholders through share repurchases, in balance with our investments in innovation and strategic acquisitions, align shareholder interests with the needs of the Company. The initial dividend of \$0.18 per common share will be paid on March 16, 2015 to shareholders of record as of March 6, 2015.

Our Market Opportunity

We believe that exceptional customer engagement creates sustainable economic value for our clients and our market opportunities are defined by the following trends:

Increasing focus on customer engagement to sustain competitive advantage. — Our ability to sustain a competitive advantage based on price or product differentiation has significantly narrowed given the speed of technological innovation. As customers become more connected and widely broadcast their experiences across a variety of social networking channels, the quality of the experience has a profound impact on brand loyalty and business performance. We believe customers are increasingly shaping their attitudes, behaviors and willingness to recommend or stay with a brand on the totality of their experience, including not only the superiority of the product or service but more importantly on the quality of their ongoing service interactions. Given the strong correlation between high customer satisfaction and improved profitability, we believe more companies are increasingly focused on selecting third-party partners, such as TeleTech, who can deliver an analytic-driven, integrated solution that increases the lifetime value of each customer relationship versus merely reducing costs.

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- Increasing percentage of companies consolidating their customer engagement requirements with the few select partners who can deliver measurable business outcomes by offering an integrated, technology-rich solution. The proliferation of mobile communication technologies and devices along with customers' increased access to information and heightened expectations are driving the need for companies to implement enabling technologies that ensure customers have the best experience across all devices and channels. These two-way interactions need to be received or delivered seamlessly via the customer channel of choice and include voice, email, chat, SMS text, intelligent self serve, virtual agents and the social network. We believe companies will continue to consolidate to third-party partners, like TeleTech, who have demonstrated expertise in increasing brand value by delivering a holistic, integrated customer-centric solution that spans strategy to execution versus the time, expense and often failed returns resulting from linking together a series of point solutions from different providers.
- Focus on speed-to-market by companies launching new products or entering new geographic locations. As companies broaden their product offerings and enter new markets, they are looking for partners that can provide speed-to-market while reducing their capital and operating risk. To achieve these benefits, companies select us because of our extensive operating track record, established global footprint, financial strength, commitment to innovation, and our ability to quickly scale infrastructure and complex business processes around the globe in a short period of time while assuring a high-quality experience for their customers.

Our Strategy

We aim to grow our revenue and profitability by focusing on higher margin, data and technology-enabled services that drive a superior customer experience and engagement. To that end we plan to continue:

- Building deeper, more strategic relationships with existing global clients to drive enduring, transformational change within their organizations;
- Pursuing new clients who lead their respective industries and who are committed to the customer engagement as a differentiator;
- · Continued Investment in our Global Markets and Industries sales leadership team;
- Executing strategic acquisitions that further complement and expand our integrated solution; and
- Investing in innovative technology-enabled platforms and innovating through proprietary technology advancements, broader and globally protected intellectual property, and process optimization.

Our Integrated Service Offerings and Business Segments

We operate our business utilizing four operating and reportable segments, which provide an integrated set of services offering through design, technology enablement, management and growth:

Customer Strategy Services

We typically begin by engaging our clients at a strategic level. Through our strategy, change management and analytics-driven consulting expertise, we help our clients design, build and execute their customer engagement strategies. We help our clients to better understand and predict their customers' behaviors and preferences along with their current and future economic value. Using proprietary analytic models, we provide the insight clients need to build the business case for customer centricity, to better optimize their marketing spend and then work alongside them to help implement our recommendations. A key component of this segment involves instilling a high performance culture through management and leadership alignment and process optimization.

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Customer Technology Services

Once the design of the customer engagement is completed, our ability to architect, deploy and host or manage the client's customer management environments becomes a key enabler to achieving and sustaining the client's customer engagement vision. Given the proliferation of mobile communication technologies and devices, we enable our clients' operations to interact with their customers across the growing array of channels including email, social networks, mobile, web, SMS text, voice and chat. We design, implement and manage cloud, on-premise or hybrid customer management environments to deliver a consistent and superior experience across all touch points on a global scale that we believe result in higher quality, lower costs and reduced risk for our clients. Through our proprietary Humanify[™] technology, we also provide data-driven context aware SaaS-based solutions that link customers seamlessly and directly to appropriate resources, any time and across any channel.

Customer Management Services

We design and manage clients' front-to-back office processes to deliver just-in-time, personalized, multi-channel interactions. Our front-office solutions seamlessly integrate voice, chat, email, e-commerce and social media to optimize the customer experience for our clients. In addition, we manage certain client back-office processes to enhance their customer-centric view of relationships and maximize operating efficiencies. Our delivery of integrated business processes via our onshore, offshore or work-from-home associates reduces operating costs and allows customer needs to be met more quickly and efficiently, resulting in higher satisfaction, brand loyalty and a stronger competitive position for our clients.

Customer Growth Services

We offer integrated sales and marketing solutions to help our clients boost revenue in new, fragmented or underpenetrated business-toconsumer or business-to-business markets. We deliver approximately \$1 billion in client revenue annually via the acquisition, growth and retention of customers through a combination of our highly trained, client-dedicated sales professionals and our proprietary Revana Analytic Multichannel Platform[™]. This platform continuously aggregates individual customer information across all channels into one holistic view so as to ensure more relevant and personalized communications. As a result of our acquisition of the digital agency Web Metro, we have developed an integrated marketing-to-sales platform that links online searches to live sales through a closed loop, multichannel interface. This platform uses proprietary tools and methodology to capture and use more than 400 marketing and sales data points to engage with customers in relevant conversations.

Based on our clients' requirements, we provide our services on an integrated cross-business segment and on a discrete basis.

Additional information with respect to our segments and geographic footprint is contained in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Our Competitive Strengths

We believe our integrated suite of services and holistic approach to customer engagement is an industry differentiator. Our end-to-end capabilities, from customer strategy and technology services to customer management and growth services, improve customer outcomes, increase satisfaction and loyalty, strengthen operating effectiveness and efficiencies, and drive long-term growth and profitability for our clients. We also believe that our technological solutions, innovative human capital strategies and globally scaled and deployed best practices are key elements to our continued industry leadership.

As the complexity and pace of technological change required to deliver a multi-channel customer engagement increases, the successful execution of our principal corporate strategies is based on our competitive strengths, which are briefly described below:

• Our industry reputation and leadership position with over three decades of expertise delivering integrated customer engagement solutions provides our clients with the ability to enable, manage and grow the value of every customer relationship;

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- Multi-channel, multi-modal solutions that meet the rapidly changing profile of the customer and their heightened expectations;
- Scalable technology and human capital infrastructure using globally deployed best practices to ensure a consistent, high-quality service;
- Tailored and optimized customer care delivery through the use of proprietary workforce hiring, training and performance optimization
 methodology and tools; and
- Commitment to continued product and services innovation that enhances the strategic capabilities of our clients.

Our technology platform is based on a secure, private, 100% internet protocol based infrastructure. This architecture enables us to centralize and standardize our worldwide delivery capabilities resulting in improved scalability and quality of delivery for our clients, as well as lower capital, and lower information technology ("IT") operating costs.

The foundation of this platform is our four IP hosting centers known as TeleTech GigaPOPs®, which are located on three continents. Our GigaPOPs® provide a fully integrated suite of voice and data routing, workforce management, quality monitoring, business analytic and storage capabilities, enabling seamless operations from any location around the globe. This hub and spoke model enables us to provide our services at the lowest cost while increasing scalability, reliability, asset utilization and the diversity of our service offerings. It also provides an effective redundancy to address ordinary course system interruptions and outages due to natural disasters and other force majeure conditions.

To ensure high end-to-end security and reliability of this critical infrastructure, we monitor and manage the TeleTech GigaPOPs® 24 x 7, 365 days per year from several strategically located global command centers as well as providing redundant, fail-over capabilities for each GigaPOP® to address ordinary course system interruptions and outages due to natural disasters and other force majeure conditions.

Importantly, this platform has become the foundation for new, innovative offerings including TeleTech's cloud-based offerings, TeleTech@Home and our suite of human capital solutions.

Innovative Human Capital Strategies

Our globally located, highly trained employees are a crucial component of the success of our business. We have made significant investments in proprietary technologies, management tools, methodologies and training processes in the areas of talent acquisition, learning services, knowledge management, workforce collaboration and performance optimization. These capabilities are the culmination of more than three decades of experience in managing large, global workforces combined with the latest technology, innovation and strategy in the field of human capital management. This capability has enabled us to deliver a consistent, scalable and flexible workforce that is highly engaged in achieving or exceeding our clients' business objectives.

Globally Deployed Best Operating Practices

Globally deployed best operating practices assure that we deliver a consistent, scalable, high-quality experience to our clients' customers from any of our 59 delivery centers and work from home associates around the world. Standardized processes include our approach to attracting, screening, hiring, training, scheduling, evaluating, coaching and maximizing associate performance to meet our clients' needs. We provide realtime reporting on performance across the globe to ensure consistency of delivery. In addition, this information provides valuable insight into what is driving customer inquiries, enabling us to proactively recommend process changes to our clients to optimize their customers' experience.

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Our global operating model includes delivery centers in 14 countries on six continents that operate 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. New delivery centers are established and existing centers are expanded or scaled down to accommodate anticipated business demands or specific client needs. We continue to expand our capacity in the Philippines and Latin America to leverage demand and favorable cost efficiencies, and are exploring opportunities in Central Europe and Africa to augment our multi-lingual service offerings and continue to diversify our footprint.

Of the 14 countries from which we provide customer management solutions, nine provide services for onshore clients including the U.S., Australia, Brazil, Germany, Ireland, Macedonia, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United Kingdom. The total number of workstations in these countries is 11,300, or 36% of our total delivery capacity. The other five countries provide services, partially or entirely, for offshore clients including Bulgaria, Canada, Costa Rica, Mexico and the Philippines. The total number of workstations in these countries is 19,900, or 64% of our total delivery capacity.

See Item 1A. Risk Factors for a description of the risks associated with our foreign operations.

Clients

We develop long-term relationships with Global 1000 companies in customer intensive industries, whose business complexities and customer focus requires a partner that can quickly and globally scale integrated technology and data-enabled services.

In 2014, our top five and ten clients represented 38% and 50% of total revenue, respectively; and one of our clients, Telstra Corporation Limited, represented 11% of our total annual revenue. In several of our operating segments, we enter into long-term relationships which provide us with a more predictable revenue stream. Although most of our contracts can be terminated for convenience by either party, our relationships with our top five clients have ranged from two to 18 years including multiple contract renewals for several of these clients. In 2014, we had a 97% client retention rate for the combined Customer Management Services and Customer Growth Services segments.

Certain of our communications clients provide us with telecommunication services through arm's length negotiated transactions. These clients currently represent approximately 17% of our total annual revenue. Expenditures under these supplier contracts represent less than one percent of our total operating costs.

Competition

We are a diverse, global customer engagement management company. Our competitors vary by geography and business segment, and range from large multinational corporations to smaller, narrowly-focused enterprises. Across our lines of business, the principal competitive factors include: client relationships, technology and process innovation; integrated solutions, operational performance and efficiencies, pricing, brand recognition and financial strength.

Our strategy in maintaining market leadership is to prudently invest, innovate and provide integrated value-driven services, all centered around customer engagement management. Today, we are executing on a more expansive, holistic strategy by transforming our business into higher-value offerings through organic investments and strategic acquisitions. As we execute, we are differentiating ourselves in the marketplace and entering new markets that introduce us to an expanded competitive landscape.

In our core customer care and management competency, we primarily compete with the in-house customer management operations of our current and potential clients, as well as other companies that provide customer care and business process outsourcing ("BPO") services, including: Convergys, Sykes, and Teleperformance, among others. As we expand our offerings into customer engagement consulting, technology, and growth, we are competing with smaller specialized companies and divisions of multinational companies, including Bain & Company, McKinsey & Company, Accenture, IBM, AT&T, Interactive Intelligence, LiveOps, inContact, Five9, WPP, Publicis Groupe, Dentsu, Sitel, and others.

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Employees

Our people are our most valuable asset. As of December 31, 2014, we had 46,000 employees in 24 countries on six continents. Although a small percentage of these employees are hired seasonally to address the fourth quarter higher business volumes in retail and other seasonal industries, most remain employed throughout the year and work at 59 locations and through our @home environment. Approximately 67% of our employees are located outside of the U.S. Approximately 17% of our employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements, most of which are mandated under national labor laws outside of the United States. These agreements are subject to periodic renegotiations and we anticipate that they will be renewed in the ordinary course of business without material impact to our business or in a manner materially different from other companies covered by such industry-wide agreements.

Research, Innovation, Intellectual Property and Proprietary Technology

We recognize the value of innovation in our business and are committed to developing leading-edge technologies and proprietary solutions. Research and innovation has been a major factor in our success and we believe that it will continue to contribute to our growth in the future. We use our investment in research and development to create, commercialize and deploy innovative business strategies and high-value technology solutions.

We deliver value to our clients through, and our success in part depends on, certain proprietary technologies and methodologies. We leverage U.S. and foreign patent, trade secret, copyright and trademark laws as well as confidentiality, proprietary information non-disclosure agreements, and key staff non-competition agreements to protect our proprietary technology.

As of December 31, 2014 we had 94 patent applications pending in eight jurisdictions; and own 103 U.S. and non-U.S. patents that we leverage in our operations and as market place differentiation for our service offerings. Our trade name, logos and names of our proprietary solution offerings are protected by their historic use and by trademarks and service marks registered in 59 countries.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information presented in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, you should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties discussed in this section when evaluating our business. If any of these risks or uncertainties actually occurs, our business, financial condition, results of operations (including revenue and profitability) could be materially adversely affected and the market price of our stock may decline.

Our markets are highly competitive and we might not be able to compete effectively

The markets where we offer our services are highly competitive. Our future performance is largely dependent on our ability to compete successfully in markets we currently serve, while expanding into new, profitable markets. We compete with large multinational service providers (including the service arms of global technology providers); offshore service providers from lower-cost jurisdictions that offer similar services, often at highly competitive prices and more aggressive contract terms; niche solution or service providers that compete with us in a specific geographic markets, industry segments or service areas, including companies that rely on new technologies or delivery models; and in-house functions of large companies that use their own resources, rather than outsourcing customer care services we provide. Some of our competitors have greater financial or marketing resources than we do and, therefore, may be better able to compete.

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Further, the recent trend of consolidation in the technology sector and among business process outsourcing competitors may result in new competitors with greater scale, a broader footprint, better technologies and price efficiencies attractive to our clients. If we are unable to compete successfully and provide our clients with superior service and solutions at competitive prices, we could lose market share and clients to competitors, which would materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

If the TeleTech leadership team is unsuccessful in implementing our business strategy or if our new investments are not successful, the company's financial condition could be adversely affected

Our growth strategy included a diversification of our business beyond contact center customer care outsourcing to an integrated customer experience platform that unites innovative technologies, strategic consulting, data analytics, digital marketing, client growth solutions, and customer care focused system design and integration. The strategy also includes an accelerated investment in the development of proprietary technologies, and the deployment of a multi business line sales function. These investments in technologies, integrated solution development and sales, however, may not lead to increased revenue and profitability as we may not be successful in deploying our new products and services. If the company is not successful in creating value from these investments, the investments and lack of new integrated sales could have a negative impact on the company's operating results and financial condition.

Our profitability could suffer if our cost-management strategies are unsuccessful

Our ability to improve or maintain our profitability is dependent on our ability to successfully manage our costs. Our cost management strategies include optimizing the alignment between the demand for our services and our resource capacity, the costs of service delivery, the cost of sales, and general and administrative costs, as a percentage of revenues. If we are not effective in managing our operating and

administrative costs in response to changes in demand and pricing for our services; if we are unable to absorb or pass on to our clients the increases in our costs of operations, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

Cyber attacks on our systems and disclosure of personal information could result in harm to our reputation, legal liability, and service outages, any of which could adversely affect our business and results of operations

Our business is dependent upon our information technology systems. Information security breaches, computer viruses, interruption or loss of business data and cyber attacks on any of these systems could disrupt the normal operations of our contact centers, our cloud platform offerings, and our enterprise services, impeding our ability to provide critical services to our clients and preventing key personnel from being able to perform their duties or communicate within our organization. Our business involves the use, storage and transmission of information about our clients, customers of our clients, and our employees. While we take measures to protect the security of and unauthorized access to our systems and the privacy of personal and proprietary information that we access and store, our security controls over our systems may not prevent the improper access to or disclosure of this information. Such unauthorized access or disclosure could harm our reputation and subject us to liability under our contracts and laws, resulting loss of revenue, and loss of business opportunities.

In recent years there have been an increasing number of high profile security breaches at other companies and government agencies, and security experts have warned about the growing risks of hackers, cyber criminals and other potential attacks targeting information technology systems. While we have taken measures to protect our systems from intrusion, we cannot be certain that advances in cyber criminal capabilities, discovery of new system vulnerabilities and attempts to exploit such vulnerabilities will not compromise or breach the technology protecting our systems and the information that we manage and control. New cyber attacks may force us to expend significant additional resources in response to a security breach, including repairing system damage, increasing cyber security protection costs, and litigating and resolving related legal claims. A significant security breach could materially harm our business, financial condition and operating results.

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Continuing expansion of our service offerings into technology and consulting solutions subjects our business to different operational risk than our tradition business process outsourcing business

We continue to expand our services and solutions into new business areas such as technology and analytics, focused customer care consulting, and technology development and integration services. Expanding into new areas and providing services to new types of clients with different revenue models may expose us to additional operational and regulatory risks specific to these new areas. While our business process outsourcing contracts are usually long term arrangements, most consulting service contracts are short lived and require aggressive sales and contract renewal process; the services are usually paid based on milestone attainment that may be subject to subjective determination of achievement. Unless we effectively manage special risks involved in providing technology and strategic consulting services, our business may be materially adversely affected impacting our results of operations and financial position.

Our results of operations and ability to grow could be materially adversely affected if we cannot adapt our services offerings to changes in technology

Our success depends on our ability to develop and implement technology, consulting and outsourcing services and solutions that anticipate and respond to rapid and continuing changes in technology. Areas of significant change include mobility, cloud-based computing, and processing and analyzing large and unstructured data. Our growth and profitability will depend on our ability to develop and adopt new technologies that expand our existing solutions and service offerings to leverage new technological trends and developments, and achieve cost efficiencies in our operations. We may not be successful in anticipating or responding to new technology developments and our integration of new technologies may not achieve their intended cost reductions. Services and technologies offered by our competitors may make our service offerings obsolete. Our failure to innovate, maintain technological advantage, or respond effectively and timely to transformational changes in technology could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

If we are unable to attract and retain industry leaders for key positions in our business, our business and our strategy execution can be adversely impacted

Our business success depends on contributions of senior management and key personnel. Our ability to attract, motivate and retain key senior management staff is conditioned on our willingness to pay adequate compensation and incentives. We compete for top senior staff candidates with other, often larger, companies that at times have access to greater resources. Our ability to attract senior managers is also impacted by our requirement that members of senior staff sign non-compete agreements as a condition to joining TeleTech. If we are not able to attract and retain industry leaders, we would be unable to compete effectively and our growth may be limited, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, and prospects.

A large portion of our revenue is generated from a limited number of clients and the loss of one or more of our clients could cause adversely effect on our business

We rely on strategic, long-term relationships with large, global companies in targeted industries. As a result, we derive a substantial portion of our revenue from relatively few clients. Our five and ten largest clients collectively represented 38% and 50% of our revenue in 2014; while the largest client represented 11% of our revenue in 2014.

Although we have multiple engagements with each of our largest clients and all contracts are unlikely to terminate at the same time, the contracts with our five largest clients expire between 2015 and 2017 and there can be no assurance that these contracts will continue to be renewed at all or be renewed on favorable terms. The loss of all or part of a major client's business could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations, if the loss of revenue was not replaced with profitable business from other clients.

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We serve clients in industries that have historically experienced a significant level of consolidation. If one of our clients is acquired by another company (including another one of our clients) our business volume and revenue may materially decrease due to the termination or phase out

of an existing client contract, volume discounts or other contract concessions which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Our delivery model involves geographic concentration exposing us to significant operational risks

Our business model is dependent on our service delivery centers and enterprise support functions being located in low cost jurisdictions around the globe. We have presence in 24 countries, but our customer care management delivery capacity and our back office functions are concentrated in the Philippines and Latin America, and our technology solutions delivery centers are concentrated in a few locations in the United States. Natural disasters (floods, winds and earthquakes), terrorist attacks, pandemics, insufficient infrastructure (large-scale utilities outages, telecommunication and transportation disruptions), labor or political unrest, and restriction on repatriation of funds at some of these locations may interrupt or limit our ability to operate or may increase our costs. Our business continuity and disaster recovery plans, while extensive, may not be effective, particularly if catastrophic events occur.

Our dependence on our delivery centers and enterprise services support functions in the Philippines, which is subject to frequent severe weather, natural disasters, and occasional security threats, represents a particular risk. This geographic concentration can result in material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Although we procure business interruption insurance to cover some of these exposures, adequate insurance may not be available on an ongoing basis for a reasonable price.

Our growth of operations could strain our resources and cause our business to suffer

We plan to continue growing our business organically through aggressive expansion and sales efforts and through strategic acquisitions, while maintaining tight controls on our expenses and overhead. Lean overhead functions combined with focused growth may place a strain on our management systems, infrastructure and resources, resulting in internal control failures, missed opportunities, and staff attrition which could impact our business and results of operations.

Our financial results depend on our capacity utilization and our ability to forecast demand and make timely decisions about staffing levels, investments and operating expenses

Our ability to meet our strategic growth and profitability objectives depends on how effectively we manage our contact center capacity against the fluctuating and seasonal client demands. Predicting customer demand and making timely staffing level decisions, investments and other operating expenditure commitments in each of our delivery center locations is key to our successful project execution and profitability maximization. We can provide no assurance that we will continue to be able to achieve or maintain desired delivery center capacity utilization, because quarterly variations in client volumes, many of which are outside our control, can have a material adverse effect on our utilization rates. If our utilization rates are below expectations, because of our very high fixed costs of operation, our financial conditions and results of operations could be adversely affected.

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If we cannot recruit, hire, train, and retain qualified employees in balance with the demand of our clients, our business will be adversely affected

Our business is labor intensive and our ability to locate and train employees with the right skills at the right price point is critical to achieving our growth objective. Demand for qualified personnel with multiple language capabilities and fluency in English may exceed supply. Employees with new backgrounds and skills may also be required to keep pace with evolving technologies and client demands. While we invest and make progress in employee retention, we continue to experience high employee turnover and are continuously recruiting and training replacement staff. Some of our facilities are located in geographies with low unemployment, which makes it costly to hire personnel and in several jurisdictions, jurisdiction-specific wage regulations are changing quickly which make it difficult to recruit. Our inability to attract and retain qualified personnel at costs acceptable under our contracts, our costs associated with attracting, training, and retaining employees, and the challenge of managing the continuously changing and seasonal client demands could have a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Our commercial success is subject to the terms of our client contracts, many of which can increase the volatility of our revenue and could impact our margins

Many of our contracts have termination for convenience clauses, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operation. Although many of our contracts can be terminated for convenience, our relationships with our top five clients have ranged from two to 18 years with the majority of these clients having completed multiple contract renewals with us. Yet, our contracts, do not guarantee a minimum revenue level or profitability, and clients may terminate them or materially reduce customer interaction volumes, which would reduce our earning potential. This could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and makes it harder to make projections.

Many of our contracts utilize performance pricing that link some of our fees to the attainment of performance criteria, which could increase the variability of our revenue and operating margin. A majority of our contracts include performance clauses that condition our fees on the achievement of agreed-upon performance criteria. These performance criteria can be complex, and at times they are not entirely within our control. If we fail to satisfy our contract performance metrics, our revenue under the contracts and our operating margin are reduced.

We may not always offset increased costs with increased fees under long-term contracts. Not all our larger long-term contracts allow for escalation of fees as our cost of operations increase. While many of our contracts allow periodic fee adjustments based on increases in certain price indices, in the past several years, our payroll costs, including healthcare costs, have increased at rates much greater than increases in these indices. If we cannot negotiate long-term contract terms that provide for fee adjustments to reflect increases in our cost of service delivery, our business, financial conditions and results of operation would be materially impacted.

Our contracts seldom address the impacts of currency fluctuation on our costs of delivery. As we continue to leverage our global delivery model, more of our expenses are incurred in currencies other than those in which we bill for services. An increase in the value of certain currencies, such as Australian dollar against the US dollar and Philippine peso, could increase costs for our delivery at offshore sites by increasing our labor and other costs that are denominated in local currencies. Our contractual provisions, cost management efforts, and currency hedging activities may not be able to offset the currency fluctuation impact, resulting in the decrease of the profitability of our contracts.

Our pricing depends on effectiveness of our forecasting of the level of effort. Pricing for our services in our technology and strategic consulting businesses is highly contingent on our ability to accurately forecast the level of effort and cost necessary to deliver our services, which is data dependent and could turn out to be materially inaccurate. The inaccurate level of effort in project estimates could yield lower profit margins or become unprofitable, resulting in adverse impacts on our results of operations.

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We face special risks associated with our business outside of the United States

An important component of our growth strategy is service delivery outside of the United States and our continuing international expansion. In 2014 we derived approximately 51% of our revenue from operations outside of the United States. Conducting business abroad is subject to a variety of risks, including:

- currency exchange rate fluctuations, restrictions on currency movement, and impact of international tax laws could adversely affect our results of operations, if we are forced to maintain assets in currencies other than the US dollars, while our financial results are reported in US dollars;
- · longer payment cycles and/or difficulties in accounts receivable collections could impact our cash flows and results of operations;
- political and economic instability and unexpected changes in regulatory regimes could adversely affect our ability to deliver services overseas and our ability to repatriate cash;
- inconsistent regulations, licensing and legal requirements may increase our cost of operations as we endeavor to comply with multiple, complex laws that differ from one country to another;
- terrorist attacks and civil unrests in some of the countries where we do business (e.g. tension in the Middle East and Latin America, and terror attacks in Europe), and the resulting need for enhanced security measures may impact our ability to deliver services, threaten the safety of our employees, and increase our costs of operations; and
- special challenges in managing risks inherent in international operations, such as unique and prescriptive labor rules and corrupt business environments may cause an inadvertent violation of laws that we may not be able to immediately detect or correct.

While we are monitoring and endeavoring to timely mitigate the relevant regulatory, geopolitical and other risk factors related to our operations outside of the United States, we cannot assess with certainty what impact such risks are likely to have over time on business and can provide no assurance that we will always be able to mitigate these risks successfully and avoid material impact to our business and results of operations.

Our strategy of growing through selective acquisitions and mergers involves risks of failing to successfully identify, acquire and integrate businesses and realize returns on our investments

We evaluate opportunities to expand the scope of our services through acquisitions and mergers. Yet, we may be unable to identify companies that complement our strategies and which are available to be acquired at valuation levels accretive to our business.

Our acquisition strategy involves other potential risks, including the inability to integrate acquired companies effectively and realize the full amounts of anticipated synergies and benefits from the acquisitions; the diversion of management's attention to the integration of the acquired businesses at the expense of delivering results for the legacy business; the risk that we will not be able to retain key employees of the acquired business or that they will not be effective as part of TeleTech operations; the impact of liabilities of the acquired business undiscovered or underestimated as part of the acquisition due diligence; and the unforeseen difficulties experienced by the acquired operations due to the acquisition or the integration which could result in short or longer term effects on our operating results.

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Intellectual property infringement by us and by others may adversely impact our ability to innovate and compete

Our services or solutions could infringe intellectual property of others impacting our ability to deploy them with clients. There can be no assurance that services and solutions we utilize in our business or offer to clients do not infringe the intellection property rights of others. From time to time, we and members of our supply chain receive assertions that our service offerings or technologies infringe on the patents or other intellectual property rights of third parties. These claims could require us to cease activities, incur expensive licensing costs, or engage in costly litigation, which could adversely affect our business and results of operation.

Our intellectual property may not always receive favorable treatment from the United States Patent and Trademark Office, the European Patent Office or similar foreign intellectual property adjudication and registration agencies; and our "patent pending" intellectual property may not receive a patent or may be subject to prior art limitations. The lack of legal system sophistication in certain countries where we do business or lack of commitment to protection of intellectual property rights, may prevent us from being able to defend our intellectual property and related technology against infringement by others, leading to a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our results of operation and share price could be adversely affected if we are unable to maintain effective internal controls and we are not able to prevent or timely detect all errors or acts of fraud

Any internal and disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. The design of a control system must consider the benefits of controls relative to their costs. Inherent limitations within a control system include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by individuals acting alone or in collusion

with others to override controls. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in the design of a cost effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and may not always be prevented or timely detected.

Our management is required to furnish a report regarding the effectiveness of TeleTech's internal controls over financial reporting, including a statement as to whether or not our internal controls are effective. If we are unable to conclude that our internal controls over financial reporting are effective now or in the future, or if our auditors are unable to express an opinion on the effectiveness of our internal controls, we could lose investor confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports, which could have an adverse effect on our stock price.

Increases in the cost of communication and data services or significant interruptions in such services could adversely affect our business

Our business is significantly dependent on telephone, internet and data service provided by various domestic and foreign communication companies. Any disruption of these services could adversely affect our business. We have taken steps to mitigate our exposure to service disruptions by investing in complex and multi-layered redundancies, and we can transition services among different of our contact centers around the world. Despite these efforts, there can be no assurance, however, that the redundancies we have in place would be sufficient to maintain operations without disruption.

Our inability to obtain communication and data services at favorable rates could negatively affect our business results. Where possible, we have entered into long-term contracts with various providers to mitigate short term rate increases and fluctuations. There is no obligation, however, for the vendors to renew their contracts with us, or to offer the same or lower rates in the future, and such contracts are subject to termination or modification for various reasons outside of our control. A significant increase in the cost of communication services that is not recoverable through an increase in the price of our services could adversely affect our business.

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Our financial results may be adversely impacted by foreign currency exchange risk

Many contracts that we service from delivery centers outside of the United States (for example in Bulgaria, Canada, Costa Rica, Mexico, and the Philippines) are typically priced, invoiced, and paid in U.S. and Australian dollars, and Euro, while the costs incurred to operate these delivery centers are denominated in the functional currency of the applicable operating subsidiary. The fluctuations between the currencies of the contract and operating currencies present foreign currency exchange risks. Furthermore, because our financial statements are denominated in US dollars, but approximately 24% of our revenue is derived from contracts denominated in other currencies, our results of operations could be adversely affected if the US dollar strengthens significantly against foreign currencies.

While we hedge against the effect of exchange rate fluctuations, we can provide no assurance that we will be able to continue to successfully manage this foreign currency exchange risk and avoid adverse impacts on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Compliance with laws, including unexpected changes to such laws could adversely affect our results of operations

Our business is subject to extensive regulation by U.S. and foreign national, state and provincial authorities relating to confidential client and customer data, customer communications, telemarketing practices, and licensed healthcare and financial services activities, among other areas. Costs and complexity of compliance with existing and future regulations could adversely affect our profitability. If we fail to comply with regulations relevant to our business, we could be subject to civil or criminal liability, monitory damages and fines. Private lawsuits and enforcement actions by regulatory agencies may materially increase our costs of operations and impact our ability to serve our clients.

As we provide services to clients' customers residing in over 80 countries, we are subject to numerous, and sometimes conflicting, legal regimes on matters as diverse as import/export controls, communication content requirements, trade restrictions and sanctions, tariffs, taxation, data privacy, labor relations, wages and severance, health care requirements, internal and disclosure control obligations, and immigration. Violations of these regulations could impact our reputation and result in financial liability, criminal prosecution, unfavorable publicity, restrictions on our ability to process information and breach of our contractual commitments.

Adverse changes in laws or regulations that impact our business may negatively affect the sale of our services, slow the growth of our operations, or mandate changes to how we deliver our services, including our ability to use offshore resources. These changes could threaten our ability to continue to serve certain markets.

Volatile and uncertain economic conditions and effect of these conditions on our clients could have an adverse effect on the profitability of our business

Ever changing and increasingly unstable global economic conditions affect our clients' businesses and may, therefore, affect our business and our profitability. We generate revenue based, in large part, on the amount of time our employees devote to our clients' customers, and our clients' willingness to invest in their customer relationships. Consequently, our revenue depends on consumers' interest in and use of our clients' products and services, which may be adversely affected by general economic conditions. Uncertain economic conditions and slow economic recovery may impact our clients' willingness to procure our technology and strategic consulting services and may impact products and services that require their customers to use our customer care services. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows would be adversely affected if any of our major clients were unable to pay for our services due to volatile economic conditions.

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The current trend to outsource customer care may not continue and the prices that clients are willing to pay for the services may diminish, adversely affecting our business

Our growth depends, in large part, on the willingness of our clients and potential clients to outsource customer care and management services to companies like TeleTech. There can be no assurance that the customer care outsourcing trend will continue; and our clients and potential clients may elect to perform in-house customer care and management services that they currently outsource. Reduction in demand for our

services and increased competition from other providers and in-house service alternatives would create pricing pressures and excess capacity that could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Health epidemics could disrupt our business and adversely affect our financial results

Our contact centers typically seat hundreds of employees in one location. Accordingly, an outbreak of a contagious infection in one or more of the markets in which we do business may result in significant worker absenteeism, lower capacity utilization rates, voluntary or mandatory closure of our delivery centers, travel restrictions on our employees, and other disruptions to our business. Any prolonged or widespread health epidemic could severely disrupt our business operations and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our credit facility contains covenant restrictions that may limit our ability to operate our business or execute on our strategy

Our credit facility contains common operating and financial covenants that impose operating and financial restrictions on how we operate our business and require us to meet certain financial metrics quarterly. Complying with these covenant restrictions may limit our ability to engage in certain activities, including incurring additional indebtedness, making certain investments and capital expenditures, acquisitions, selling certain assets, stock repurchases, payment of existing obligations, or replenishment of cash reserves.

As a result of these covenant restrictions, our ability to respond to changes in business and economic conditions and to obtain additional financing, if needed, may be restricted, and we may be prevented from engaging in transactions that might otherwise be beneficial to us. Our ability to comply with these covenants is dependent on our future performance, which will be subject to many factors, some of which are beyond our control, including prevailing economic conditions. We can provide no assurance that we will be able to meet the financial covenants under our credit facility, or that in the event of noncompliance, will be able to obtain waivers or amendments from the lenders. If we fail to comply with the covenants the lenders could elect to declare all amounts outstanding under the credit facilities, together with accrued interest, to be immediately due and payable, and there can be no assurance that we would have adequate resources to comply with the accelerated repayment schedule or that the assets securing such indebtedness would be sufficient to repay it in full that indebtedness, which could have a material and adverse effect on our financial condition.

The volatility of our stock price may result in loss of investment

Our share price has been and may continue to be subject to substantial fluctuation. We believe that market prices of outsourced customer care management services stock in general have experienced volatility and such volatility will affect our stock price. As we continue to diversify our service offerings to include growth, technology and strategic consulting, our stock price volatility may stabilize or it may be further impacted by stock price fluctuations in these new relevant industries. In addition to fluctuations specific to our industry and service offerings, we believe that various other factors such as general economic conditions, changes or volatility in the financial markets, and changing market condition for our clients could impact the valuation of our stock. The quarterly variations in our financial results, acquisition and divestiture announcements by us or our competitors, strategic partnerships and new service offering, our failure to meet our growth objectives or exceeding our targets, and securities analysts' perception about our performance could cause the market price of our shares to fluctuate substantially in the future.

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Our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer controls majority of our stock and has control over all matters requiring action by our stockholders

Kenneth D. Tuchman, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, directly and beneficially owns approximately 65.0% of TeleTech's common stock. As a result, Mr. Tuchman could exercise control over all matters requiring action by our stockholders, including the election of our entire Board of Directors. Therefore, a change in control of our company could not be effected without his approval, even when such a change of control could benefit our other stockholders.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

We have not received written comments regarding our periodic or current reports from the staff of the SEC that were issued 180 days or more preceding the end of our 2014 fiscal year that remain unresolved.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

Our corporate headquarters are located in Englewood, Colorado, which consists of approximately 264,000 square feet of owned office space. In addition to our headquarters and the delivery centers used by our Customer Management Services and Customer Growth Services segments discussed below, we also maintain sales and consulting offices in several countries around the world which serve our Customer Technology Services and Customer Strategy Services segments.

As of December 31, 2014 we operated 59 delivery centers that are classified as follows:

- · Multi-Client Center We lease space for these centers and serve multiple clients in each facility;
- · Dedicated Center We lease space for these centers and dedicate the entire facility to one client; and
- Managed Center These facilities are leased or owned by our clients and we staff and manage these sites on behalf of our clients in accordance with facility management contracts.

Total

As of December 31, 2014, our delivery centers were located in the following countries:

	Multi-Client Centers	Dedicated Centers	Managed Centers	Number of Delivery Centers
Australia	1	1		2
Brazil	2			2

Bulgaria	2	—	—	2
Canada	1	_	1	2
Costa Rica	_	1	_	1
Germany	_	_	1	1
Ireland	1	_	_	1
Macedonia	1	_	_	1
Mexico	3	_	_	3
New Zealand	1	_	_	1
Philippines	14	3	_	17
South Africa	—	_	1	1
United Kingdom	_	1	2	3
United States of America	13	5	4	22
Total	39	11	9	59
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The leases for our delivery centers have remaining terms ranging from one to seven years and generally contain renewal options, with the exception of one center which we have subleased for the remainder of the lease term through 2021. We believe that our existing delivery centers are suitable and adequate for our current operations, and we have plans to build additional centers to accommodate future business.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, the Company has been involved in legal actions, both as plaintiff and defendant, which arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company accrues for exposures associated with such legal actions to the extent that losses are deemed both probable and estimable. To the extent specific reserves have not been made for certain legal proceedings, their ultimate outcome, and consequently, an estimate of possible loss, if any, cannot reasonably be determined at this time.

Based on currently available information and advice received from counsel, the Company believes that the disposition or ultimate resolution of any current legal proceedings, except as otherwise specifically reserved for in its financial statements, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "TTEC." The following table sets forth the range of the high and low sales prices per share of the common stock for the quarters indicated as reported on the NASDAQ Global Select Market:

	H	ligh	 Low
Fourth Quarter 2014	\$	25.87	\$ 21.81
Third Quarter 2014	\$	29.54	\$ 24.58
Second Quarter 2014	\$	29.24	\$ 23.58
First Quarter 2014	\$	24.98	\$ 21.29
Fourth Quarter 2013	\$	27.07	\$ 23.31
Third Quarter 2013	\$	25.79	\$ 23.03
Second Quarter 2013	\$	24.84	\$ 20.37
First Quarter 2013	\$	21.36	\$ 17.53

As of December 31, 2014, we had approximately 291 holders of record of our common stock and in previous years we have not declared or paid any dividends on our common stock.

On February 24, 2015, our Board of Directors adopted a dividend policy, with the intent to distribute a periodic cash dividend to stockholders of our common stock, after consideration of, among other things, TeleTech's performance, cash flows, capital needs and liquidity factors. Given our cash flow generation and balance sheet strength, we believe cash dividends and early returns to shareholders through share repurchases, in balance with our investments in innovation and strategic acquisitions, align shareholder interests with the needs of the Company. The initial dividend of \$0.18 per common share will be paid on March 16, 2015 to shareholders of record as of March 6, 2015.

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Stock Repurchase Program

We continue to return capital to our shareholders via an ongoing stock repurchase program (originally authorized by the Board of Directors in 2001). As of December 31, 2014, the cumulative authorized repurchase allowance was \$637.3 million, of which we have purchased 42.1 million shares for \$625.5 million.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities During the Fourth Quarter of 2014

The following table provides information about our repurchases of equity securities during the quarter ended December 31, 2014:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased		werage Price aid per Share	Iotal Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs		Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (In thousands)
September 30, 2014					\$	21,614
October 1, 2014 - October 31, 2014	80,200	\$	24.65	80,200	\$	19,637
November 1, 2014 - November 30, 2014	23,000	\$	24.52	23,000	\$	19,073
December 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014	311,045	\$	23.31	311,045	\$	11,822
Total	414,245			414,245		

In 2015, through February 28, 2015, we purchased 212,100 additional shares at a cost of \$4.7 million. The stock repurchase program does not have an expiration date and the Board authorizes additional stock repurchases under the program from time to time. Effective February 24, 2015, the Board of Directors authorized an additional \$25 million for stock repurchases.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table sets forth, as of December 31, 2014, the number of shares of our common stock to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, RSUs, warrants and rights, the weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights, and the number of securities available for future issuance under equity-based compensation plans.

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, RSUs, Warrants and Rights (a)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (b)	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	2,975,077 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 13.67 ⁽²⁾	1,237,579
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders		\$ —	
Total	2,975,077		1,237,579

(1) Includes options to purchase 1,151,999 shares and 1,823,078 RSUs issued under our equity incentive plans. (2)

Weighted average exercise price of outstanding stock options; excludes RSUs, which have no exercise price.

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Stock Performance Graph

The graph depicted below compares the performance of TeleTech common stock with the performance of the NASDAQ Composite Index; the Russell 2000 Index; and customized peer group over the period beginning on December 31, 2009 and ending on December 31, 2014. We have chosen a "New Peer Group" composed of Convergys Corporation (NYSE: CVG), Sykes Enterprises, Incorporated (NASDAQ: SYKE) and Teleperformance (NYSE Euronext: RCF). We believe that the companies in the New Peer Group are relevant to our current business model, market capitalization and position in the overall BPO industry.

The graph assumes that \$100 was invested on December 31, 2009 in our common stock and in each comparison index, and that all dividends were reinvested. We have not declared any dividends on our common stock. Stock price performance shown on the graph below is not necessarily indicative of future price performance.

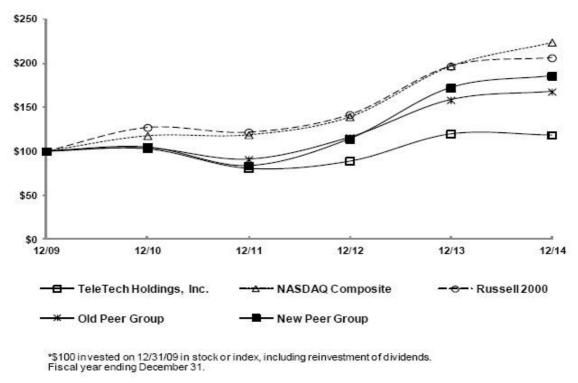
COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN

Among TeleTech Holdings, Inc., The NASDAQ Composite Index,

The Russell 2000 Index, And A Peer Group

	 December 31,									
	 2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	2014
TeleTech Holdings, Inc.	\$ 100	\$	103	\$	81	\$	89	\$	120	\$ 118
NASDAQ Composite	\$ 100	\$	118	\$	119	\$	139	\$	197	\$ 224
Russell 2000	\$ 100	\$	127	\$	122	\$	141	\$	196	\$ 206
Old Peer Group	\$ 100	\$	103	\$	91	\$	116	\$	158	\$ 168
New Peer Group	\$ 100	\$	104	\$	83	\$	114	\$	172	\$ 185

COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN* Among TeleTech Holdings, Inc., the NASDAQ Composite Index, the Russell 2000 Index, Old Peer Group and New Peer Group



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ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following selected financial data should be read in conjunction with Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-K (amounts in thousands except per share amounts).

2011 5 1,179,388 ⁽¹⁵⁾ (848,362) (188,802) (44,889) (3,881) ⁽¹⁶⁾	\$	2010 1,094,906 (789,697) (165,812) (50,218)
(848,362) (188,802) (44,889) (3,881) ⁽¹⁵⁾	\$	(789,697) (165,812)
(848,362) (188,802) (44,889) (3,881) ⁽¹⁵⁾	\$	(789,697) (165,812)
(848,362) (188,802) (44,889) (3,881) ⁽¹⁵⁾	Ţ	(789,697) (165,812)
(188,802) (44,889) (3,881) ⁽¹⁶⁾		(165,812)
(44,889) (3,881) ⁽¹⁶⁾		
(3,881)(16)		(50 210)
		(30, 210)
		(15,434)(19)
93,454		73,745
(1,900)		8,224(20)
. ,		
(13,279)(17)		(28,431)(21)
(4,101)		(3,664)
<u> </u>		
5 74,174	\$	49,874
56,669		60,361
57,963		61,792
5 1.31	\$	0.83
1.28	\$	0.81
5 746,978 ⁽¹⁸⁾	\$	660,623
5 106,720 ⁽¹⁸⁾	\$	33,554
	(1,900) (13,279) ⁽¹⁷⁾ (4,101) 5 74,174 5 56,669 57,963 5 1.31 5 1.28 5 746,978 ⁽¹⁸⁾	(1,900) (13,279) ⁽¹⁷⁾ (4,101) 5 74,174 \$ 56,669 57,963 5 1.31 \$ 1.28 \$ 5 746,978 ⁽¹⁸⁾ \$

Includes \$30.0 million in revenue generated by Sofica and rogenSi which were acquired in 2014.

- ⁽²⁾ Includes \$3.3 million expense related to reductions in force and \$0.4 million expense related to the impairment of property and equipment.
- ⁽³⁾ Includes a net \$6.7 million benefit related to fair value adjustments to the contingent consideration based on revised estimates of performance against targets for four of our acquisitions.
- ⁽⁴⁾ Includes a \$1.3 million benefit related to restructuring charges, a \$0.4 million benefit related to a valuation allowance for equity compensation, a \$1.2 million benefit related to the closing of statute of limitations in Canada, \$3.8 million of expense related to future contingent payments, \$1.3 million of expense related to the resolution of an audit in the Netherlands, and \$0.2 million of expense related to other discrete items.
- ⁽⁵⁾ The Company spent \$23.8 million net of cash acquired of \$3.5 million in 2014 for the acquisitions of Sofica and rogenSi. Upon acquisitions of Sofica and rogenSi, the Company acquired \$59.5 million in assets and assumed \$11.1 million in liabilities (\$5.4 million in long-term liabilities). The Company also assumed a purchase price payable of \$22.4 million related to this acquisition. Of the \$22.4 million purchase price payable, \$13.2 million was included in long-term liabilities.
- ⁽⁶⁾ Includes \$51.4 million in revenue generated by WebMetro which was acquired in 2013 and TSG which was acquired on December 31, 2012.

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- ⁽⁷⁾ Includes \$4.1 million expense related to reductions in force, \$0.3 million related to facilities exit charges, \$0.1 million expense related to the impairment of property and equipment and \$1.1 million expense related to the impact of intangible assets.
- ⁽⁸⁾ Includes a \$3.7 million charge related to the deconsolidation of a subsidiary and a \$1.9 million charge related to a fair value adjustment to the contingent consideration based on revised estimates of performance against targets for three of our acquisitions.
- ⁽⁹⁾ Includes a \$1.8 million benefit related to restructuring charges, a \$1.5 million benefit related to return to provision adjustments, and \$1.8 million of expense related to valuation allowance increases.
- ⁽¹⁰⁾ The Company spent \$8.9 million net of cash acquired of \$6.4 million in 2013 for the acquisition of WebMetro. Upon acquisition of WebMetro, the Company acquired \$27.5 million in assets and assumed \$9.7 million in liabilities (\$0.8 million in long-term liabilities). The Company also assumed a purchase price payable of \$2.5 million related to this acquisition. Of the \$2.5 million purchase price payable, \$1.8 million was included in long-term liabilities.
- ⁽¹¹⁾ Includes \$8.9 million in revenue generated by OnState, iKnowtion and Guidon which were acquired in 2012.
- ⁽¹²⁾ Includes \$22.5 million expense related to reductions in force, \$0.4 million expense related to facilities exit charges, and \$2.9 million expense related to the impairment of property and equipment.
- ⁽¹³⁾ Includes a \$7.6 million benefit related to Australia and New Zealand Transfer Pricing Arrangements, a \$1.4 million benefit from the release of uncertain tax positions, a \$9.2 million benefit related to restructuring charges, a \$1.9 benefit related to return to provision adjustments and \$0.1 of expense related to other discrete items.
- (14) The Company spent \$35.8 million, net of cash acquired of \$3.7 million, in 2012 for the acquisitions of OnState, iKnowtion, Guidon, and TSG through an increase in borrowings on its line of credit. Upon acquisition of these companies, the Company acquired \$65.6 million in assets and assumed \$12.4 million in liabilities (\$3.1 million in long-term liabilities). The Company also assumed a purchase price payable of \$12.7 million related to these acquisitions. Of the \$12.7 million purchase price payable, \$10.8 million was included in long-term liabilities.
- ⁽¹⁵⁾ Includes \$80.0 million in revenue generated by PRG and eLoyalty which were acquired in late 2010 and mid-2011, respectively.
- ⁽¹⁶⁾ Includes \$3.6 million expense related to reductions in force, \$0.1 million expense related to facilities exit charges, and \$0.2 million expense related to the impairment of property and equipment.
- ⁽¹⁷⁾ Includes an \$8.6 million expense related to the adverse decision by the Canada Revenue Agency regarding the Company's request for relief from double taxation, an \$11.7 million benefit related to the Company's mediated settlement with the IRS related to U.S. tax refund claims, a \$1.4 million benefit related to the 2010 foreign earnings repatriation, and \$0.2 million benefit for other discrete items.
- ⁽¹⁸⁾ The Company spent \$38.0 million for the acquisition of eLoyalty through an increase in borrowings on its line of credit. Upon acquisition of eLoyalty, the Company acquired \$64.1 million in assets and assumed \$26.1 million in liabilities (\$22.7 million in long-term liabilities).
- ⁽¹⁹⁾ Includes \$13.1 million expense related to reductions in force, \$0.4 million expense related to facility exit charges, and a \$2.0 million expense related to the impairment of property and equipment.
- ⁽²⁰⁾ Includes a \$5.9 million gain due to the settlement of a Newgen legal claim.
- ⁽²¹⁾ Includes a \$5.6 million expense related to repatriation of \$105 million of foreign earnings previously considered permanently invested outside the U.S., an increase of \$2.5 million in the U.S. deferred tax liability related to foreign tax assets that can no longer offset taxable income in more than one jurisdiction, an increase of \$6.6 million in the deferred tax valuation allowance, and a \$2.3 million tax expense related to the legal settlement included in Other income (expense) (as discussed above), offset by a \$4.0 million benefit related to foreign tax planning strategies associated with the Company's international operations.

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Executive Summary

TeleTech Holdings, Inc. ("TeleTech", "the Company", "we", "our" or "us") is a customer engagement management service provider that delivers integrated consulting, technology, growth and customer care solutions on a global scale. Our suite of product and service capabilities allows us to design and deliver enhanced, value-driven customer experiences across numerous communication channels. Our solutions are supported by 46,000 employees delivering services in 24 countries from 59 delivery centers on six continents. Our revenue for fiscal 2014 was \$1,242 million.

Since our establishment in 1982, we have helped clients strengthen their customer relationships, brand recognition and loyalty through customer engagement solutions. We deliver thought leadership, technology and innovation that create customer strategies designed to differentiate our clients from their competition; data analytics that personalize interactions and increase customer value; and integration services that connect clients' customer relationship management ("CRM") system to a cloud-based collaboration platform, leading to customer interactions that are seamless and relevant.

Our services are value-oriented, outcome-based, and delivered on a global scale across all of our business segments: Customer Management Services ("CMS"), Customer Growth Services ("CGS"), Customer Technology Services ("CTS") and Customer Strategy Services ("CSS"). Our integrated customer experience platform differentiates the Company by combining strategic consulting, data analytics, process optimization, system design and integration, operational excellence, and technology solutions and services.

We have developed tailored expertise in the automotive, communications, financial services, government, healthcare, logistics, media and entertainment, retail, technology, travel and transportation industries. We target customer-focused industry leaders in the Global 1000 and serve more than 250 global clients.

To improve our competitive position in a rapidly changing market and stay strategically relevant to our clients, we continue to invest in innovation and growth businesses, diversifying our traditional business process outsourcing services of our CMS segment into higher-value consulting, data analytics, digital marketing and technology-enabled services. Of the \$1,242 million in revenue we reported in 2014, approximately 26% or \$318 million came from the CGS, CTS and CSS segments (our "Emerging Segments"), focused on customer-centric strategy, growth or technology-based services, with the remainder of our revenue coming from the traditional business process outsourcing focused CMS segment.

We operate our business utilizing four operating and reportable segments, which provide an integrated set of services offering through design, technology enablement, management and growth:

Customer Strategy Services

We typically begin by engaging our clients at a strategic level. Through our strategy, change management and analytics-driven consulting expertise we help our clients design, build and execute their customer engagement strategies. We help our clients to better understand and predict their customers' behaviors and preferences along with their current and future economic value. Using proprietary analytic models, we provide the insight clients need to build the business case for customer centricity, to better optimize their marketing spend and then work alongside them to help implement our recommendations. A key component of this segment involves instilling a high performance culture through management and leadership alignment and process optimization.

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Customer Technology Services

Once the design of the customer engagement is completed, our ability to architect, deploy and host or manage the client's customer management environments becomes a key enabler to achieving and sustaining the client's customer engagement vision. Given the proliferation of mobile communication technologies and devices, we enable our clients' operations to interact with their customers across the growing array of channels including email, social networks, mobile, web, SMS text, voice and chat. We design, implement and manage cloud, on-premise or hybrid customer management environments to deliver a consistent and superior experience across all touch points on a global scale that we believe result in higher quality, lower costs and reduced risk for our clients. Through our proprietary Humanify[™] technology, we also provide data-driven context aware SaaS-based solutions that link customers seamlessly and directly to appropriate resources, any time and across any channel.

Customer Management Services

We design and manage clients' front-to-back office processes to deliver just-in-time, personalized, multi-channel interactions. Our front-office solutions seamlessly integrate voice, chat, email, e-commerce and social media to optimize the customer experience for our clients. In addition, we manage certain client back-office processes to enhance their customer-centric view of relationships and maximize operating efficiencies. Our delivery of integrated business processes via our onshore, offshore or work-from-home associates reduces operating costs and allows customer needs to be met more quickly and efficiently, resulting in higher satisfaction, brand loyalty and a stronger competitive position for our clients.

Customer Growth Services

We offer integrated sales and marketing solutions to help our clients boost revenue in new, fragmented or underpenetrated business-toconsumer or business-to-business markets. We deliver approximately \$1 billion in client revenue annually via the acquisition, growth and retention of customers through a combination of our highly trained, client-dedicated sales professionals and our proprietary Revana Analytic Multichannel Platform[™]. This platform continuously aggregates individual customer information across all channels into one holistic view so as to ensure more relevant and personalized communications. As a result of our acquisition of the digital agency Web Metro, we have developed an integrated marketing-to-sales platform that links online searches to live sales through a closed loop, multichannel interface. This platform uses proprietary tools and methodology to capture and use more than 400 marketing and sales data points to engage with customers in relevant conversations.

Based on our clients' requirements, we provide our services on an integrated cross-business segment and on a discrete basis.

See Note 3 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion regarding our segment information.

Our 2014 Financial Results

In 2014, our revenue increased 4.1% to \$1,242 million over the same period in 2013, despite a decrease of 2.4% or \$28.0 million due to foreign currency fluctuations, primarily the Australian dollar and the Brazilian Real. Revenue adjusted for the \$28.0 million decrease related to foreign exchange and \$1.2 million of lost revenue due to a typhoon in 2013, increased 6.3% over the prior year. The increase in revenue is comprised of growth in the CMS, CGS and CSS segments which collectively grew 6.0%, offset by a decline in the CTS segment. The decline in the CTS segment is primarily related to a decline in revenue from our Avaya based offerings.

Our 2014 income from operations decreased \$4.9 million to \$96.5 million or 7.8% of revenue, from \$101.4 or 8.5% of revenue for 2013. The decrease is primarily due to a \$15.4 million reduction in CTS income from operations with \$5.6 million related to the decrease in revenue from Avaya based offerings, \$3.3 million in additional selling, general and administrative expenses related to investments in sales, marketing and research and development associated with the build out of the CISCO Cloud Solution, \$1.4 million of one-time technology and managed services expenses, and \$1.0 million associated with severance and other costs related to the integration of TSG into the Customer Technology Services segment. Income from operations in 2014 and 2013 included \$3.7 million and \$5.6 million of restructuring charges and asset impairments, respectively.

Our offshore delivery centers serve clients based in North America and in other countries spans five countries with 19,900 workstations and representing 64% of our global delivery capabilities. Revenue from services provided in these offshore locations was \$457 million and represented 43% of our revenue for 2014, as compared to \$490 million and 49% of our revenue for 2013, with both years excluding revenue from acquisitions completed outside the CMS and CGS segments.

Our cash flow from operations and available credit allowed us to finance a significant portion of our capital needs and stock repurchases through internally generated cash flows. At December 31, 2014, we had \$77.3 million of cash and cash equivalents, total debt of \$105.9 million, and a total debt to total capitalization ratio of 18.6%.

We internally target capacity utilization in our delivery centers at 80% to 90% of our available workstations. As of December 31, 2014, the overall capacity utilization in our multi-client centers was 85%. The table below presents workstation data for our multi-client centers as of December 31, 2014 and 2013. Dedicated and Managed Centers (5,261 and 4,550 workstations, at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively) are excluded from the workstation data as unused workstations in these facilities are not available for sale. Our utilization percentage is defined as the total number of utilized multi-client production workstations compared to the total number of available multi-client production workstations. We may change the designation of shared or dedicated centers based on the normal changes in our business environment and client needs.

	D	ecember 31, 2014		December 31, 2013				
	Total Production Workstations	In Use	% In Use	Total Production Workstations	In Use	% In Use		
Multi-client centers								
Sites open >1 year	24,948	21,093	85%	22,358	18,731	84%		
Sites open <1 year	982	982	100%	2,028	1,417	70%		
Total multi-client centers	25,930	22,075	85%	24,386	20,148	83%		
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We continue to see demand from all geographic regions to utilize our offshore delivery capabilities and expect this trend to continue with our clients. In light of this trend, we plan to continue to selectively retain capacity and expand into new offshore markets. As we grow our offshore delivery capabilities and our exposure to foreign currency fluctuations increases, we continue to actively manage this risk via a multi-currency hedging program designed to minimize operating margin volatility.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's Discussion and Analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP"). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We regularly review our estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions, which are based upon historical experience and on various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Reported amounts and disclosures may have been different had management used different estimates and assumptions or if different conditions had occurred in the periods presented. Below is a discussion of the policies that we believe may involve a high degree of judgment and complexity.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue when evidence of an arrangement exists, the delivery of service has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured. The BPO inbound and outbound service fees are based on either a per minute, per hour, per transaction or per call basis. Certain client programs provide for adjustments to monthly billings based upon whether we achieve, exceed or fail certain performance criteria. Adjustments to monthly billings consist of contractual bonuses/penalties, holdbacks and other performance based contingencies. Revenue recognition is limited to the amount that is not contingent upon delivery of future services or meeting other specified performance conditions.

Revenue also consists of services for agent training, program launch, professional consulting, fully-hosted or managed technology and learning innovation. These service offerings may contain multiple element arrangements whereby we determine if those service offerings represent separate units of accounting. A deliverable constitutes a separate unit of accounting when it has standalone value and delivery or performance of the undelivered items is considered probable and substantially within our control. If those deliverables are determined to be separate units of accounting, revenue is recognized as services are provided. If those deliverables are not determined to be separate units of accounting, revenue for the delivered services are bundled into one unit of accounting and recognized over the life of the arrangement or at the time all services and deliverables have been delivered and satisfied. We allocate revenue to each of the deliverables based on a selling price hierarchy of vendor specific objective evidence ("VSOE"), third-party evidence, and then estimated selling price. VSOE is based on the price charged when the deliverable is sold separately. Third-party evidence is based on largely interchangeable competitor services in standalone sales to similarly situated customers. Estimated selling price is based on our best estimate of what the selling prices of deliverables would be if they were sold regularly on a standalone basis. Estimated selling price is established considering multiple factors including, but not limited to, pricing practices in different geographies, service offerings, and customer classifications. Once we allocate revenue to each deliverable, we recognize revenue when all revenue recognition criteria are met.

Periodically, we will make certain expenditures related to acquiring contracts or provide up-front discounts for future services. These expenditures are capitalized as contract acquisition costs and amortized in proportion to the expected future revenue from the contract, which in most cases results in straight-line amortization over the life of the contract. Amortization of these costs is recorded as a reduction to revenue.

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During 2014, new guidance was issued related to how an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new guidance is effective for years beginning after December 15, 2016 and can be adopted retrospectively or as a cumulative effect adjustment. We are currently determining our implementation approach and assessing the impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Income Taxes

Accounting for income taxes requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future income tax consequences of transactions that have been included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. When circumstances warrant, we assess the likelihood that our net deferred tax assets will more likely than not be recovered from future projected taxable income.

We continually review the likelihood that deferred tax assets will be realized in future tax periods under the "more-likely-than-not" criteria. In making this judgment, we consider all available evidence, both positive and negative, in determining whether, based on the weight of that evidence, a valuation allowance is required.

We follow a two-step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to determine if the weight of available evidence indicates that it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on audit. The second step is to estimate and measure the tax benefit as the amount that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the tax authority. We evaluate these uncertain tax positions on a quarterly basis. This evaluation is based on the consideration of several factors including changes in facts or circumstances, changes in applicable tax law, and settlement of issues under audit.

Interest and penalties relating to income taxes and uncertain tax positions are accrued net of tax in Provision for income taxes in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In the future, our effective tax rate could be adversely affected by several factors, many of which are outside our control. Our effective tax rate is affected by the proportion of revenue and income before taxes in the various domestic and international jurisdictions in which we operate. Further, we are subject to changing tax laws, regulations and interpretations in multiple jurisdictions in which we operate, as well as the requirements, pronouncements and rulings of certain tax, regulatory and accounting organizations. We estimate our annual effective tax rate each quarter based on a combination of actual and forecasted results of subsequent quarters. Consequently, significant changes in our actual quarterly or forecasted results may impact the effective tax rate for the current or future periods.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

We evaluate the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and definite-lived intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An asset is considered to be impaired when the forecasted undiscounted cash flows of an asset group are estimated to be less than its carrying value. The amount of impairment recognized is the difference between the carrying value of the asset group and its fair value. Fair value estimates are based on assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows and assumed discount rates.

Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

We evaluate goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets for possible impairment at least annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable.

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We use a three step process to assess the realizability of goodwill. The first step, Step 0, is a qualitative assessment that analyzes current economic indicators associated with a particular reporting unit. For example, we analyze changes in economic, market and industry conditions, business strategy, cost factors, and financial performance, among others, to determine if there would be a significant decline to the fair value of a particular reporting unit. A qualitative assessment also includes analyzing the excess fair value of a reporting unit over its carrying value from impairment assessments performed in previous years. If the qualitative assessment indicates a stable or improved fair value, no further testing is required.

If a qualitative assessment indicates that a significant decline to fair value of a reporting unit is more likely than not, or if a reporting unit's fair value has historically been closer to its carrying value, we will proceed to Step 1 testing where we calculate the fair value of a reporting unit based on discounted future probability-weighted cash flows. If Step 1 indicates that the carrying value of a reporting unit is in excess of its fair value, we will proceed to Step 2 where the fair value of the reporting unit will be allocated to assets and liabilities as it would in a business combination. Impairment occurs when the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its estimated fair value calculated in Step 2.

We estimate fair value using discounted cash flows of the reporting units. The most significant assumptions used in these analyses are those made in estimating future cash flows. In estimating future cash flows, we use financial assumptions in our internal forecasting model such as projected capacity utilization, projected changes in the prices we charge for our services, projected labor costs, as well as contract negotiation status. The financial and credit market volatility directly impacts our fair value measurement through our weighted average cost of capital that we use to determine our discount rate. We use a discount rate we consider appropriate for the country where the business unit is providing services.

Similar to goodwill, the Company may first use a qualitative analysis to assess the realizability of its indefinite-lived intangible assets. The qualitative analysis will include a review of changes in economic, market and industry conditions, business strategy, cost factors, and financial performance, among others, to determine if there would be a significant decline to the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset. If a quantitative analysis is completed, an indefinite-lived intangible asset (such as a trade name) is evaluated for possible impairment by comparing the fair value of the asset with its carrying value. Fair value was estimated as the discounted value of future revenues arising from a trade name using a royalty rate that a market participant would pay for use of that trade name. An impairment charge is recorded if the trade name's carrying value exceeds its estimated fair value.

Restructuring Liability

We routinely assess the profitability and utilization of our delivery centers and existing markets. In some cases, we have chosen to close underperforming delivery centers and complete reductions in workforce to enhance future profitability. Severance payments that occur from reductions in workforce are in accordance with postemployment plans and/or statutory requirements that are communicated to all employees upon hire date; therefore, we recognize severance liabilities when they are determined to be probable and reasonably estimable. Other liabilities for costs associated with an exit or disposal activity are recognized when the liability is incurred, rather than upon commitment to a plan.

Derivatives

We enter into foreign exchange forward and option contracts to reduce our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations that are associated with forecasted revenue earned in foreign locations. We enter into interest rate swaps to reduce our exposure to interest rate fluctuations associated with our variable rate debt. Upon proper qualification, these contracts are accounted for as cash flow hedges under current accounting standards. From time-to-time, we also enter into foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge our net investment in a foreign operation.

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All derivative financial instruments are reported in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value. Changes in fair value of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges are recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), a component of Stockholders' Equity, to the extent they are deemed effective. Based on the criteria established by current accounting standards, all of our cash flow hedge contracts are deemed to be highly effective. Changes in fair value of any net investment hedge are recorded in cumulative translation adjustment in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets offsetting the change in cumulative translation adjustment attributable to the hedged portion of our net investment in the foreign operation. Any realized gains or losses resulting from the foreign currency cash flow hedges are recognized together with the hedged transactions within Revenue. Any realized gains or losses resulting from the interest rate swaps are recognized in interest income (loss) until partial or complete liquidation of the applicable net investment.

We also enter into fair value derivative contracts to reduce our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations associated with changes in asset and liability balances. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges affect the carrying value of the asset or liability hedged, with changes in both the derivative instrument and the hedged asset or liability being recognized in Other income (expense), net in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

While we expect that our derivative instruments will continue to be highly effective and in compliance with applicable accounting standards, if our hedges did not qualify as highly effective or if we determine that forecasted transactions will not occur, the changes in the fair value of the derivatives used as hedges would be reflected currently in earnings.

Contingencies

We record a liability for pending litigation and claims where losses are both probable and reasonably estimable. Each quarter, management reviews all litigation and claims on a case-by-case basis and assigns probability of loss and range of loss.

Explanation of Key Metrics and Other Items

Cost of Services

Cost of services principally include costs incurred in connection with our customer management services, including direct labor, telecommunications, technology costs, printing, sales and use tax and certain fixed costs associated with the delivery centers. In addition, cost of services includes income related to grants we may receive from local or state governments as an incentive to locate delivery centers in their jurisdictions which reduce the cost of services for those facilities.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses primarily include costs associated with administrative services such as sales, marketing, product development, legal settlements, legal, information systems (including core technology and telephony infrastructure) and accounting and finance. It also includes outside professional fees (i.e., legal and accounting services), building expense for non-delivery center facilities and other items associated with general business administration.

Restructuring Charges, Net

Restructuring charges, net primarily include costs incurred in conjunction with reductions in force or decisions to exit facilities, including termination benefits and lease liabilities, net of expected sublease rentals.

Interest Expense

Interest expense includes interest expense, amortization of debt issuance costs associated with our Credit Facility, and the accretion of deferred payments associated with our acquisitions.

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Other Income

The main components of other income are miscellaneous income not directly related to our operating activities, such as foreign exchange gains.

Other Expenses

The main components of other expenses are expenditures not directly related to our operating activities, such as foreign exchange losses.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Year Ended December 31, 2014 Compared to December 31, 2013

The tables included in the following sections are presented to facilitate an understanding of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and present certain information by segment for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 (amounts in thousands). All inter—company transactions between the reported segments for the periods presented have been eliminated.

Customer Management Services

	Year Ended	Decem	ber 31,				
	2014	2013		\$ Change		% Change	
Revenue	\$ 923,497	\$	890,883	\$	32,614	3.7%	
Operating Income	76,792		75,689		1,103	1.5%	
Operating Margin	8.3%)	8.5%				

The change in revenue for the Customer Management Services segment was attributable to a \$79.5 million net increase in client programs and acquisitions offset by program completions of \$20.8 million. Revenue was further impacted by a \$26.1 million reduction due to foreign currency fluctuations, primarily the Australian dollar and the Brazilian Real.

The operating income as a percentage of revenue decreased slightly to 8.3% in 2014 as compared to 8.5% in 2013. Adjusted for the negative \$5.5 million of foreign currency impact, the operating margin increased on operational efficiencies, increased revenue and the related increase in capacity utilization. Included in the operating income was amortization related to acquired intangibles of \$0.8 million and zero for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Customer Growth Services

		Year Ended D	Decem	ber 31,				
		2014		2013	\$ Change		% Change	
Revenue	\$	115,434	\$	100,996	\$	14,438	14.3%	
Operating Income		7,255		3,024		4,231	139.9%	
Operating Margin		6.3%	,	3.0%				

The change in revenue for the Customer Growth Services segment was due to the combination of net increases in client programs and the acquisition of WebMetro in August 2013 of \$20.7 million collectively, offset by program completions of \$5.1 million and a \$1.2 million reduction due to foreign currency fluctuations.

The operating income as a percentage of revenue increased to 6.3% in 2014 as compared to 3.0% in 2013. This increase was primarily driven by operational improvements and a shift in program mix to higher margin outcome based programs. Included in the operating income was amortization related to acquired intangibles of \$2.7 million and \$1.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

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Customer Technology Services

	Year Ended D	eceml	oer 31,			
	 2014		2013		\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$ 139,182	\$	152,485	\$	(13,303)	(8.7)%
Operating Income	4,519		19,965		(15,446)	(77.4)%
Operating Margin	3.2%		13.1%)		

Revenue for the Customer Technology Services segment decreased by \$13.3 million compared to the prior year. The decrease in revenue was primarily attributable to a \$13.1 million decrease in revenue from the Avaya based offerings offset, in part, by approximately \$2.4 million of additional CISCO Cloud revenue.

The operating income as a percentage of revenue decreased to 3.2% in 2014 as compared to 13.1% in 2013. The decrease in operating income was primarily the result of a \$5.6 million decline tied to the lower Avaya platform revenue, \$3.3 million of additional selling, general and administrative expenses related to investments in sales, marketing and research and development expenses related to the build out of the CISCO cloud solution, \$1.4 million related to one-time charges for technology and managed service expenses, a \$1.3 million increase in depreciation expense tied to the increased number of cloud solutions in service, and \$1.0 million in severance and other cost associated with the integration of TSG into the Customer Technology Services segment. Included in the operating income was amortization related to acquired intangibles of \$4.4 million and \$4.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

	 Year Ended D	ecem	ber 31,			
	 2014 2		2013		\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$ 63,668	\$	48,793	\$	14,875	30.5%
Operating Income	7,909		2,721		5,188	190.7%
Operating Margin	12.4%		5.6%	Ď		

The increase in revenue for the Customer Strategy Services segment was related to organic growth across our geographies and our consulting practices including our strategy, operations and technology, analytics and learning innovations practices and the acquisition of rogenSi in August 2014.

The operating income as a percentage of revenue increased to 12.4% in 2014 as compared to 5.6% in 2013. The improvement in the CSS operating income was primarily the result of the 30.5% increase in revenue in combination with the restructure and full integration of this segment's multiple acquisitions initiated in the third quarter of 2013. Additionally the increase in operating income was partially related to the impairment charges of \$1.1 million recorded as a result of decreased revenues resulting from the deconsolidation of a subsidiary in the prior period (see Note 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further details). Included in the operating income was amortization expense related to acquired intangibles of \$2.1 million and \$1.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Interest Income (Expense)

Interest income decreased to \$1.8 million in 2014 from \$2.6 million in 2013. Interest expense decreased to \$6.9 million during 2014 from \$7.5 million for the comparable period in 2013, primarily due to decreased accretion of deferred acquisition costs.

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Other Income (Expense), Net

Included in the year ended December 31, 2014, was a combined net \$6.7 million benefit related to fair value adjustments of the contingent consideration based on revised estimates of performance against targets for four of our acquisitions (see Note 10 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further details).

Included in the year ended December 31, 2013, was a \$3.7 million charge related to the deconsolidation of a subsidiary (see Note 24 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further details).

Income Taxes

The reported effective tax rate for 2014 was 22.9% as compared to 22.4% for 2013. The effective tax rate for 2014 was impacted by earnings in international jurisdictions currently under an income tax holiday, a \$1.3 million benefit related to restructuring charges, a \$0.4 million benefit related to a valuation allowance for equity compensation, a \$1.2 million benefit related to the closing of statute of limitations in Canada, \$3.8 million of expense related to future contingent payments, \$1.3 million of expense related to the resolution of an audit in the Netherlands, and \$0.2 million of expense related to other discrete items. Without these items our effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2014 would have been 19.8%. In the year ended December 31, 2013, our effective tax rate was 22.4%. Without a \$1.8 million benefit related to return to provision adjustments and \$1.8 million of expense related to changes in valuation allowance, our effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2013 would have been 21.5%.

Year Ended December 31, 2013 Compared to 2012

The tables included in the following sections are presented to facilitate an understanding of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and present certain information by segment for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (amounts in thousands). All inter—company transactions between the reported segments for the periods presented have been eliminated.

Customer Management Services

	Year Ended [ecem	ber 31,			
	2013		2012		\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$ 890,883	\$	923,774	\$	(32,891)	(3.6)%
Operating Income	75,689		60,271		15,418	25.6%
Operating Margin	8.5%	1	6.5%	Ď		

The change in revenue for the Customer Management Services segment was attributable to a \$68.5 million net increase in client programs offset by program completions of \$52.2 million. Revenue was further impacted by a \$10.4 million reduction due to foreign currency fluctuations, primarily the Australian dollar, a \$37.6 million reduction related to the exit of our business in Spain, and \$1.2 million in lost revenue due to a typhoon in the third quarter of 2013.

The operating income as a percentage of revenue increased to 8.5% in 2013 as compared to 6.5% in 2012. This increase in margin was primarily due to the improvement in utilization of our capacity, exit of our business in Spain as described above and the reduction of restructuring expenses noted below. These increases were offset by a \$6.6 million adverse impact from foreign currency fluctuations and a \$0.8 million negative impact due to lost revenue from a typhoon. During 2013 and 2012, we recorded \$4.2 million and \$8.2 million, respectively, in restructuring and impairment charges in various locations to better align our capacity and workforce with current business needs. In addition, during 2012, we recorded \$15.1 million in restructuring charges and \$0.4 million in impairment charges as a result of our decision to exit Spain. These items were offset during 2012 in part by a \$4.6 million accrual release for salaries expense due to an authoritative ruling in Spain related to the legally required cost of living adjustments for our employees' salaries.

	 Year Ended [Decem	ber 31,			
	 2013		2012		\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$ 100,996	\$	100,772	\$	224	0.2%
Operating Income	3,024		2,258		766	33.9%
Operating Margin	3.0%	1	2.2%)		

The change in revenue for the Customer Growth Services segment was due to the combination of net increase in client programs and the acquisition of WebMetro in August 2013 of \$20.0 million in an aggregate amount, offset by program completions of \$19.8 million.

The operating income as a percentage of revenue increased to 3.0% in 2013 as compared to 2.2% in 2012. Increases in income were primarily driven by a \$1.8 million charge related to the impairment of the trade-name intangible asset due to the rebranding of our Direct Alliance subsidiary to Revana during the first quarter of 2012. There were also operational improvements and a shift in program mix to additional outcome-based higher margin programs. These increases were offset by net declines in client volumes, changes in pricing, the cost of ramping multiple clients and increases in amortization expense related to WebMetro. Included in the operating income was amortization related to acquired intangibles of \$1.5 million and \$0.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Customer Technology Services

	Year Ended [Decem	ber 31,			
	 2013		2012	\$ Chang		% Change
Revenue	\$ 152,485	\$	96,848	\$	55,637	57.4%
Operating Income	19,965		15,714		4,251	27.1%
Operating Margin	13.1%)	16.2%	1		

The increase in revenue for the Customer Technology Services segment was related to organic growth for eLoyalty in consulting and managed services and the acquisition of TSG on December 31, 2012.

The operating income as a percentage of revenue decreased to 13.1% in 2013 as compared to 16.2% in 2012. This decrease was related to investments to integrate TSG, increases in sales and marketing expenses, and a \$2.6 million increase in amortization expense related to TSG. Included in the operating income was amortization related to acquired intangibles of \$4.1 million and \$1.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Customer Strategy Services

	Year En	ed Decer	nber 31,				
	2013		2012	\$ Change		% Change	
Revenue	\$ 48,7	3 \$	41,587	\$	7,206	17.3%	
Operating Income	2,7		302		2,419	801.0%	
Operating Margin	5	.6%	0.7%	, D			

The increase in revenue for the Customer Strategy Services segment was related to a combination of growth in operational consulting, analytics and learning innovations revenue, and the acquisitions of iKnowtion, LLC ("iKnowtion") and Guidon Performance Solutions ("Guidon") during 2012.

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The operating income as a percentage of revenue increased to 5.6% in the 2013 as compared to 0.7% in 2012. This increase was related to the full integration of the businesses comprising the Customer Strategy Services segment, including their leadership, consultants, the services portfolio and infrastructure, and a consolidation of their geographies and personnel realignment. This integration allowed for additional revenue to be generated as well as cost savings based on the realignment. The increase also included the impairment charges of \$1.1 million recorded as a result of decreased revenues resulting from the deconsolidation of a subsidiary in the second quarter of 2013 (see Notes 12 and 24 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further details). Included in the operating income was amortization expense related to acquired intangibles of \$1.6 million and \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Interest Income (Expense)

Interest income decreased to \$2.6 million in 2013 from \$3.0 million in 2012. Interest expense increased to \$7.5 million during 2013 from \$6.7 million for the comparable period in 2012, due to higher average borrowings on our credit facility and additional accretion of deferred acquisition costs.

Other Income (Expense), Net

Included in the year ended December 31, 2013, was a \$3.7 million charge related to the deconsolidation of a subsidiary (see Note 24 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further details). Also included was a \$1.9 million charge related to a fair value adjustment of the contingent consideration based on revised estimates of performance against targets for three of our acquisitions (see Note 10 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further details).

Income Taxes

The reported effective tax rate for 2013 was 22.4% as compared to (0.1)% for 2012. The effective tax rate for 2013 was impacted by earnings in international jurisdictions currently under an income tax holiday, a \$1.8 million benefit related to restructuring charges, a \$1.5 million benefit related to return to provision adjustments, and \$1.8 million of expenses related to changes in valuation allowance. Without these items our effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2013 would have been 21.5%. In the year ended December 31, 2012, our effective tax rate would have been 19.9% without a \$7.6 million tax benefit related to restructuring charges, a \$1.9 million benefit related to return to provision adjustments and \$0.1 million of expense related to other discrete items.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal sources of liquidity are our cash generated from operations, our cash and cash equivalents, and borrowings under our Credit Agreement, dated June 3, 2013 (the "Credit Agreement"). During the year ended December 31, 2014, we generated positive operating cash flows of \$94.1 million. We believe that our cash generated from operations, existing cash and cash equivalents, and available credit will be sufficient to meet expected operating and capital expenditure requirements for the next 12 months.

We manage a centralized global treasury function in the United States with a focus on concentrating and safeguarding our global cash and cash equivalents. While the majority of our cash is held outside the U.S., we prefer to hold U.S. Dollars in addition to the local currencies of our foreign subsidiaries. We expect to use our offshore cash to support working capital and growth of our foreign operations. While there are no assurances, we believe our global cash is protected given our cash management practices, banking partners and utilization of diversified, high quality investments.

We have global operations that expose us to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations that may positively or negatively impact our liquidity. We are also exposed to higher interest rates associated with our variable rate debt. To mitigate these risks, we enter into foreign exchange forward and option contracts and interest rate swaps through our cash flow hedging program. Please refer to Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk, Foreign Currency Risk, for further discussion.

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We primarily utilize our Credit Agreement to fund working capital, general operations, stock repurchases and other strategic activities, such as the acquisitions described in Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, we had borrowings of \$100.0 million and \$100.0 million, respectively, under our Credit Agreement, and our average daily utilization was \$285.9 million and \$238.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. After consideration for issued letters of credit under the Credit Agreement, totaling \$3.2 million, our remaining borrowing capacity was \$596.8 million as of December 31, 2014. As of December 31, 2014, we were in compliance with all covenants and conditions under our Credit Agreement.

The amount of capital required over the next 12 months will depend on our levels of investment in infrastructure necessary to maintain, upgrade or replace existing assets. Our working capital and capital expenditure requirements could also increase materially in the event of acquisitions or joint ventures, among other factors. These factors could require that we raise additional capital through future debt or equity financing. We can provide no assurance that we will be able to raise additional capital with commercially reasonable terms acceptable to us.

The following discussion highlights our cash flow activities during the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all liquid investments purchased within 90 days of their original maturity to be cash equivalents. Our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$77.3 million and \$158.0 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. We diversify the holdings of such cash and cash equivalents considering the financial condition and stability of the counterparty institutions.

We reinvest our cash flows to grow our client base, and expand our infrastructure, and for investment in research and development, strategic acquisitions and the purchase of our outstanding stock.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

For the years 2014, 2013 and 2012 we reported net cash flows provided by operating activities of \$94.1 million, \$138.0 million and \$106.9 million, respectively. Despite increases in net income and depreciation and amortization of \$16.4 million, the decrease was primarily due to a \$48.3 million decrease in cash collected from accounts receivable and an increase of \$5.6 million in payments made for operating expenses. The net increase of \$31.1 million from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to a \$20.3 million decrease in cash spent on prepaid and other assets, a \$13.8 million decrease in payments made for operating expenses, a \$9.2 million increase in cash from net income and a \$6.9 million increase in cash collected from accounts receivable. This increase was partially offset by a \$19.1 million decrease in cash prepayments from customers.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

For the years 2014, 2013 and 2012, we reported net cash flows used in investing activities of \$91.9 million, \$59.5 million and \$80.9 million, respectively. The net increase in cash used in investing activities from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to increased spending on acquisitions of \$15.3 million along with a \$17.3 increase in capital expenditures. The net decrease in cash used in investing activities from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to the \$31.7 million decrease in acquisition related spending offset partially by a \$10.3 million increase in net spend on capital expenditures.

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Cash Flows from Financing Activities

For the years 2014, 2013 and 2012, we reported net cash flows used in financing activities of \$74.2 million, \$70.7 million and \$35.0 million, respectively. The change in net cash flows from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to \$8.5 million of payments for contingent consideration related to acquisitions and an increase of \$1.5 million in dividends paid to noncontrolling interests, partially offset by a \$8.0 million increase in net borrowings from our line of credit. The change from 2012 to 2013 was due to a decrease in net borrowings on our line of credit of \$52.0 million, a decrease in proceeds received from other debt of \$4.3 million and an increase in dividends paid to noncontrolling interests of \$2.3 million. This increase in cash used in financing activities was partially offset against a decrease in cash used to repurchase common stock of \$24.7 million.

Free Cash Flow

Free cash flow (see "Presentation of Non-GAAP Measurements" below for the definition of free cash flow) was \$26.5 million, \$87.6 million and \$66.4 million for the years 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The decrease from 2013 to 2014 resulted primarily from a decrease in cash flow from operating activities and a \$17.3 million increase in capital expenditures. The increase from 2012 to 2013 resulted primarily from the \$31.1 million increase in cash flow from operating activities offset by a \$9.8 million increase in capital expenditures, net of grant funds received.

Presentation of Non-GAAP Measurements

Free Cash Flow

Free cash flow is a non-GAAP liquidity measurement. We believe that free cash flow is useful to our investors because it measures, during a given period, the amount of cash generated that is available for debt obligations and investments other than purchases of property, plant and equipment. Free cash flow is not a measure determined by GAAP and should not be considered a substitute for "income from operations," "net income," "net cash provided by operating activities," or any other measure determined in accordance with GAAP. We believe this non-GAAP liquidity measure is useful, in addition to the most directly comparable GAAP measure of "net cash provided by operating activities," because free cash flow includes investments in operational assets. Free cash flow does not represent residual cash available for discretionary expenditures, since it includes cash required for debt service. Free cash flow also includes cash that may be necessary for acquisitions, investments and other needs that may arise.

The following table reconciles net cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow for our consolidated results (amounts in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,									
	-	2014		2013	2012					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	94,090	\$	137,979	\$	106,920				
Less: Purchases of property, plant and equipment		67,641		50,364		40,543(1)				
Free cash flow	\$	26,449	\$	87,615	\$	66,377				

⁽¹⁾ Purchases of property, plant and equipment for the year ended 2012 is net of proceeds from a government grant of \$0.1 million.

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Obligations and Future Capital Requirements

Future maturities of our outstanding debt and contractual obligations as of December 31, 2014 are summarized as follows (amounts in thousands):

	L	ess than 1 Year	 1 to 3 Years		3 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years			Total
Credit Facility ⁽¹⁾	\$	2,582	\$ 4,446	\$	100,828	\$	_	\$	107,856
Equipment financing arrangements		171	447		78		_		696
Contingent consideration		11,991	13,703		_		_		25,694
Purchase obligations		31,363	22,164				_		53,527
Operating lease commitments		43,411	60,753		28,247		3,826		136,237
Other debt		3,052	1,795		390		_		5,237
Total	\$	92,570	\$ 103,308	\$	129,543	\$	3,826	\$	329,247

⁽¹⁾ Includes estimated interest payments based on the weighted-average interest rate, unused commitment fees, current interest rate swap arrangements, and outstanding debt as of December 31, 2014.

- · Contractual obligations to be paid in a foreign currency are translated at the period end exchange rate.
- Purchase obligations primarily consist of outstanding purchase orders for goods or services not yet received, which are not recognized as liabilities in our Consolidated Balance Sheets until such goods and/or services are received.
- The contractual obligation table excludes our liabilities of \$1.9 million related to uncertain tax positions because we cannot reliably estimate the timing of future cash payments. See Note 11 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Our outstanding debt is primarily associated with the use of funds under our Credit Agreement to fund working capital, repurchase our common stock, and other cash flow needs across our global operations.

Purchase Obligations

Occasionally we contract with certain of our communications clients to provide us with telecommunication services. These clients currently represent approximately 17% of our total annual revenue. We believe these contracts are negotiated on an arm's-length basis and may be negotiated at different times and with different legal entities.

Future Capital Requirements

We expect total capital expenditures in 2015 to be within the range of \$70 to \$80 million. Approximately 70% of these expected capital expenditures are to support growth in our business and 30% relate to the maintenance of existing assets. The anticipated level of 2015 capital expenditures is primarily driven by new client contracts and the corresponding requirements for additional delivery center capacity as well as enhancements to our technological infrastructure.

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We may consider restructurings, dispositions, mergers, acquisitions and other similar transactions. Such transactions could include the transfer, sale or acquisition of significant assets, businesses or interests, including joint ventures or the incurrence, assumption, or refinancing of indebtedness and could be material to the consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of our operations. Our capital expenditures requirements could also increase materially in the event of acquisition or joint ventures. In addition, as of December 31, 2014, we were authorized to purchase an additional \$11.8 million of common stock under our stock repurchase program (see Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities in this Form 10-K). Our stock repurchase program does not have an expiration date.

The launch of large client contracts may result in short-term negative working capital because of the time period between incurring the costs for training and launching the program and the beginning of the accounts receivable collection process. As a result, periodically we may generate negative cash flows from operating activities.

Debt Instruments and Related Covenants

On June 3, 2013, we entered into a \$700.0 million, five-year, multi-currency revolving credit facility (the "Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of lenders which includes an accordion feature that permits us to request an increase in total commitments up to \$1.0 billion, under certain conditions, including additional commitments from members of the syndicate. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, KeyBank National Association, Bank of America Merrill Lynch, BBVA Compass and HSBC Bank USA, National Association served as Joint Lead Arrangers. The Credit Agreement amends and restates in its entirety our prior credit facility entered into during 2010 and as amended in 2012.

The Credit Agreement provides for a secured revolving credit facility that matures on June 3, 2018 with an initial maximum aggregate commitment of \$700.0 million. At our discretion, direct borrowing options under the Credit Agreement include (i) Eurodollar loans with one, two, three, and six month terms, and/or (ii) overnight base rate loans. The Credit Agreement also provides for a sub-limit for loans or letters of credit in both U.S. dollars and certain foreign currencies, with direct foreign subsidiary borrowing capabilities up to 50% of the total commitment amount. We may increase the maximum aggregate commitment under the Credit Agreement to \$1.0 billion if certain conditions are satisfied.

We primarily utilize our credit facilities to fund working capital, general operations, stock repurchases, acquisitions, and other strategic activities. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, we had borrowings of \$100.0 million and \$100.0 million, respectively, under the Credit Agreement. During 2014, 2013 and 2012, borrowings accrued interest at an average rate of approximately 1.2%, 1.4%, and 1.6% per annum, respectively, excluding unused commitment fees. Our daily average borrowings during 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$285.9 million, \$238.1 million and \$154.5 million, respectively. Availability was \$596.8 million as of December 31, 2014, reduced from \$700.0 million by the outstanding borrowing and by \$3.2 million in issued letters of credit; and was \$596.5 million as of December 31, 2013, reduced from \$700.0 million by the outstanding borrowing and by \$3.5 million in issued letters of credit.

From time-to-time, we may have unsecured, uncommitted bank lines of credit to support working capital for a few foreign subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, we had no foreign loans outstanding.

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Client Concentration

During 2014, one of our clients represented 11% of our total annual revenue. Our five largest clients accounted for 38%, 40% and 39% of our annual revenue for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively. We have long-term relationships with our top five clients, ranging from two to 18 years, with the majority of these clients having completed multiple contract renewals with us. The relative contribution of any single client to consolidated earnings is not always proportional to the relative revenue contribution on a consolidated basis and varies greatly based upon specific contract terms. In addition, clients may adjust business volumes served by us based on their business requirements. We believe the risk of this concentration is mitigated, in part, by the long-term contracts we have with our largest clients. Although certain client contracts may be terminated for convenience by either party, we believe this risk is mitigated, in part, by the service level disruptions and transition/migration costs that would arise for our clients.

The contracts with our five largest clients expire between 2015 and 2017. Additionally, a particular client may have multiple contracts with different expiration dates. We have historically renewed most of our contracts with our largest clients, but there can be no assurance that future contracts will be renewed or, if renewed, will be on terms as favorable as the existing contracts.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

We discuss the potential impact of recent accounting pronouncements in Note 1 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our consolidated financial position, consolidated results of operations, or consolidated cash flows due to adverse changes in financial and commodity market prices and rates. Market risk also includes credit and non-performance risk by counterparties to our various financial instruments. We are exposed to market risks due to changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates (as measured against the U.S. dollar); as well as credit risk associated with potential non-performance of our counterparty banks. These exposures are directly related to our normal operating and funding activities. We enter into derivative instruments to manage and reduce the impact of currency exchange rate changes, primarily between the U.S. dollar/Canadian dollar, the U.S. dollar/Philippine peso, the U.S. dollar/Mexican peso, and the Australian dollar/Philippine peso. We enter into interest rate derivative instruments to reduce our exposure to interest rate fluctuations associated with our variable rate debt. To mitigate against credit and non-performance risk, it is our policy to only enter into derivative contracts and other financial instruments with investment grade counterparty financial institutions and, correspondingly, our derivative valuations reflect the creditworthiness of our counterparties. As of the date of this report, we have not experienced, nor do we anticipate, any issue related to derivative counterparty defaults.

Interest Rate Risk

We entered into interest rate derivative instruments to reduce our exposure to interest rate fluctuations associated with our variable rate debt. The interest rate on our Credit Agreement is variable based upon the Prime Rate and LIBOR and, therefore, is affected by changes in market interest rates. As of December 31, 2014, we had \$100.0 million of outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement. Based upon average daily outstanding borrowings during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, interest accrued at a rate of approximately 1.2% and 1.4% per annum, respectively. If the Prime Rate or LIBOR increased by 100 basis points during the quarter, there would not have been a material impact to our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

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The Company's interest rate swap arrangements as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

	Notional Amount	Variable Rate Received	Fixed Rate Paid	Contract Commencement Date	Contract Maturity Date
As of December 31, 2014	\$ 25 million	1 - month LIBOR	2.55%	April 2012	April 2016
and 2013	 15 million	1 - month LIBOR	3.14%	May 2012	May 2017
	\$ 40 million				

Foreign Currency Risk

Our subsidiaries in Canada, Costa Rica, Mexico, and the Philippines use the local currency as their functional currency for paying labor and other operating costs. Conversely, revenue for these foreign subsidiaries is derived principally from client contracts that are invoiced and collected in U.S. dollars or other foreign currencies. As a result, we may experience foreign currency gains or losses, which may positively or negatively affect our results of operations attributed to these subsidiaries. For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, revenue associated with this foreign exchange risk was 31%, 32% and 37% of our consolidated revenue, respectively.

The following summarizes relative (weakening) strengthening of local currencies that are relevant to our business:

	Yea		
	2014	2013	2012
Canadian Dollar vs. U.S. Dollar	(8.7)%	(7.3)%	2.3%
Philippine Peso vs. U.S. Dollar	(0.9)%	(7.6)%	6.4%
Mexican Peso vs. U.S. Dollar	(13.0)%	(0.3)%	7.0%
Australian Dollar vs. U.S. Dollar	(8.8)%	(16.9)%	1.9%
Euro vs. U.S. Dollar	(13.3)%	4.0%	2.0%
Philippine Peso vs. Australian Dollar	7.2%	7.9%	6.4%

In order to mitigate the risk of these non-functional foreign currencies weakening against the functional currencies of the servicing subsidiaries, which thereby decreases the economic benefit of performing work in these countries, we may hedge a portion, though not 100%, of the projected foreign currency exposure related to client programs served from these foreign countries through our cash flow hedging program. While our hedging strategy can protect us from adverse changes in foreign currency rates in the short term, an overall weakening of the non-functional revenue foreign currencies would adversely impact margins in the segments of the servicing subsidiary over the long term.

Cash Flow Hedging Program

To reduce our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations associated with forecasted revenue in non-functional currencies, we purchase forward and/or option contracts to acquire the functional currency of the foreign subsidiary at a fixed exchange rate at specific dates in the future. We have designated and account for these derivative instruments as cash flow hedges for forecasted revenue in non-functional currencies.

While we have implemented certain strategies to mitigate risks related to the impact of fluctuations in currency exchange rates, we cannot ensure that we will not recognize gains or losses from international transactions, as this is part of transacting business in an international environment. Not every exposure is or can be hedged and, where hedges are put in place based on expected foreign exchange exposure, they are based on forecasts for which actual results may differ from the original estimate. Failure to successfully hedge or anticipate currency risks properly could adversely affect our consolidated operating results.

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Our cash flow hedging instruments as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 are summarized as follows (in thousands). All hedging instruments are forward contracts, except as noted.

As of December 31, 2014	Local Currency Notional Amount	U.S. Dollar Notional Amount	% Maturing in 2015	Contracts Maturing Through
Canadian Dollar	1,500	\$ 1,441	100.0%	June 2015
Philippine Peso	17,428,000	398,046(1)	40.0%	August 2019
Mexican Peso	2,532,000	179,089	29.7%	September 2019
New Zealand Dollar	490	381	100.0%	July 2015
		\$ 578,957		
As of December 31, 2013	Local Currency	U.S. Dollar Notional		

Amount

	Notional Amount	
Canadian Dollar	7,500	\$ 7,336
Philippine Peso	17,355,000	404,638(1)
Mexican Peso	2,305,500	166,132
British Pound Sterling	1,200	1,853(2)
New Zealand Dollars	150	117
		\$ 580,076

⁽¹⁾ Includes contracts to purchase Philippine pesos in exchange for New Zealand dollars and Australian dollars, which are translated into equivalent U.S. dollars on December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

The fair value of our cash flow hedges at December 31, 2014 was assets/(liabilities) (in thousands):

	December 31, 2014	Maturing in 2015		
Canadian Dollar	\$ (152)	\$ (152)		
Philippine Peso	(14,816)	(7,210)		
Mexican Peso	(14,196)	(5,121)		
New Zealand Dollar	(3)	(3)		
	\$ (29,167)	\$ (12,486)		

Our cash flow hedges are valued using models based on market observable inputs, including both forward and spot foreign exchange rates, implied volatility, and counterparty credit risk. The fair value of our cash flow hedges decreased by \$17.7 million from December 31, 2013 to December 31, 2014. The decrease in fair value from December 31, 2013 largely reflects a broader strengthening in the U.S. dollar during 2014.

We recorded net (losses)/gains of \$(2.4) million, \$8.0 million, and \$4.6 million for settled cash flow hedge contracts for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively. These (losses)/gains were reflected in Revenue in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss). If the exchange rates between our various currency pairs were to increase or decrease by 10% from current period-end levels, we would incur a material gain or loss on the contracts. However, any gain or loss would be mitigated by corresponding increases or decreases in our underlying exposures.

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Other than the transactions hedged as discussed above and in Note 9 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements, the majority of the transactions of our U.S. and foreign operations are denominated in their respective local currency. However, transactions are denominated in other currencies from time-to-time. We do not currently engage in hedging activities related to these types of foreign currency risks because we believe them to be insignificant as we endeavor to settle these accounts on a timely basis. For the years ended 2014 and 2013, approximately 24% and 22%, respectively, of revenue was derived from contracts denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. Our results from operations and revenue could be adversely affected if the U.S. Dollar strengthens significantly against foreign currencies.

Fair Value of Debt and Equity Securities

We did not have any investments in debt or equity securities as of December 31, 2014 or 2013.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The financial statements required by this item are located beginning on page F-1 of this report and incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

This Form 10-K includes the certifications of our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") required by Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). See Exhibits 31.1 and 31.2. This Item 9A includes information concerning the controls and control evaluations referred to in those certifications.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of TeleTech's disclosure controls and procedures (as required by Rule 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) under the "Exchange Act") as of December 31, 2014. Based on that evaluation, the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer of TeleTech have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide such reasonable assurance.

Our management, including the CEO and CFO, believes that any disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must consider the benefits of controls relative to their costs. Inherent limitations within a control system include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by unauthorized override of the control. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with associated policies or procedures. While the design of any system of controls is to provide reasonable assurance of the effectiveness of disclosure controls, such design is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and

⁽²⁾ Includes contracts to purchase British pound sterling in exchange for Euros, which are translated into equivalent U.S. dollars on December 31, 2013.

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such assumptions, while reasonable, may not take into account all potential future conditions. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in a cost effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and may not be prevented or detected.

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Our management has conducted an assessment of its internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014 as required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Management's report on our internal control over financial reporting is included below. The Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm's report with respect to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting is included on page F-2. Management has concluded that internal control over financial reporting is effective as of December 31, 2014.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the most recent quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management, under the supervision of our CEO and CFO, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures which (a) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets, (b) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, (c) provide reasonable assurance that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with appropriate authorization of management and the Board of Directors, and (d) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate. Accordingly, even effective internal control over financial reporting can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives.

During 2014, the Company acquired Sofica and rogenSi and have excluded these businesses, from its assessment of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014. Sofica's total assets and total revenues represent 2% and 1%, respectively, and rogenSi's total assets and total revenues represent 5% and 1%, respectively, of the related consolidated financial statement amounts as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014.

In connection with the preparation of this Form 10-K, our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our CEO and CFO, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014 based on the framework established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). As a result of that evaluation, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective at a reasonable assurance level as of December 31, 2014.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014 has also been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which is included in "Part II — Item 8 — Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information in our 2015 Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, which will be filed no later than 120 days after December 31, 2014 (the "2015 Proxy Statement") regarding our executive officers under the heading "Information Regarding Executive Officers" is incorporated herein by reference. We have both a Code of Ethical Conduct for Executive and Financial Managers and a Code of Conduct. The Code of Ethical Conduct for Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, presidents of our business segments, Controller, Treasurer, the General Counsel, Chief Audit executive, senior financial officers of each operating segment and other persons performing similar functions. The Code of Conduct applies to all directors, officers, employees and members of our supply chain (as applicable). Both the Code of Ethical Conduct for Executive and Financial Officers and the Code of Conduct are posted on our website at www.teletech.com on the Corporate Governance page. We will post on our website any amendments to or waivers of the Code of Ethical Conduct for Executive and Financial Officers and regulations.

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which stockholders may recommend nominees to the board of directors. The remaining information called for by this Item 10 is incorporated by reference herein from our 2015 Proxy Statement.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information in our 2015 Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information regarding these matters is included in Part II, Item 5. "Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities". Also the information in our 2015 Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information in our 2015 Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANTS FEES AND SERVICES

The information in our 2015 Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

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PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report:

1. Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Index to Consolidated Financial Statements is set forth on page F-1 of this report.

2. Financial Statement Schedules.

All schedules for TeleTech have been omitted since the required information is not present or not present in amounts sufficient to require submission of the schedule, or because the information is included in the respective Consolidated Financial Statements or notes thereto.

3. Exhibits.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
3.01**	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. filed with the State of Delaware on August 1, 1996 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to TeleTech's Amendment No. 2 to Form S-1 Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-04097) filed on July 5, 1996)
3.02**	Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of TeleTech (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.02 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 28, 2009)
10.04**	TeleTech Holdings, Inc. Amended and Restated 1999 Stock Option and Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.04 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012)
10.06**	TeleTech Holdings, Inc. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference as Appendix A to TeleTech's Definitive Proxy Statement, filed April 12, 2010)
10.20**	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (below Vice President) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.06 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007)
10.21**	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (Vice President and above) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.07 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007)
10.22**	Form of Amendment to Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.2 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 22, 2010)
10.23**	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.3 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 22, 2010)
10.24**	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Section 16 Officers) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.3 to TeleTech's Form S-8 Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-167300) filed on June 3, 2010)
10.25**	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Non-Section 16 Employees) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.4 to TeleTech's Form S-8 Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-167300) filed on June 3, 2010)
10.26**	Form of Independent Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.5 to TeleTech's Form S-8 Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-167300) filed on June 3, 2010)
10.27**	Form of Global Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Operating Committee Member) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 1, 2013)

Exhibit No.	Description
10.28**	Form of Global Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Non-Operating Committee Member) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.2 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 1, 2013)
10.29*	Form of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (other employees) effective July 1, 2014
10.30*	Form of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Directors and Executive Committee Members) effective July 1, 2014
10.31**	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (Non-Employee Director) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.08 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007)
10.32*	Independent Director Compensation Arrangements (effective January 1, 2015)
10.33**	Form of Indemnification Agreement with Directors (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 22, 2010)
10.40**	Employment Agreement between Kenneth D. Tuchman and TeleTech dated October 15, 2001 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.68 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001)
10.41**	Amendment to Employment Agreement between Kenneth D. Tuchman and TeleTech dated December 31, 2008 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.17 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.42**	Amendment dated September 17, 2008 to Stock Option Agreement between Kenneth D. Tuchman and TeleTech (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.19 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.50**	Employment Agreement between James E. Barlett and TeleTech dated October 15, 2001 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.66 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001)
10.52**	Amendment to Employment Agreement between James E. Barlett and TeleTech dated December 31, 2008 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.13 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.53**	Amendment dated September 17, 2008 to Stock Option Agreement between James E. Barlett and TeleTech (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.15 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.54**	Second Amendment, dated as of April 19, 2011, to TeleTech Holdings, Inc. Restricted Stock Unit Agreement by and between TeleTech Holdings, Inc. and James E. Barlett dated June 22, 2007 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 22, 2011)
10.60**	Employment Agreement between Regina Paolillo and TeleTech Holdings, Inc. effective as of November 3, 2011 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 27, 2011)
10.62**	Restricted Stock Unit Agreement dated as of November 15, 2011 between TeleTech Holdings, Inc. and Regina Paolillo (RSU Performance Agreement) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.2 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed November 21, 2011)
10.63**	Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement dated as of November 15, 2011 between TeleTech Holdings, Inc. and Regina Paolillo (Option Agreement)(incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.3 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed November 21, 2011)
10.70*	Separation Agreement and Release of Claims between Brian Shepherd and TeleTech Services Corporation effective as of January 31, 2015
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Exhibit No.	Description
10.80**	Employment Agreement between Keith Gallacher and TeleTech Services Corporation effective as of June 3, 2013 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.2 to TeleTech's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2013)

- 10.90** Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of June 3, 2013, among TeleTech Holdings, Inc., the foreign borrowers party thereto, the lenders party thereto, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, Swing Line Lender and Fronting Lender, KeyBank National Association, Bank of America, N.A., BBVA Compass, and HSBC Bank USA, National Association, each as Documentation Agent and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, KeyBank National Association, as Joint Lead Arrangers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 7, 2013)
- 21.1* List of subsidiaries
- 23.1* Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- 24.1* Power of Attorney
- 31.1* Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of CEO of TeleTech

31.2* Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of CFO of TeleTech

32.1* Written Statement of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)

32.2* Written Statement of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)

101.INS*** XBRL Instance Document

101.SCH*** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

101.CAL*** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.

101.LAB*** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

101.PRE*** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

101.DEF*** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

* Filed herewith.

** Identifies exhibit that consists of or includes a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following documents formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned; thereunto duly authorized on March 9, 2015.

TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ KENNETH D. TUCHMAN Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below on March 9, 2015, by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated:

Signature	Title
/s/ KENNETH D. TUCHMAN Kenneth D. Tuchman	PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board
/s/ REGINA M. PAOLILLO Regina M. Paolillo	PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING OFFICER Chief Financial Officer
*	DIRECTOR
James E. Barlett	
*	DIRECTOR
Tracy L. Bahl	_
*	DIRECTOR
Gregory A. Conley	_
*	DIRECTOR
Robert Frerichs	
*	DIRECTOR
Marc L. Holtzman	
*	DIRECTOR
Shrikant Mehta	

* By /s/ Regina M. Paolillo under Power of Attorney as attached hereto as Exhibit 24.1

INDEX TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2014 and 2013	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Years Ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012	F-6
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	F-7

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of TeleTech Holdings, Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), of stockholders' equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") at December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our integrated audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

As described in Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, management has excluded rogenSi and Sofica from its assessment of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, because they were acquired by the Company during 2014. We have also excluded rogenSi and Sofica Group, both 100% owned subsidiaries, from our audit of internal control over financial reporting. rogenSi's total assets and total revenues represent 5% and 1%, respectively, and Sofica's total assets and total revenues represent 2% and 1%, respectively, of the related consolidated financial statement amounts as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Denver, CO March 9, 2015

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	TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets (Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)			
		 Decem	ber 31,	
		 2014		2013
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 77,316	\$	158,017
Accounts receivable, net		276,432		236,099
Prepaids and other current assets		64.702		52.332

Deferred tax assets, net		22,501		11,905
Income tax receivable		4,532		11,198
Total current assets		445,483		469,551
Long-term assets				
Property, plant and equipment, net		150,212		126,719
Goodwill		128,705		102,743
Deferred tax assets, net		31,512		42,791
Other intangible assets, net		59,905		54,812
Other long-term assets		36,658		45,726
Total long-term assets		406,992		372,791
Total assets	\$	852,475	\$	842,342
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	37,019	\$	32,031
Accrued employee compensation and benefits		70,069		80,130
Other accrued expenses		34,430		31,659
Income tax payable		10,141		6,066
Deferred tax liabilities, net				590
Deferred revenue		29,887		28,799
Other current liabilities		17,085		11,512
Total current liabilities		198,631		190,787
Long-term liabilities		100.000		100.000
Line of credit		100,000		100,000
Deferred tax liabilities, net		4,675		2,281
Deferred rent		8,956		9,635
Other long-term liabilities		74,149		63,648
Total long-term liabilities		187,780		175,564
Total liabilities		386,411		366,351
Commitments and continuousies (Nets 15)				
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)				
Mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest		2,814		2,509
Manuatority redeemable noncontrolling interest		2,014		2,509
Stockholders' equity				
Preferred stock; \$0.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; zero shares outstanding as of				
December 31, 2014 and 2013		_		
Common stock; \$.01 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized; 48,452,852 and 50,352,881				
shares outstanding as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively		485		503
Additional paid-in capital		356.792		356,381
Treasury stock at cost: 33,599,401 and 31,699,372 shares as of December 31, 2014 and 2013,		000,102		000,001
respectively		(527,595)		(477,399)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(52,274)		(20,586)
Retained earnings		677,859		606,502
Noncontrolling interest		7,983		8,081
Total stockholders' equity		463,250		473,482
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	852,475	\$	842,342
	Ψ	002,410	¥	0-2,0-2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Year Ended December 31,				
	 2014		2013		2012
Revenue	\$ 1,241,781	\$	1,193,157	\$	1,162,981
Operating expenses					
Cost of services	886,492		846,631		834,803
Selling, general and administrative	198,553		193,423		182,634
Depreciation and amortization	56,538		46,064		41,166
Restructuring charges, net	3,350		4,435		22,875
Impairment losses	373		1,205		2,958
Total operating expenses	1,145,306		1,091,758		1,084,436
Income from operations	96,475		101,399		78,545
Other income (expense)					
Interest income	1,769		2,560		2,978
Interest expense	(6,946)		(7,513)		(6,696)

Loss on deconsolidation of subsidiary		_		(3,655)		_
Other income (expense), net		9,161		(722)		(965)
Total other income (expense)		3,984		(9,330)		(4,683)
Income before income taxes		100,459		92,069		73,862
		(
(Provision for) benefit from income taxes		(23,042)		(20,598)		61
Net income		77,417		71,471		73,923
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(5,124)		(4,083)		(3,908)
Net income attributable to TeleTech stockholders	\$	72,293	\$	67,388	\$	70,015
Other comprehensive income (loss)	¢	77 417	¢	71 471	¢	70.000
Net income	\$	77,417	\$	71,471	\$	73,923
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(23,120)		(26,342)		12,648
Derivative valuation, gross		(16,970)		(29,465)		25,266
Derivative valuation, tax effect		6,978		11,554		(9,855)
Other, net of tax		1,076		598		527
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(32,036)		(43,655)		28,586
Total comprehensive income (loss)		45,381		27,816		102,509
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(4,163)		(3,995)		(4,039)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to TeleTech stockholders	\$	41,218	\$	23,821	\$	98,470
Weighted average shares outstanding						
Basic		49,297		51,338		54,738
Diluted		50,102		52,244		55,540
Net income per share attributable to TeleTech stockholders						
Basic	\$	1.47	\$	1.31	\$	1.28
Diluted	\$	1.44	\$	1.29	\$	1.26

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Amounts in thousands)

	Stockholders' Equity of the Company									
	Preferred Stock Shares Amount		<u>Common Stock</u> Treasury Shares Amount Stock		Additional	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Retained	Noncontrolling		
					Stock	Paid-in Capital	Income (Loss)	Earnings	interest	Total Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2011		\$ _	56,635	\$ 566	\$ (357,267)	\$ 350,386	\$ (5,474)	\$ 470,776	\$ 11,260	\$ 470,247
Net income	-	_	_	_		_		70,015	3,908	73,923
Acquisition of noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	941	941
Dividends distributed to noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	(2,205)	(2,205)
Transfer of noncontrolling interest to mandatorily										
redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,067)	(1,067)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	_	_	_	_	-	_	12,517	-	131	12,648
Derivatives valuation, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	15,411	_	_	15,411
Vesting of restricted stock units	-	_	575	5	8.041	(12,626)		-	_	(4,580)
Exercise of stock options	_	_	121	1	1,703	(330)	_	_	_	1,374
Excess tax benefit from equity-based awards	_	_		_		(1)	_	_	_	(1)
Equity-based compensation expense	_	_	_	_	_	13.285	_	_	10	13.295
Purchases of common stock			(5,043)	(50)	(81,193)	10,200	_	_		(81,243)
Other, net of tax	_	_	(3,043)	(50)	(01,150)	_	527	_	_	527
Balance as of December 31, 2012		\$	52,288	\$ 522	\$ (428,716)	\$ 350,714	\$ 22.981	\$ 540,791	\$ 12.978	\$ 499,270
Net income		ф —			<u>Φ (420,710</u>)					
	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	67,388	3,601	70,989
Dividends distributed to noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,183)	(4,183)
Purchases of outstanding noncontrolling interest	—	—	—	—	—	3,715	_	—	(4,140)	(425)
Adjustments to redemption value of mandatorily								(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		··
redeemable noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	(1,677)		(1,677)
Deconsolidation of a subsidiary	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(121)	(121)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	_	(26,254)	-	(88)	(26,342)
Derivatives valuation, net of tax	—	—	_	—	—	_	(17,911)	—	_	(17,911)
Vesting of restricted stock units	_	_	455	5	6,530	(11,509)	_	_	_	(4,974)
Exercise of stock options	_	_	91	1	1,294	(433)	_	_	_	862
Excess tax benefit from equity-based awards	_	_	_	_	-	787	_	_	_	787
Equity-based compensation expense	—	_	—	_	_	13,107	—	_	34	13,141
Purchases of common stock	—	_	(2,481)	(25)	(56,507)	—	—	_	—	(56,532)
Other, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	598	_	_	598
Balance as of December 31, 2013		\$	50,353	\$ 503	\$ (477,399)	\$ 356,381	\$ (20,586)	\$ 606,502	\$ 8.081	\$ 473,482
Net income		-			<u>+ (,</u>)	<u> </u>	<u>+ (</u>)	72.293	4.512	76,805
Dividends distributed to noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	12,255	(4,275)	(4,275)
Adjustments to redemption value of mandatorily									(4,213)	(4,213)
redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(936)	_	(936)
Foreign currency translation adjustments			_			_	(22,771)	(330)	(349)	
Derivatives valuation, net of tax							(9,993)	_	(543)	(9,993)
Vesting of restricted stock units	-	_	396	4	5,979	(11,362)	(9,993)	-		(5,379)
Exercise of stock options	_		58	4	5,979	(11,302) (434)				(5,379)
Excess tax benefit from equity-based awards	_	_		1		(434)	_			1.015
Equity-based compensation expense	_	-	_	_	-	1,015	_	_		1,015
	_	_		(00)	(57.051)		_	_	14	
Purchases of common stock	-	-	(2,354)	(23)	(57,051)	-	-	-	-	(57,074)
Other, net of tax							1,076			1,076
Balance as of December 31, 2014	_	\$ —	48,453	\$ 485	\$ (527,595)	\$ 356,792	\$ (52,274)	\$ 677,859	\$ 7,983	\$ 463,250

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Amounts in thousands)

		Y	′ear Er	nded December 31		
		2014		2013		2012
Cash flows from operating activities						
Net income	\$	77,417	\$	71,471	\$	73,923
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		56,538		46,063		41,166
Amortization of contract acquisition costs		856		1,160		1,017
Amortization of debt issuance costs		705		659		808
Imputed interest expense and fair value adjustments to contingent		105		000		000
consideration		(6,233)		3,301		904
Provision for doubtful accounts		633		695		368
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets		141		035		305
Impairment losses		373		1,205		2,958
Deferred income taxes		9,514		6,892		2,350
Excess tax benefit from equity-based awards		(1,399)		(1,343)		(462)
Equity-based compensation expense		11,307		13,234		13,376
Loss on foreign currency derivatives		(1,548)		234		414
Loss on deconsolidation of subsidiary, net of cash of zero, \$897, and zero,		(1,546)		234		414
respectively				2,758		
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:				2,750		
Accounts receivable		(41,005)		7,291		400
Prepaids and other assets		(5,300)		(5,374)		(25,664)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(8,115)		(2,549)		(16,301
Deferred revenue and other liabilities		206		(7,718)		11,354
		94,090				
Net cash provided by operating activities		94,090		137,979		106,920
Cash flows from investing activities						110
Proceeds from grant for property, plant and equipment		105		_		110
Proceeds from sale of long-lived assets		135		(50.004)		450
Purchases of property, plant and equipment, net of acquisitions		(67,641)		(50,364)		(40,653)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired of \$3,525, \$6,423 and \$3,744, respectively		(24,416)		(9,166)		(40,839)
Net cash used in investing activities		(91,922)		(59,530)		(80,932)
Cash flows from financing activities		0.077.400		4 500 550		4 4 7 9 9 5 9
Proceeds from line of credit		2,077,400		1,533,550		1,179,850
Payments on line of credit		(2,077,400)		(1,541,550)		(1,135,850)
Proceeds from other debt				3,709		8,014
Payments on other debt		(4,504)		(5,789)		(4,900)
Payments of contingent consideration related to acquisitions		(8,547)				
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interest		(5,962)		(4,455)		(2,205
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		443		862		1,374
Excess tax benefit from equity-based awards		1,399		1,343		462
Purchase of treasury stock		(57,074)		(56,532)		(81,243)
Payments of debt issuance costs				(1,800)		(467)
Net cash used in financing activities		(74,245)		(70,662)		(34,965)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(8,624)		(14,255)		17,091
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(80,701)		(6,468)		8,114
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		158,017		164,485		156,371
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	77,316	\$	158,017	\$	164,485
Supplemental disclosures						
Cash paid for interest	\$	5,404	\$	4,220	\$	4,412
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	14,545	\$	16,757	\$	16,388
Non-cash investing and financing activities	-		-		-	20,000
Purchases of equipment through financing agreements	\$	696	\$		\$	6,100
	\$		\$	2,762	\$	0,100
Acquisition of equipment through increase in accounts payable		4,170			_	
Landlord incentives credited to deferred rent	\$		\$	1,016	\$	1,723
Contract acquisition costs credited to accounts receivable	\$	471	\$	1,000	\$	_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) OVERVIEW AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Overview

TeleTech Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("TeleTech" or the "Company") is a customer engagement management services provider, delivering integrated consulting, technology, growth and customer care solutions on a global scale. Our suite of product and service capabilities

allows us to design and deliver enhanced, value-driven customer experiences across numerous communication channels. TeleTech's 46,000 employees serve clients in the automotive, communication, financial services, government, healthcare, logistics, media and entertainment, retail, technology, transportation and travel industries via operations in the U.S., Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Costa Rica, Germany, Ghana, Ireland, Israel, Lebanon, Macedonia, Mexico, New Zealand, the Philippines, Poland, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Thailand, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates, and the United Kingdom.

Basis of Presentation

The Consolidated Financial Statements are comprised of the accounts of TeleTech, its wholly owned subsidiaries, its 55% equity owned subsidiary Percepta, LLC, its 80% interest in iKnowtion, LLC, and its 80% interest in Peppers & Rogers Group through the third quarter of 2013 when the final 20% interest was repurchased (see Note 2). All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain amounts for 2013 have been reclassified in the Consolidated Financial Statements to conform to the 2014 presentation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions in determining the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, the Company evaluates its estimates including those related to derivatives and hedging activities, income taxes including the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets, self-insurance reserves, litigation reserves, restructuring reserves, allowance for doubtful accounts, contingent consideration, and valuation of goodwill, long-lived and intangible assets. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. In the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company recorded a change in estimate which resulted in a decrease of \$4.6 million to employee related expenses in connection with an authoritative ruling in Spain related to the legally required cost of living adjustment for employees' salaries for the year 2010, 2011 and 2012.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk in the normal course of business, primarily related to accounts receivable and derivative instruments. Historically, the losses related to credit risk have been immaterial. The Company regularly monitors its credit risk to mitigate the possibility of current and future exposures resulting in a loss. The Company evaluates the creditworthiness of its clients prior to entering into an agreement to provide services and as necessary through the life of the client relationship. The Company does not believe it is exposed to more than a nominal amount of credit risk in its derivative hedging activities, as the Company diversifies its activities across six well-capitalized, investment-grade financial institutions.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair values of cash equivalents and accounts receivable and payable approximate the carrying amounts because of their short-term nature.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all cash and highly liquid short-term investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents. The Company manages a centralized global treasury function in the United States with a focus on concentrating and safeguarding its global cash and cash equivalents. While the majority of the Company's cash is held outside the U.S., the Company prefers to hold U.S. Dollars in addition to the local currencies of the foreign subsidiaries. The Company believes that it has effectively mitigated and managed its risk relating to its global cash through its cash management practices, banking partners, and utilization of diversified, high quality investments. However, the Company can provide no assurances that it will not sustain losses.

Accounts Receivable

An allowance for doubtful accounts is determined based on the aging of the Company's accounts receivable, historical experience, client financial condition, and management judgment. The Company writes off accounts receivable against the allowance when the Company determines a balance is uncollectible.

Derivatives

The Company enters into foreign exchange forward and option contracts to reduce its exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations that are associated with forecasted revenue earned in foreign locations. The Company also enters into interest rate derivatives which consist of interest rate swaps to reduce the Company's exposure to interest rate fluctuations associated with its variable rate debt. Upon proper qualification, these contracts are designated as cash flow hedges. The Company formally documents at the inception of the hedge all relationships between hedging instruments and hedged items as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedging activities.

All derivative financial instruments are reported at fair value and recorded in Other assets and Other liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value. Changes in fair value of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges are recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), a component of Stockholders' Equity, to the extent they are deemed effective. Ineffectiveness is measured based on the change in fair value of the forward contracts and the fair value of the hypothetical derivatives with terms that match the critical terms of the risk being hedged. Based on the criteria established by current accounting standards, the Company's cash flow hedge contracts are deemed to be highly effective. Any realized gains or losses resulting from the foreign currency cash flow hedges are recognized together with the hedged transaction within Revenue. Any realized gains or losses from the interest rate swaps are recognized in interest

income (expense). Gains and losses from the settlements of the Company's net investment hedges remain in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) until partial or complete liquidation of the applicable net investment.

The Company also enters into fair value derivative contracts that hedge against foreign currency exchange gains and losses primarily associated with short-term payables and receivables. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges affect the carrying value of the asset or liability hedged, with changes in both the derivative instrument and the hedged asset or liability being recognized in Other income (expense), net in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

In addition to hedging activities, the Company has embedded derivatives in certain foreign lease contracts. The Company bifurcates and calculates the fair values of the embedded derivative feature from the host contract with any changes in fair value of the embedded derivatives recognized in Cost of services.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are expensed as incurred.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Depreciation and amortization are computed on the straight-line method based on the following estimated useful lives:

Building	25 years
Computer equipment and software	3 to 7 years
Telephone equipment	4 to 7 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Leasehold improvements	Lesser of economic useful life (typically 10 years)
	or original lease term
Other	3 to 7 years

The Company evaluates the carrying value of property, plant and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An asset is considered to be impaired when the forecasted undiscounted cash flows of an asset group are estimated to be less than its carrying value. The amount of impairment recognized is the difference between the carrying value of the asset group and its fair value. Fair value estimates are based on assumptions concerning the amount and timing of forecasted future cash flows.

Software Development Costs

The Company capitalizes costs incurred to acquire or develop software for internal use. Capitalized software development costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life equal to the lesser of the license term or 4 years. The amortization expense is recorded in Depreciation and amortization in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Goodwill

The Company evaluates goodwill for possible impairment at least annually on December 1, and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. The Company uses a three step process to assess the realizability of goodwill. The first step, Step 0, is a qualitative assessment that analyzes current economic indicators associated with a particular reporting unit. For example, the Company analyzes changes in economic, market and industry conditions, business strategy, cost factors, and financial performance, among others, to determine if there would be a significant decline to the fair value of a particular reporting unit. A qualitative assessment also includes analyzing the excess fair value of a reporting unit over its carrying value from impairment assessments performed in previous years. If the qualitative assessment indicates a stable or improved fair value, no further testing is required.

If a qualitative assessment indicates that a significant decline to fair value of a reporting unit is more likely than not, or if a reporting unit's fair value has historically been closer to its carrying value, the Company will proceed to Step 1 testing where the Company calculates the fair value of a reporting unit. If Step 1 indicates that the carrying value of a reporting unit is in excess of its fair value, the Company will proceed to Step 2 where the fair value of the reporting unit will be allocated to assets and liabilities as they would in a business combination. Impairment occurs when the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its estimated fair value calculated in Step 2.

Contract Acquisition Costs

Amounts paid to or on behalf of clients to obtain long-term contracts are capitalized and amortized in proportion to the initial expected future revenue from the contract, which in most cases results in straight-line amortization over the life of the contract. These costs are recorded as a reduction to Revenue. The Company evaluates the recoverability of these costs based on the individual underlying client contracts' forecasted future cash flows.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements The Company has other intangible assets that include customer relationships (definite-lived) and trade names (indefinite-lived and definite-lived) and non-compete agreements (definite-lived). Definite-lived intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, which range from four to 11 years. The Company evaluates the carrying value of its definite-lived intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An asset is considered to be impaired when the forecasted undiscounted cash flows of its asset group are estimated to be less than its carrying value.

The Company evaluates indefinite-lived intangible assets for possible impairment at least annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. Similar to goodwill, the Company may first use a qualitative analysis to assess the realizability of its indefinite-lived intangible assets. The qualitative analysis will include a review of changes in economic, market and industry conditions, business strategy, cost factors, and financial performance, among others, to determine if there would be a significant decline to the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset. If a quantitative analysis is completed, an indefinite-lived intangible asset (a trade name) is evaluated for possible impairment by comparing the fair value of the asset with its carrying value. Fair value is estimated as the discounted value of future revenues arising from a trade name using a royalty rate that a market participant would pay for use of that trade name. An impairment charge is recorded if the trade name's carrying value exceeds its estimated fair value.

Self Insurance Liabilities

The Company self-insures for certain levels of workers' compensation, employee health, property, errors and omissions, cyber risks, and general liability insurance. The Company records estimated liabilities for these insurance lines based upon analyses of historical claims experience. The most significant assumption the Company makes in estimating these liabilities is that future claims experience will emerge in a similar pattern with historical claims experience. The liabilities related to workers' compensation and employee health insurance are included in Accrued employee compensation and benefits in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The liability for other general liability insurance is included in Other accrued expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Restructuring Liabilities

The Company routinely assesses the profitability and utilization of its delivery centers and existing markets. In some cases, the Company has chosen to close under-performing delivery centers and complete reductions in workforce to enhance future profitability. Severance payments that occur from reductions in workforce are in accordance with the Company's postemployment plans and/or statutory requirements that are communicated to all employees upon hire date; therefore, severance liabilities are recognized when they are determined to be probable and reasonably estimable. Other liabilities for costs associated with an exit or disposal activity are recognized when the liability is incurred, rather than upon commitment to a plan.

Grant Advances

The Company receives grants from various government agencies as an incentive to locate delivery centers in their jurisdictions. The Company's policy is to account for grant monies received in advance as a liability and recognize to income as either a reduction to Cost of services or Depreciation expense over the term of the grant, when it is reasonably assured that the conditions of the grant have been or will be met.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Income Taxes

Accounting for income taxes requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future income tax consequences of transactions that have been included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Gross deferred tax assets may then be reduced by a valuation allowance for amounts that do not satisfy the realization criteria established by current accounting standards.

The Company accounts for uncertain tax positions using a two-step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to determine if the weight of available evidence indicates that it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on audit. The second step is to estimate and measure the tax benefit as the amount that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the tax authority. The Company evaluates these uncertain tax positions on a quarterly basis. This evaluation is based on the consideration of several factors including changes in facts or circumstances, changes in applicable tax law, and settlement of issues under audit. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions as a part of the Provision for income taxes in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

The Company provides for U.S. income tax expense on the earnings of foreign subsidiaries unless the subsidiaries' earnings are considered permanently reinvested outside the U.S.

Equity-Based Compensation Expense

Equity-based compensation expense for all share-based payment awards granted is determined based on the grant-date fair value net of an estimated forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is typically the vesting term of the share-based payment award. The Company estimates the forfeiture rate annually based on its historical experience of forfeited awards.

Foreign Currency Translation

The assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign subsidiaries, whose functional currency is not the U.S. Dollar, are translated at the exchange rates in effect on the last day of the period and income and expenses are translated using the monthly average exchange rates in effect for the period in which the items occur. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within Stockholders' Equity. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are included in Other income (expense), net in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when evidence of an arrangement exists, the delivery of service has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured. The BPO inbound and outbound service fees are based on either a per minute, per hour, per transaction or per call basis. Certain client programs provide for adjustments to monthly billings based upon whether the Company achieves, exceeds or fails certain performance criteria. Adjustments to monthly billings consist of contractual bonuses/penalties, holdbacks and other performance based contingencies. Revenue recognition is limited to the amount that is not contingent upon delivery of future services or meeting other specified performance conditions.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Revenue also consists of services for agent training, program launch, professional consulting, fully-hosted or managed technology and learning innovation services. These service offerings may contain multiple element arrangements whereby the Company determines if those service offerings represent separate units of accounting. A deliverable constitutes a separate unit of accounting when it has standalone value and delivery or performance of the undelivered items is considered probable and substantially within our control. If those deliverables are determined to be separate units of accounting, revenue is recognized as services are provided. If those deliverables are not determined to be separate units of accounting, revenue for the delivered services are bundled into one unit of accounting and recognized over the life of the arrangement or at the time all services and deliverables have been delivered and satisfied. The Company allocates revenue to each of the deliverables based on a selling price hierarchy of vendor specific objective evidence ("VSOE"), third-party evidence, and then estimated selling price. VSOE is based on the price charged when the deliverable is sold separately. Third-party evidence is based on largely interchangeable competitor services in standalone sales to similarly situated customers. Estimated selling price is based on the Company's best estimate of what the selling prices of deliverables would be if they were sold regularly on a standalone basis. Estimated selling price is established considering multiple factors including, but not limited to, pricing practices in different geographies, service offerings, and customer classifications. Once the Company allocates revenue to each deliverable, the Company recognizes revenue when all revenue recognition criteria are met.

Deferred Revenue and Costs

The Company records amounts billed and received, but not earned, as deferred revenue. These amounts are recorded in Deferred revenue or as a component of Other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets based on the period over which the Company expects to render services.

We defer revenue for initial training that occurs upon commencement of a new contract if that training is billed separately because the training is not considered to provide standalone value from other services. Accordingly, the corresponding training costs, consisting primarily of labor and related expenses, are also deferred. In these circumstances, both the training revenue and costs are amortized straight-line over the life of the contract as a component of Revenue and Cost of services, respectively. In situations where these initial training costs are not billed separately, but rather included in the hourly service rates paid by the client over the life of the contract, no deferral is necessary as the revenue is being recognized over the life of the contract and the associated training costs are expensed as incurred.

Rent Expense

The Company has negotiated certain rent holidays, landlord/tenant incentives and escalations in the base price of rent payments over the initial term of its operating leases. The initial term includes the "build-out" period of leases, where no rent payments are typically due. The Company recognizes rent holidays and rent escalations on a straight-line basis to rent expense over the lease term. The landlord/tenant incentives are recorded as an increase to deferred rent liabilities and amortized on a straight line basis to rent expense over the initial lease term.

Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations relate to legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-lived assets resulting from the acquisition, construction, development and/or normal use of the underlying assets.

The Company records all asset retirement obligations at estimated fair value. The Company's asset retirement obligations primarily relate to clauses in its delivery center operating leases which require the Company to return the leased premises to its original condition. The associated asset retirement obligations are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the underlying asset and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. The liability, reported within Other long-term liabilities, is accreted through charges to operating expenses. If the asset retirement obligation is settled for an amount other than the carrying amount of the liability, the Company recognizes a gain or loss on settlement.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-08, "Presentation of Financial Statements and Property, Plant, and Equipment — Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity." ASU 2014-08 provides new guidance related to the definition of a discontinued operation and requires new disclosures of both discontinued operations and certain other disposals that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation. This new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014 and interim periods within those years. Beginning in 2015, the Company will apply the new guidance, as applicable, to future disposals of components or classifications as held for sale, but the Company does not expect it to have a significant impact on its financial position, results of operation or related disclosures.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." ASU 2014-09 provides new guidance related to how an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In addition, ASU 2014-09 specifies new accounting for costs associated with obtaining or fulfilling contracts with customers and expands the required disclosures related to revenue and cash flows from contracts with customers. This new guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016, and can be adopted either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption, with early application not permitted. The Company is currently determining its implementation approach and assessing the impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, "Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period". ASU 2014-12 requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. This new guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2015, and early adoption is permitted. Beginning in 2016, the Company will apply the new guidance as applicable and is currently assessing the impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, "Presentation of Financial Statements - Going Concern", as a new Sub-topic, Accounting Standards Codification Sub-topic 205.40. The new going concern standard codifies in GAAP management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. This ASU is effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2016 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating when it will adopt the standard but does not expect it to have a significant impact on its financial position, results of operation or related disclosures.

(2) ACQUISITIONS

rogenSi

In the third quarter of 2014, as an addition to the Customer Strategy Services ("CSS") segment, the Company acquired substantially all operating assets of rogenSi Worldwide PTY, Ltd., a global leadership, change management, sales, performance training and consulting company.

The total purchase price was \$34.3 million, subject to certain working capital adjustments, and consists of \$18.0 million in cash at closing and an estimated \$14.5 million in three earn-out payments, contingent on the acquired companies and TeleTech's CSS segment achieving certain agreed earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") targets, as defined in the sale and purchase agreement. Additionally, the estimated purchase price included a \$1.8 million hold-back payment for contingencies as defined in the sale and purchase agreement which will be paid in the first quarter of 2016, if required. The total contingent consideration possible per the sale and purchase agreement ranges from zero to \$17.6 million and the earn-out payments are payable in early 2015, 2016 and 2017, based on July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014, and full year 2015 and 2016 performance, respectively.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The fair value of the contingent consideration was measured based on significant inputs not observable in the market (Level 3 inputs). Key assumptions include a discount rate of 4.6% and expected future value of payments of \$15.3 million. The \$15.3 million of expected future payments was calculated using a probability weighted EBITDA assessment with the highest probability associated with rogenSi achieving the targeted EBITDA for each earn-out year. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of the contingent consideration was approximately \$14.5 million. During the fourth quarter of 2014, the Company recorded a fair value adjustment of the contingent consideration of \$0.5 million based on revised estimates noting higher probability of exceeding the EBITDA targets (see Note 10). As of December 31, 2014, the fair value of the contingent consideration was \$15.2 million, of which \$6.4 million and \$8.8 million were included in Other accrued expenses and Other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets, respectively.

The following summarizes the preliminary estimated fair values of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date (in thousands):

	Preliminary Estimate of Acquisition Date Fair Value
Cash	\$ 2,670
Accounts receivable, net	6,417
Other assets	3,328
Property, plant and equipment	578
Customer relationships	9,314
Goodwill	20,860
	43,167
Accounts payable	708
Accrued employee compensation and benefits	2,203
Accrued expenses	1,146
Other	4,845
	8,902
Total purchase price	\$ 34,265

The estimates of fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are preliminary, pending completion of a valuation, thus are subject to revisions that may result in adjustments to the values presented above.

The rogenSi customer relationships have been estimated based on similar acquisitions and are amortized over an estimated useful life of five years. The goodwill recognized from the rogenSi acquisition is estimated to be attributable, but not limited to, the acquired workforce and expected synergies within CSS. None of the tax basis of the acquired intangibles and goodwill will be deductible for income tax purposes. The acquired goodwill and the operating results of rogenSi are reported, as its own reporting unit, within the CSS segment from the date of acquisition.

Sofica

In the first quarter of 2014, as an addition to the Customer Management Services ("CMS") segment, the Company acquired a 100% interest in Sofica Group, a Bulgarian joint stock company ("Sofica"). Sofica provides customer lifecycle management and other business process services across multiple channels in multiple sites in over 18 languages.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The purchase price of \$14.2 million included \$9.4 million in cash consideration (including working capital adjustments) and an estimated \$3.8 million in earn-out payments, payable in 2015 and 2016, contingent on Sofica achieving specified EBITDA targets, as defined by the stock purchase agreement. The total contingent consideration possible per the stock purchase agreement ranges from zero to \$7.5 million. Additionally, the purchase price includes a \$1.0 million hold-back payment for contingencies as defined in the stock purchase agreement which will be paid in the second quarter of 2016, if required.

The fair value of the contingent consideration was measured based on significant inputs not observable in the market (Level 3 inputs). Key assumptions include a discount rate of 5.0% and expected future value of payments of \$4.0 million. The \$4.0 million of expected future payments was calculated using a probability weighted EBITDA assessment with the highest probability associated with Sofica achieving the targeted EBITDA for each earn-out year. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of the contingent consideration was approximately \$3.8 million. During the third and fourth quarters of 2014, the Company recorded fair value adjustments of the contingent consideration of \$1.8 million and \$0.6 million, respectively based on revised estimates noting higher probability of exceeding the EBITDA targets (see Note 10). As of December 31, 2014, the fair value of the contingent consideration was \$6.3 million, of which \$2.8 million and \$3.5 million were included in Other accrued expenses and Other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets, respectively.

The following summarizes the fair values of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date (in thousands):

	isition Date air Value
Cash	\$ 857
Accounts receivable, net	3,175
Other assets	378
Property, plant and equipment	653
Customer relationships	4,915
Goodwill	6,358
	 16,336
Accounts payable	296
Accrued employee compensation and benefits	697
Accrued expenses	664
Other	507
	 2,164
Total purchase price	\$ 14,172

The Sofica customer relationships, trade name and non-compete agreements have an estimated useful life of six years, three years and five years, respectively. The goodwill recognized from the Sofica acquisition was attributable primarily to the acquired workforce of Sofica, expected synergies, and other factors. None of the tax basis of the acquired intangibles and goodwill will be deductible for income tax purposes. The acquired goodwill and the operating results of Sofica are reported within the CMS segment from the date of acquisition.

WebMetro

In the third quarter of 2013, as an addition to the Customer Growth Services ("CGS") segment, the Company acquired 100% of WebMetro, a California corporation ("WebMetro"), a digital marketing agency.

The total purchase price was \$17.8 million, including \$15.3 million in cash consideration (inclusive of working capital adjustments) and an estimated \$2.5 million in earn-out payments, payable in 2014 and 2015, contingent on WebMetro achieving specified EBITDA targets, as defined by the stock purchase agreement.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company was also obligated to make earn-out payments over the next two years if WebMetro achieved specified EBITDA targets, as defined by the stock purchase agreement. The fair value of the contingent payments was measured based on significant inputs not observable

in the market (Level 3 inputs). Key assumptions include a discount rate of 5.3% and expected future value of payments of \$2.6 million. The \$2.6 million of expected future payments was calculated using a bell curve probability weighted EBITDA assessment with the highest probability associated with WebMetro achieving the targeted EBITDA for each earn-out year. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of the contingent payments was approximately \$2.5 million. The first contingent payment of \$1.0 million was completed in the second quarter of 2014. During the third quarter of 2014, the Company recorded a fair value adjustment to reduce the contingent consideration by \$1.7 million based on revised estimates noting the achievement of the EBITDA target is remote (see Note 10). As of December 31, 2014, the fair value of the remaining contingent consideration was zero.

In the third quarter of 2014, the Company finalized its valuation of WebMetro for the acquisition date assets acquired and liabilities assumed. There were no material measurement period adjustments in 2014.

Other Acquisitions

iKnowtion

In the first quarter of 2012, as an addition to the CSS segment, the Company acquired an 80% interest in iKnowtion, LLC ("iKnowtion"). iKnowtion integrates proven marketing analytics methodologies and business consulting capabilities to help clients improve their return on marketing expenditures in such areas as demand generation, share of wallet, and channel mix optimization.

The total cash consideration paid was \$1.2 million.

The Company is also obligated to make earn-out payments over the next four years if iKnowtion achieves specified earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") targets, as defined by the purchase and sale agreement. The fair value of the contingent payments was measured based on significant inputs not observable in the market (Level 3 inputs). Key assumptions include a discount rate of 21% and expected future value of payments of \$4.3 million. The \$4.3 million of expected future payments was calculated using a probability weighted EBITDA assessment with higher probability associated with iKnowtion achieving the maximum EBITDA targets. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of the contingent payments was approximately \$2.9 million. The first contingent payment of \$1.4 million was completed during the first quarter of 2014. As of December 31, 2014, the fair value of the remaining contingent consideration was \$2.3 million, of which \$1.8 million and \$0.5 million were included in Other accrued expenses and Other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets, respectively.

In the event iKnowtion meets certain EBITDA targets for calendar year 2015, the purchase and sale agreement requires TeleTech to purchase the remaining 20% interest in iKnowtion in 2016 for an amount equal to a multiple of iKnowtion's 2015 EBITDA as defined in the purchase and sale agreement. Refer to Note 17 for more information related to the mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest.

Guidon

In the fourth quarter of 2012, as an addition to the CSS segment, the Company acquired 100% of the stock of Guidon Performance Solutions' ("Guidon") parent company. Guidon provides operational consulting services and designs solutions for operational and cultural transformation for global clients.

The total cash consideration paid was \$5.7 million.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company was also obligated to make earn-out payments over the next two years if Guidon achieved specified EBITDA targets as defined in the stock purchase agreement. The fair value of the contingent payments was measured based on significant inputs not observable in the market (Level 3 inputs). Key assumptions included in the fair value calculation include a discount rate of 21% and expected future value of payments of \$2.8 million. The \$2.8 million of expected future payments was calculated using a probability weighted EBITDA assessment with higher probability associated with Guidon achieving the maximum EBITDA targets. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of the contingent payments was approximately \$2.1 million. The first contingent payment of \$1.4 million was completed during the first quarter of 2014. During the first quarter of 2014, an agreement was reached in which a fixed final payment was established of \$1.0 million which will be paid in the first quarter of 2015. As of December 31, 2014, the \$1.0 million accrual was included in Other accrued expenses and Other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

TSG

In the fourth quarter of 2012, as an addition to the Customer Technology Services ("CTS") segment, the Company acquired a 100% interest in Technology Solutions Group, Inc. ("TSG"). TSG designs and implements custom communications systems for a variety of business types and sizes.

The total purchase price was \$44.5 million and the total up-front cash consideration paid was \$33.3 million.

The Company is also obligated to make earn-out payments over three years if TSG achieves specified EBITDA targets, as defined by the stock purchase agreement. The fair value of the contingent payments was measured based on significant inputs not observable in the market (Level 3 inputs). Key assumptions included in the fair value calculation include a discount rate of 4.6% and expected future value of payments of \$12.2 million. The \$12.2 million of expected future payments was calculated using a bell curve probability weighted EBITDA assessment with the highest probability associated with TSG achieving the targeted EBITDA for each earn-out year. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of the contingent payments was approximately \$11.1 million. The first contingent payment of \$5.3 million was completed during the second quarter of 2014. During the second and fourth quarters of 2014, the Company recorded fair value adjustments of \$4.0 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, to reduce the contingent consideration based on revised estimates noting the achievement of the EBITDA targets for 2014 and 2015 are remote (see Note 10). As of December 31, 2014 the fair value of the contingent consideration was zero.

Globant

The Company signed an agreement effective January 31, 2014 to transfer its assets, operations and employees in Argentina to IAFH Global S.A., better known as Globant, a technology service provider based in Argentina. This action placed our assets and employees with a leader focused on developing innovative software products. As part of this agreement, Globant will provide services to TeleTech through their Development Center in Buenos Aires.

Financial Impact of Acquired Businesses

The acquired businesses purchased in 2014, 2013 and 2012 noted above contributed revenues of \$91.9 million, \$69.1 million and \$8.9 million and income from operations of \$7.7 million, \$10.0 million and \$1.4 million, inclusive of \$6.3 million, \$4.2 million and \$0.4 million of acquired intangible amortization, to the Company for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(3) SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company reports the following four segments:

- the CMS segment includes the customer experience delivery solutions which integrate innovative technology with highly-trained customer experience professionals to optimize the customer experience across all channels and all stages of the customer lifecycle from an onshore, offshore or work-from-home environment;
- the CGS segment provides technology-enabled sales and marketing solutions that support revenue generation across the customer lifecycle, including sales advisory, search engine optimization, digital demand generation, lead qualification, and acquisition sales, growth and retention services;
- the CTS segment includes operational and design consulting, systems integration, and cloud and on-premise managed services, the requirements needed to design, deliver and maintain best-in-class multichannel customer engagement platforms; and
- the CSS segment provides professional services in customer experience strategy, customer intelligence analytics, system and
 operational process optimization, and culture development and knowledge management.

The Company allocates to each segment its portion of corporate operating expenses. All intercompany transactions between the reported segments for the periods presented have been eliminated.

The following tables present certain financial data by segment (in thousands):

Year Ended December 31, 2014

					D	epreciation	
	Gross Revenue	Ir	ntersegment Sales	Net Revenue	А	& mortization	 come from Operations
Customer Management Services	\$ 923,497	\$	_	\$ 923,497	\$	40,577	\$ 76,792
Customer Growth Services	115,434			115,434		6,048	7,255
Customer Technology Services	139,218		(36)	139,182		7,489	4,519
Customer Strategy Services	63,668			63,668		2,424	7,909
Total	\$ 1,241,817	\$	(36)	\$ 1,241,781	\$	56,538	\$ 96,475

Year Ended December 31, 2013

					D	epreciation	
	Gross Revenue	Ir	ntersegment Sales	Net Revenue	А	& mortization	come from Operations
Customer Management Services	\$ 892,145	\$	(1,262)	\$ 890,883	\$	33,884	\$ 75,689
Customer Growth Services	100,996		—	100,996		4,127	3,024
Customer Technology Services	152,769		(284)	152,485		6,201	19,965
Customer Strategy Services	49,643		(850)	48,793		1,852	2,721
Total	\$ 1,195,553	\$	(2,396)	\$ 1,193,157	\$	46,064	\$ 101,399

Year Ended December 31, 2012

					De	epreciation	
	Gross Revenue	Ir	itersegment Sales	Net Revenue	Aı	& mortization	 come from Operations
Customer Management Services	\$ 923,774	\$	_	\$ 923,774	\$	32,714	\$ 60,271
Customer Growth Services	100,846		(74)	100,772		3,904	2,258
Customer Technology Services	101,430		(4,582)	96,848		3,026	15,714
Customer Strategy Services	43,358		(1,771)	41,587		1,522	302
Total	\$ 1,169,408	\$	(6,427)	\$ 1,162,981	\$	41,166	\$ 78,545

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

		As of and for the Year Ended Decembe					ıber 31,	
		2014		2013			2012	
Capital Expenditures								
Customer Management Services		\$	49,630	\$	40,007	\$	32,736	
Customer Growth Services			3,195		3,421		3,983	
Customer Technology Services			14,423		6,450		3,390	
Customer Strategy Services			393		486		544	
Total		\$	67,641	\$	50,364	\$	40,653	
Total Assets								
Customer Management Services		\$	514,957	\$	554,015	\$	588,627	
Customer Growth Services			88,394		86,416		54,164	
Customer Technology Services			159,441		157,040		152,500	
Customer Strategy Services			89,683		44,871		56,339	
Total		\$	852,475	\$	842,342	\$	851,630	
Goodwill								
Customer Management Services		\$	25,871	\$	19,819	\$	20,288	
Customer Growth Services			30,395		30,128		24,439	
Customer Technology Services			42,709		42,709		42,153	
Customer Strategy Services			29,730		10,087		11,361	
Total		\$	128,705	\$	102,743	\$	98,241	
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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following tables present certain financial data based upon the geographic location where the services are provided (in thousands):

	As of and for the Year Ended December 31,					
		2014		2013	·	2012
Revenue						
United States	\$	603.297	\$	556.239	\$	474,236
Philippines	Ŧ	348,339	Ŧ	354,942	Ŷ	334,541
Latin America		172,270		176,906		188,071
Europe / Middle East / Africa		83,944		72,644		111,304
Asia Pacific		28,294		18,489		17,652
Canada		5,637		13,937		37,177
Total	\$	1,241,781	\$	1,193,157	\$	1,162,981
Property, plant and equipment, gross						
United States	\$	382,508	\$	337,311	\$	311,904
Philippines		119,482		101,123		107,676
Latin America		67,193		75,618		70,915
Europe / Middle East / Africa		13,367		12,311		8,767
Asia Pacific		26,502		28,195		29,884
Canada		19,299		20,941		25,908
Total	\$	628,351	\$	575,499	\$	555,054
Other long-term assets						
United States	\$	27,728	\$	34,891	\$	35,978
Philippines		5,202		4,408		4,124
Latin America		1,456		5,299		4,696
Europe / Middle East / Africa		692		311		887
Asia Pacific		1,309		779		1,004
Canada		271		38		95
Total	\$	36,658	\$	45,726	\$	46,784

(4) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND SIGNIFICANT CLIENTS

Accounts receivable, net in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets consists of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,				
	2014		2013		
Accounts receivable	\$ 279,857	\$	239,914		
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(3,425)		(3,815)		
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 276,432	\$	236,099		

TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Activity in the Company's Allowance for doubtful accounts consists of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,					
		2014	2013			2012
Balance, beginning of year	\$	3,815	\$	3,635	\$	3,559
Provision for doubtful accounts		633		695		368
Uncollectible receivables written-off		(681)		(315)		(209)
Effect of foreign currency		(342)		(200)		(83)
Balance, end of year	\$	3,425	\$	3,815	\$	3,635

Significant Clients

The Company had one client that contributed in excess of 10% of total revenue in the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012. This client operates in the communications industry and is included in the Customer Management Services segment. The revenue from this client as a percentage of total revenue was as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2014	2013	2012			
Telecommunications client	11%	12%	10%			
Accounts receivable from this client was as follows (in thousands):						
	Year E	Ended December 31,				
	2014	2013	2012			

Telecommunications client

The loss of one or more of its significant clients could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, operating results, or financial condition. The Company does not require collateral from its clients. To limit the Company's credit risk, management performs periodic credit evaluations of its clients and maintains allowances for uncollectible accounts and may require pre-payment for services. Although the Company is impacted by economic conditions in various industry segments, management does not believe significant credit risk exists as of December 31, 2014.

\$

38,400

\$

24,120

\$

25,471

(5) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following (in thousands):

	 December 31,			
	 2014		2013	
Land and buildings	\$ 38,833	\$	38,833	
Computer equipment and software	334,127		297,567	
Telephone equipment	38,925		39,238	
Furniture and fixtures	57,411		50,638	
Leasehold improvements	158,844		148,890	
Motor vehicles	175		188	
Construction-in-progress and other	 36		145	
Property, plant and equipment, gross	628,351		575,499	
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(478,139)		(448,780)	
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 150,212	\$	126,719	

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Depreciation and amortization expense for property, plant and equipment was \$46.9 million, \$38.7 million and \$37.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

(6) GOODWILL

Goodwill consisted of the following (in thousands):

	De	cember 31, 2013		quisitions / ljustments	Imp	airments		onsolidation Subsidiary	 Effect of Foreign Currency	De	cember 31, 2014
Customer Management Services	\$	19,819	\$	6,358	\$		\$		\$ (306)	\$	25,871
Customer Growth Services		30,128		267				_	_		30,395
Customer Technology Services		42,709		_		_			_		42,709
Customer Strategy Services		10,087		21,210					(1,567)		29,730
Total	\$	102,743	\$	27,835	\$		\$		\$ (1,873)	\$	128,705
	De	cember 31,	Ace	quisitions /	Imp	airments	Dec	onsolidation	Effect of	De	cember 31,

	 2012	Ad	justments	 	 of Subsidiary	 Foreign Currency	 2013
Customer Management Services	\$ 20,288	\$		\$ _	\$ _	\$ (469)	\$ 19,819
Customer Growth Services	24,439		5,689			_	30,128
Customer Technology Services	42,153		478	_	_	78	42,709
Customer Strategy Services	11,361		_		(1,274)		10,087
Total	\$ 98,241	\$	6,167	\$ 	\$ (1,274)	\$ (391)	\$ 102,743

Impairment

The Company has eleven reporting units with goodwill and performs a goodwill impairment test on at least an annual basis. The Company conducts its annual goodwill impairment test during the fourth quarter, or more frequently, if indicators of impairment exist. During 2014, the Company identified indicators of impairment for the TSG reporting unit, including lower revenues and profits than had been anticipated at the time of the acquisition and the 2014 budget/forecast. Upon identification of the impairment indicators, we completed a quantitative assessment of goodwill (Step 1 of the goodwill impairment analysis). The carrying value of TSG was \$34.1 million at December 1, 2014, including \$23.0 million of goodwill. Based on our assessment, the estimated fair value of the TSG reporting unit exceeded its carrying value by approximately 19.0%. The estimate of fair value was based on generally accepted valuation techniques and information available at the date of the assessment, which incorporated management's assumptions about expected revenues and future cash flows and available market information for comparable companies.

For the annual goodwill impairment analysis, the Company elected to perform a Step 1 evaluation for all of its reporting units, which includes comparing a reporting unit's estimated fair value to its carrying value. The determination of fair value requires significant judgments including estimation of future cash flows, which is dependent on internal forecasts, estimation of the long-term growth rates for the businesses, the useful lives over which the cash flows will occur and determination of appropriate discount rates (based in part on the Company's weighted average cost of capital). Changes in these estimates and assumptions could materially affect the determination of fair value and/or conclusions on goodwill impairment for each reporting unit. As of December 1, 2014, the date of the annual impairment testing, the Company concluded that the fair values of all reporting units were in excess of their respective carrying values and the goodwill for those reporting units was not impaired.

The process of evaluating the fair value of the reporting units is highly subjective and requires significant judgment and estimates as the reporting units operate in a number of markets and geographical regions. We used an income approach to determine our best estimates of fair value which incorporated the following significant assumptions:

- · Revenue projections, including revenue growth during the forecast periods ranging from 3% to 20%;
- · EBITDA margin projections held flat over the forecast periods ranging from 10% to 15%;
- Estimated income tax rates of 27% to 40%;

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- Estimated capital expenditures ranging from \$0.1 million to \$24 million; and
- Discount rates ranging from 12% to 17% based on various inputs, including the risks associated with the specific reporting units as well
 as their revenue growth and EBITDA margin assumptions.

As noted above, the Company has concluded that goodwill for all reporting units was not impaired at December 1, 2014. While no impairment indicators were identified, due to the small margin of fair value in excess of carrying value for two reporting units, Revana (approximately 6.0%) and WebMetro (approximately 11%), these reporting units remain at considerable risk for future impairment if projected operating results are not met or other inputs into the fair value measurement change.

If all assumptions are held constant, a 1% increase in the discount rate would result in approximately \$4.5 million decrease in the estimated fair value of the Revana reporting unit. A 5% percentage annual decrease in the projected revenue over the forecast period would result in a \$9.2 million decrease in the estimated fair value of the Revana reporting unit. Such a change in either of these assumptions individually would have resulted in the Revana reporting unit failing Step 1 of the goodwill impairment analysis at December 1, 2014.

If all assumptions are held constant, a 1.5% point increase in the discount rate would result in approximately \$2.8 million decrease in the estimated fair value of the WebMetro reporting unit. A 5% annual decrease in the projected revenue over the forecast period would result in a \$3.3 million decrease in the estimated fair value of the WebMetro reporting unit. Such a change in either of these assumptions individually would have resulted in the WebMetro reporting unit failing Step 1 of the goodwill impairment analysis at December 1, 2014.

(7) CONTRACT ACQUISITION COSTS

Contract acquisition costs, net, which are included in Other long-term assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	 December 31,					
	 2014		2013			
Contract acquisition costs, gross	\$ 2,415	\$	5,278			
Less: Accumulated amortization	(1,187)		(3,636)			
Contract acquisition costs, net	\$ 1,228	\$	1,642			

Amortization of contract acquisition costs recorded as a reduction to Revenue was \$0.9 million, \$1.2 million and \$1.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Expected future amortization of contract acquisition costs as of December 31, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

2015	\$	510
2016		302
2017		301
2015 2016 2017 2018		115
Total	\$	1,228
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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(8) OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Other intangible assets which are included in Other long-term assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets consisted of the following (in thousands):

	December 31, 2013		Amortization and Impairment		Acquisitions		Effect of Foreign Currency		Dee	cember 31, 2014
Customer relationships, gross	\$	50,830	\$	_		14,115		(1,031)	\$	63,914
Customer relationships - accumulated amortization		(13,547)		(6,779)		—				(20,326)
Other intangible assets, gross		11,634				1,607		(128)		13,114
Other intangible assets - accumulated amortization		(3,818)		(2,691)		_		_		(6,509)
Trade name - indefinite life		9,713				—		—		9,713
Other intangible assets, net	\$	54,812	\$	(9,470)	\$	15,722	\$	(1,159)	\$	59,905

	December 31, 2012		Amortization and Impairment		Acquisitions		Effect of Foreign Currency		De	cember 31, 2013
Customer relationships, gross	\$	46,171	\$		\$	5,920	\$	(1,261)	\$	50,830
Customer relationships - accumulated amortization		(8,588)		(5,343)		—		384		(13,547)
Other intangible assets, gross		8,021				3,600		13		11,634
Other intangible assets - accumulated amortization		(1,943)		(1,875)						(3,818)
Trade name - indefinite life		10,800		(1,087)				—		9,713
Other intangible assets, net	\$	54,461	\$	(8,305)	\$	9,520	\$	(864)	\$	54,812

Customer relationships are being amortized over the remaining weighted average useful life of 8.4 years and other intangible assets are being amortized over the remaining weighted average useful life of 3.7 years. Amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$9.6 million, \$7.2 million and \$3.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Expected future amortization of other intangible assets as of December 31, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

2015	\$ 10,	768
2016	10,4	
2017		075
2018	7,2	203
2019	6,0	027
Thereafter	7,4	434
Total	\$ 50,9	910
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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

In connection with the reorganization of the CSS segment an interim impairment analysis was completed during the second quarter of 2013. The indefinite-lived intangible asset evaluated for impairment consisted of the PRG trade name. The Company calculated the fair value of the trade name using a relief from royalty method based on forecasted revenues sold under the trade name using significant inputs not observable in the market (Level 3 inputs). The valuation assumptions included an estimated royalty rate of 6.0%, a discount rate specific to the trade name of 38.0% and a perpetuity growth rate of 7.0%. Based on the calculated fair value of \$5.3 million, the Company recorded impairment expense of \$1.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2013. The Company reevaluated the PRG trade name for impairment as of December 31, 2013. The Company used the same method to fair value the PRG trade name and similar inputs described above. The forecasted revenues used to fair value the PRG trade name changed resulting in a fair value of \$5.7 million. This fair value was approximately 7% higher than the book value of \$5.3 million. As a result, the Company continues to evaluate the PRG trade name for impairment.

Definite-lived long-lived assets consisted of fixed assets and an intangible asset related to the PRG customer relationships. The Company determined that the undiscounted future cash flows would be sufficient to cover the net book value of all definite-lived long-lived assets upon reorganization of the Customer Strategy Services segment and as of December 31, 2013.

(9) DERIVATIVES

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company enters into foreign exchange and interest rate related derivatives. Foreign exchange derivatives entered into consist of forward and option contracts to reduce the Company's exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations that are associated with forecasted revenue earned in foreign locations. Interest rate derivatives consist of interest rate swaps to reduce the Company's exposure to interest rate fluctuations associated with its variable rate debt. Upon proper qualification, these contracts are designated as cash flow hedges. It is the Company's policy to only enter into derivative contracts with investment grade counterparty financial institutions, and correspondingly, the fair value of derivative assets consider, among other factors, the creditworthiness of these counterparties. Conversely, the fair value of derivative liabilities reflects the Company's creditworthiness. As of December 31, 2014, the Company had not experienced, nor did it anticipate, any issues related to derivative counterparty defaults. The following table summarizes the aggregate unrealized net gain or loss in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands and net of tax):

	Year Ended December 31,						
		2014 2013			2012		
	•		•	0.550	•		
Aggregate unrealized net gain/(loss) at beginning of year	\$	(8,352)	\$	9,559	\$	(5,852)	
Add: Net gain/(loss) from change in fair value of cash flow hedges		(12,121)		(13,721)		17,748	
Less: Net (gain)/loss reclassified to earnings from effective hedges		2,128		(4,190)		(2,337)	
Aggregate unrealized net gain/(loss) at end of year	\$	(18,345)	\$	(8,352)	\$	9,559	
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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's foreign exchange cash flow hedging instruments as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 are summarized as follows (in thousands). All hedging instruments are forward contracts.

As of December 31, 2014	Local Currency Notional Amount	U.S. Dollar Notional Amount	% Maturing in 2015	Contracts Maturing Through
Canadian Dollar	1,500	\$ 1,441	100.0%	June 2015
Philippine Peso	17,428,000	398,046 (1)	40.0%	August 2019
Mexican Peso	2,532,000	179,089	29.7%	September 2019
New Zealand Dollar	490	381	100.0%	July 2015
		\$ 578,957		

As of December 31, 2013	Local Currency Notional Amount	I	U.S. Dollar Notional Amount
Canadian Dollar	7,500	\$	7,336
Philippine Peso	17,355,000		404,638 (1)
Mexican Peso	2,305,500		166,132
British Pound Sterling	1,200		1,853 ⁽²⁾
New Zealand Dollars	150		117
		\$	580,076

⁽¹⁾ Includes contracts to purchase Philippine pesos in exchange for New Zealand dollars and Australian dollars, which are translated into equivalent U.S. dollars on December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

The Company's interest rate swap arrangements as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

	Notional Amount	Variable Rate Received	Fixed Rate Paid	Contract Commencement Date	Contract Maturity Date
As of December 31, 2014	\$ 25 million	1 - month LIBOR	2.55%	April 2012	April 2016
and 2013	15 million	1 - month LIBOR	3.14%	May 2012	May 2017
	\$ 40 million				

Fair Value Hedges

The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to economically hedge against foreign currency exchange gains and losses on certain receivables and payables of the Company's foreign operations. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges are recognized in earnings in Other income (expense), net. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the total notional amount of the Company's forward contracts used as fair value hedges was \$242.5 million and \$204.5 million, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Includes contracts to purchase British pound sterling in exchange for Euros, which are translated into equivalent U.S. dollars on December 31, 2013.

Derivative Valuation and Settlements

The Company's derivatives as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	December 31, 2014										
Designation:		Designated Instrur			Not Designated as Hedging Instruments						
Derivative contract type:		Foreign Exchange		Interest Rate		Foreign Exchange		Leases			
Derivative classification:		Cash Flow		Cash Flow		Fair Value		Embedded Derivative			
Fair value and location of derivative in the Consolidated Balance Sheet:											
Prepaids and other current assets	\$	192	\$		\$	797	\$	_			
Other long-term assets		389		_		_					
Other current liabilities		(12,680)		(988)		(5)		_			
Other long-term liabilities		(17,070)		(452)							
Total fair value of derivatives, net	\$	(29,169)	\$	(1,440)	\$	792	\$				

		December 31, 2013										
Designation:	Designated as Hedging Instruments					Not Designated as Hedging Instruments						
Derivative contract type:		Foreign Interest Exchange Rate				Foreign Exchange		Leases Embedded				
Derivative classification:		Cash Flow		Cash Flow		Fair Value		Derivative				
Fair value and location of derivative in the Consolidated Balance Sheet:												
Prepaids and other current assets	\$	3,379	\$	_	\$	97	\$	_				
Other long-term assets		1,439		_		_		_				
Other current liabilities		(4,595)		(1,028)		(815)		(116)				
Other long-term liabilities		(11,708)		(1,124)		_						
Total fair value of derivatives, net	\$	(11,485)	\$	(2,152)	\$	(718)	\$	(116)				
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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The effect of derivative instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

						Y	'ear E	nded De	ecemb	er 31,				
					20	14				2	013			
Designation:				Designated as Hedging Instruments						Designated as Hedging Instruments				
Derivative contract type:				Foreign Exchang	e						Foreign Exchange		Interest Rate	
Derivative classification:		Cash Flow Cash Flow							Cash Flow		Cash	Flow		
Amount of gain or (loss) recognized in o comprehensive income (loss) - effective tax					1,926)	\$	((195)	\$	(13,530)	\$		(191)	
Amount and location of net gain or (loss) accumulated OCI to income - effective		from												
Revenue			\$	(2	2,429)	\$		—	\$	7,973	\$			
Interest expense					—		(1,	060)					(1,047)	
					Y	ear Ended D	ecem	ber 31,						
			20	14						2013				
Designation:	Not	Design	ated as H	ledging In	strumen	ts		Not	t Desig	gnated as Hedgi	strumen	ts		
Derivative contract type:			xchange		L	eases			0	Exchange		Le	eases	
Derivative classification:	Option an Forward Contracts		Fair \	Value		bedded rivative		Option a Forwar Contrac	d	Fair Value			oedded ivative	
Amount and location of net gain or (loss) recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss):														
Cost of services	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(116)	\$		_	\$	_	\$	162	
Other income (expense), net		—		(386)					—	(6,3	360)			

(10) FAIR VALUE

The authoritative guidance for fair value measurements establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy requires that the Company maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1 — Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following presents information as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 of the Company's assets and liabilities required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as the fair value hierarchy used to determine their fair value.

Accounts Receivable and Payable - The amounts recorded in the accompanying balance sheets approximate fair value because of their short-term nature.

Debt - The Company's debt consists primarily of the Company's Credit Agreement, which permits floating-rate borrowings based upon the current Prime Rate or LIBOR plus a credit spread as determined by the Company's leverage ratio calculation (as defined in the Credit Agreement). As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company had \$100.0 million and \$100.0 million, respectively, of borrowings outstanding under the Credit Agreement. During 2014 and 2013, borrowings accrued interest at an average rate of 1.2% and 1.4% per annum, respectively, excluding unused commitment fees. The amounts recorded in the accompanying Balance Sheets approximate fair value due to the variable nature of the debt.

Derivatives - Net derivative assets (liabilities) are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The portfolio is valued using models based on market observable inputs, including both forward and spot foreign exchange rates, interest rates, implied volatility, and counterparty credit risk, including the ability of each party to execute its obligations under the contract. As of December 31, 2014, credit risk did not materially change the fair value of the Company's derivative contracts.

The following is a summary of the Company's fair value measurements for its net derivative assets (liabilities) as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands):

As of December 31, 2014

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Active Markets for Identical C Assets		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		At Fair Value
Cash flow hedges	\$		\$	(29,169)	\$	_	\$ (29,169)
Interest rate swaps		_		(1,440)			(1,440)
Fair value hedges		—		792		_	792
Embedded derivatives							
Total net derivative asset (liability)	\$		\$	(29,817)	\$		\$ (29,817)

As of December 31, 2013

	Fai	ir Value	Measurements Us	ing		
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical	n Significant Other Observable			Significant nobservable	
	Assets (Level 1)		Inputs (Level 2)		Inputs (Level 3)	At Fair Value
Cash flow hedges	\$ —	\$	(11,485)	\$	<u> </u>	\$ (11,485)
Interest rate swaps	—		(2,152)			(2,152)
Fair value hedges	—		(718)			(718)
Embedded derivatives	—		(116)		—	(116)
Total net derivative asset (liability)	\$	\$	(14,471)	\$		\$ (14,471)

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following is a summary of the Company's fair value measurements as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands):

As of December 31, 2014

	Fair Value Measurements Using	
Quoted Prices in	Significant Other	Significant
Active Markets for	Observable Inputs	Unobservable

	 al Assets evel 1)	 (Level 2)	 Inputs (Level 3)
Assets			
Money market investments	\$ 	\$ —	\$ —
Derivative instruments, net	—	_	—
Total assets	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
Liabilities			
Deferred compensation plan liability	\$ —	\$ (8,478)	\$
Derivative instruments, net	—	(29,817)	—
Contingent consideration	 	 	 (24,744)
Total liabilities	\$ 	\$ (38,295)	\$ (24,744)

As of December 31, 2013

		Fa	ir Value N	leasurements Usin	g	
	Active N Identic	Prices in Iarkets for al Assets vel 1)	Obse	nificant Other ervable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets	· · · · · ·	.				
Money market investments	\$	_	\$	240	\$	_
Derivative instruments, net		—				—
Total assets	\$		\$	240	\$	_
					-	
Liabilities						
Deferred compensation plan liability	\$	_	\$	(6,829)	\$	_
Derivative instruments, net		_		(14,471)		_
Contingent consideration						(21,748)
Total liabilities	\$	_	\$	(21,300)	\$	(21,748)

Money Market Investments - The Company invests in various well-diversified money market funds which are managed by financial institutions. These money market funds are not publicly traded, but have historically been highly liquid. The value of the money market funds are determined by the banks based upon the funds' net asset values ("NAV"). As of December 31, 2013, the money market funds permitted daily investments and redemptions at a \$1.00 NAV.

Deferred Compensation Plan - The Company maintains a non-qualified deferred compensation plan structured as a Rabbi trust for certain eligible employees. Participants in the deferred compensation plan select from a menu of phantom investment options for their deferral dollars offered by the Company each year, which are based upon changes in value of complementary, defined market investments. The deferred compensation liability represents the combined values of market investments against which participant accounts are tracked.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Contingent Consideration — The Company recorded contingent consideration related to the acquisitions of iKnowtion, Guidon, TSG, WebMetro, Sofica and rogenSi. These contingent payables were recognized at fair value using a discounted cash flow approach and a discount rate of 21.0%, 21.0%, 4.6%, 5.3%, 5.0%, or 4.6%, respectively. The discount rates vary dependent on the specific risks of each acquisition including the country of operation, the nature of services and complexity of the acquired business, and other factors. These measurements were based on significant inputs not observable in the market. The Company will accrete interest expense each period using the effective interest method until the future value of these contingent payables reaches their expected future value of \$25.7 million. Interest expense related to all recorded contingent payables is included in Interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

During the second and fourth quarters of 2014, the Company recorded fair value adjustments of the contingent consideration associated with the TSG reporting unit within the CTS segment based on revised estimates noting achievement of the targeted 2014 and 2015 EBITDA was remote. Accordingly, a \$4.0 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, reductions in the payable were recorded as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2014 and were included in Other income (expense) in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

During the third and fourth quarters of 2014, the Company recorded fair value adjustments of the contingent consideration associated with the Sofica reporting unit within the CMS segment of \$1.8 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, as the Company's revised estimates reflected Sofica exceeding its EBITDA targets for both 2014 and 2015. Accordingly, the \$1.8 million and \$0.6 million increases in the payable were recorded as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2014 and were included in Other income (expense) in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

During the third quarter of 2014, the Company recorded a fair value adjustment of the contingent consideration associated with the WebMetro reporting unit within the CGS segment based on revised estimates noting achievement of the targeted 2014 EBITDA was remote. Accordingly, a \$1.7 million reduction in the payable was recorded as of September 30, 2014 and was included in Other income (expense) in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

During the fourth quarter of 2014, the Company recorded a fair value adjustment of the contingent consideration associated with the rogenSi reporting unit within the CSS segment based on revised estimates reflecting rogenSi exceeding its EBITDA targets for 2014. Accordingly a \$0.5 million increase in the payable was recorded as of December 31, 2014 and was included in Other income (expense) in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

A rollforward of the activity in the Company's fair value of the contingent consideration is as follows (in thousands):

	ember 31, 2013	A	cquisitions	 Payments	A	Imputed Interest / djustments	C	December 31, 2014
iKnowtion	\$ 3,470	\$	_	\$ (1,400)	\$	195	\$	2,265
Guidon	2,637			(1,426)		(211)		1,000
TSG	12,933		_	(5,292)		(7,641)		_
WebMetro	2,708			(1,026)		(1,682)		_
Sofica	_		3,830			2,487		6,317
rogenSi	—		14,543	—		619		15,162
Total	\$ 21,748	\$	18,373	\$ (9,144)	\$	(6,233)	\$	24,744
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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	Dec	December 31, 2012		uisitions	P	ayments	 Imputed Interest / Adjustments	 December 31, 2013
iKnowtion	\$	3,633	\$		\$	(1, 100)	\$ 937	\$ 3,470
Guidon		2,200				· _	437	2,637
TSG		11,157					1,776	12,933
WebMetro		—		2,557		—	151	2,708
Total	\$	16,990	\$	2,557	\$	(1,100)	\$ 3,301	\$ 21,748

(11) INCOME TAXES

The sources of pre-tax operating income (loss) are as follows (in thousands):

	 `	Year End	ed December 31	,		
	2014		2013	2012		
Domestic	\$ 20,569	\$	10,816	\$	(8,336)	
Foreign	79,890		81,253		82,198	
Total	\$ 100,459	\$	92,069	\$	73,862	

The components of the Company's Provision for (benefit from) income taxes are as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,								
	 2014 2				2012				
Current provision for (benefit from)									
Federal	\$ (699)	\$	(320)	\$	(2,211)				
State	270		150		(1,013)				
Foreign	13,957		13,876		809				
Total current provision for (benefit from)	 13,528	-	13,706	-	(2,415)				
Deferred provision for (benefit from)									
Federal	10,148		4,674		1,215				
State	423		195		64				
Foreign	(1,057)		2,023		1,075				
Total deferred provision for (benefit from)	9,514		6,892		2,354				
Total provision for (benefit from) income taxes	\$ 23,042	\$	20,598	\$	(61)				

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following reconciles the Company's effective tax rate to the federal statutory rate (in thousands):

	١	ear Ende	d December 31,	,	
	 2014		2013		2012
Income tax per U.S. federal statutory rate (35%)	\$ 35,161	\$	32,224	\$	25,852
State income taxes, net of federal deduction	1,525		210		(345)
Change in valuation allowances	256		3,266		(315)
Foreign income taxes at different rates than the U.S.	(17,824)		(20,529)		(24,507)
Foreign withholding taxes	257		2,504		2,876
Losses in international markets without tax benefits	1,649		779		4,329
Nondeductible compensation under Section 162(m)	817		1,847		1,451
Liabilities for uncertain tax positions	1,435		77		(2,988)
Permanent difference related to foreign exchange gains	(11)		(122)		(13)
(Income) losses of foreign branch operations	225		1,447		(4,263)
Non-taxable earnings of minority interest	(1,141)		(1,172)		(213)
Foreign dividend less foreign tax credits	(1,428)		(2,587)		(2,935)
Increase in deferred tax liability - branch losses in UK	(75)		(954)		(1,012)

Decrease (increase) to deferred tax asset - change in tax rate	(443)	(68)	946
State income tax credits and net operating losses	(142)	615	709
Foreign earnings taxed currently in U.S.	2,696	2,907	_
Other	85	154	367
Income tax per effective tax rate	\$ 23,042	\$ 20,598	\$ (61)

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's deferred income tax assets and liabilities are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2014	2013	
Deferred tax assets, gross			
Accrued workers compensation, deferred compensation and employee benefits	\$ 17,030	\$ 7,866	
Allowance for doubtful accounts, insurance and other accruals	4,554	4,037	
Amortization of deferred rent liabilities	2,201	1,903	
Net operating losses	11,296	11,023	
Equity compensation	2,997	6,566	
Customer acquisition and deferred revenue accruals	16,241	15,228	
Federal and state tax credits, net	10,621	15,886	
Unrealized losses on derivatives	11,686	4,446	
Other	12,749	9,467	
Total deferred tax assets, gross	89,375	76,422	
Valuation allowances	(10,721)	(10,792)	
Total deferred tax assets, net	78,654	65,630	
Deferred tax liabilities			
Long-term lease obligations		(12)	
Depreciation and amortization	(7,035)	1,067	
Contract acquisition costs	(11,768)	(11,653)	
Future losses in UK	(2,530)	(2,606)	
Intangible assets	(7,628)	_	
Other	(355)	(600)	
Total deferred tax liabilities	(29,316)	(13,804)	
Net deferred tax assets	\$ 49,338	\$ 51,826	

Quarterly, the Company assesses the likelihood by jurisdiction that its net deferred tax assets will be recovered. Based on the weight of all available evidence, both positive and negative, the Company records a valuation allowance against deferred tax assets when it is more-likely-than-not that a future tax benefit will not be realized.

As of December 31, 2014 the Company had approximately \$32.3 million of net deferred tax assets in the U.S. and \$17.0 million of net deferred tax assets related to certain international locations whose recoverability is dependent upon their future profitability. As of December 31, 2014 the deferred tax valuation allowance was \$10.7 million and related primarily to tax losses in foreign jurisdictions and U.S. federal and state tax credits which do not meet the "more-likely-than-not" standard under current accounting guidance. The utilization of these federal and state tax credits are subject to numerous factors including various expiration dates, generation of future taxable income over extended periods of time and state income tax apportionment factors which are subject to change.

When there is a change in judgment concerning the recovery of deferred tax assets in future periods, a valuation allowance is recorded into earnings during the quarter in which the change in judgment occurred. In 2014, the Company made adjustments to its deferred tax assets and corresponding valuation allowances. The net reduction to the valuation allowance of \$0.1 million was due to a \$0.5 million increase in certain state credits and NOLs that do not meet the "more-likely-than-not" standard, a \$0.4 million increase in valuation allowance in Argentina and Ghana for deferred tax assets that do not meet the "more-likely-than-not" standard, a \$0.7 million release of valuation allowance in the Philippines for deferred tax assets, and a \$0.3 million release of valuation allowance in various other jurisdictions for deferred tax assets.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Activity in the Company's valuation allowance accounts consists of the following (in thousands):

	 Year Ended December 31,				
	 2014		2013		2012
Beginning balance	\$ 10,792	\$	20,909	\$	16,555
Additions of deferred income tax expense	946		4,218		5,560
Reductions of deferred income tax expense	(1,017)		(14,335)		(1,206)
Ending balance	\$ 10,721	\$	10,792	\$	20,909

As of December 31, 2014, after consideration of all tax loss and tax credit carry back opportunities, the Company had net tax loss carry forwards worldwide expiring as follows (in thousands):

\$

2016	1,325
2017	1,079
2018	
After 2018	4,442
No expiration	3,102
Total	\$ 9,948

As of December 31, 2014, domestically, the Company had federal tax credit carry forwards in the amount of \$3.5 million that if unused will expire in 2020, \$3.7 million that if unused will expire in 2021, \$2.2 million that if unused will expire in 2022 and \$2.3 million that if unused will expire in 2023 and \$0.9 million that if unused will expire in 2024. The Company also had state tax credit carry-forwards of \$1.8 million that if unused will expire between 2014 and 2023.

As of December 31, 2014 the cumulative amount of foreign earnings considered permanently invested outside the U.S. was \$445.0 million. Those earnings do not include earnings from certain subsidiaries which the Company intends to repatriate to the U.S. or are otherwise considered available for distribution to the U.S. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal or state income taxes or foreign withholding taxes has been provided on these undistributed earnings. If these earnings become taxable in the U.S, the Company would be subject to incremental tax expense, after any applicable foreign tax credit, and foreign withholding tax expense. It is not practicable to estimate the additional taxes that may become payable upon the eventual remittance of these foreign earnings.

The Company has been granted "Tax Holidays" as an incentive to attract foreign investment by the governments of the Philippines and Costa Rica. Generally, a Tax Holiday is an agreement between the Company and a foreign government under which the Company receives certain tax benefits in that country, such as exemption from taxation on profits derived from export-related activities. In the Philippines, the Company has been granted multiple agreements with an initial period of four years and additional periods for varying years, expiring at various times between 2011 and 2020. The aggregate effect on income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was approximately \$20.2 million, \$14.6 million and \$20.1 million, respectively, which had a favorable impact on diluted net income per share of \$0.27, \$0.28 and \$0.36, respectively.

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

In accordance with ASC 740, the Company has recorded a reserve for uncertain tax positions. The total amount of interest and penalties recognized in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) as of December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was approximately \$132 thousand, \$77 thousand and \$40 thousand, respectively.

The Company had a reserve for uncertain tax benefits, on a net basis, of \$1.9 million and \$0.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The liability for uncertain tax positions was not changed in 2014 for tax positions that were resolved favorably or expired.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The tabular reconciliation of the reserve for uncertain tax benefits on a gross basis without interest for the three years ended December 31, 2014 is presented below (in thousands):

Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$ 2,735
Additions for current year tax positions	369
Reductions in prior year tax positions	(2,746)
Balance as of December 31, 2012	 358
Additions for current year tax positions	
Reductions in prior year tax positions	
Balance as of December 31, 2013	 358
Additions for current year tax positions	1,303
Reductions in prior year tax positions	
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$ 1,661

At December 31, 2014, the amount of uncertain tax benefits that, if recognized, would reduce tax expense was \$1.9 million. Within the next 12 months, it is not expected that unrecognized tax benefits will change as the result of the expiration of various statutes of limitation.

The Company and its domestic and foreign subsidiaries (including Percepta LLC and its domestic and foreign subsidiaries) file income tax returns as required in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state and foreign jurisdictions. The following table presents the major tax jurisdictions and tax years that are open as of December 31, 2014 and subject to examination by the respective tax authorities:

Tax Jurisdiction	Tax Year Ended
United States	2011 to present
Argentina	2009 to present
Australia	2010 to present
Brazil	2009 to present
Canada	2006 to present
Mexico	2009 to present
Philippines	2012 to present
Spain	2010 to present

During the first quarter of 2014, a benefit of \$1.2 million was recorded due to the closing of statutes of limitations in Canada.

During the third quarter of 2014, the Company settled an audit with the taxing authorities in the Netherlands for tax years 2010 and 2011. An expense of \$1.3 million was recorded in the quarter as a result of that settlement and the related impact through 2014.

The Company's U.S. income tax returns filed for the tax years ending December 31, 2011 to present, remain open tax years. The IRS has concluded its audit in the United States for tax years 2009, 2011 and 2012 resulting in no changes to the Company's financial statements or tax liabilities as previously reported.

The Company has been notified of the intent to audit, or is currently under audit of incomes taxes in the U.S., specifically for the acquired entity TSG, for the tax year 2012 (prior to acquisition) and Canada for tax years 2009 and 2010. Although the outcome of examinations by taxing authorities are always uncertain, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of these audits will not have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(12) RESTRUCTURING CHARGES AND IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

Restructuring Charges

During the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the Company undertook a number of restructuring activities primarily associated with reductions in the Company's capacity and workforce in several of its segments to better align the capacity and workforce with current business needs.

During the second quarter of 2012, the Company made the decision to cease operations in Spain and terminated the contracts with its clients. The Company notified the employees and commenced severance procedures as required under Spanish law. The Company recorded \$14.7 million of severance expense and \$0.4 million of center closure expenses for the year ended December 31, 2012 of which all has been paid as of December 31, 2014.

A summary of the expenses recorded in Restructuring, net in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively, is as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,				
	 2014		2013		2012
Reduction in force					
Customer Management Services	\$ 2,182	\$	3,832	\$	22,371
Customer Growth Services	56		43		201
Customer Technology Services	709		73		60
Customer Strategy Services	389		189		—
Total	\$ 3,336	\$	4,137	\$	22,632
	 ,	Year End	ed December 31	1	
	2014		2013		2012
Facility exit charges					

Customer Management Services	\$ 14	\$ 298	\$ 243
Customer Growth Services	—	—	
Customer Technology Services	—	—	
Customer Strategy Services	—	—	
Total	\$ 14	\$ 298	\$ 243
Customer Strategy Services	\$ 14	\$ 	\$ 2

A rollforward of the activity in the Company's restructuring accruals for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, is as follows (in thousands):

	-	Closure of Delivery Centers	 Reduction in Force	 Total
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$	_	\$ 4,079	\$ 4,079
Expense		298	4,352	4,650
Payments		(298)	(6,863)	(7,161)
Changes in estimates		—	(215)	(215)
Balance as of December 31, 2013			 1,353	 1,353
Expense		14	3,442	3,456
Payments		(14)	(2,618)	(2,632)
Changes in estimates		_	(106)	(106)
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$		\$ 2,071	\$ 2,071

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The remaining restructuring accruals are expected to be paid or extinguished during 2015 and are all classified as current liabilities within Other accrued expenses in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Impairment Losses

During each of the periods presented, the Company evaluated the recoverability of its leasehold improvement assets at certain delivery centers. An asset is considered to be impaired when the anticipated undiscounted future cash flows of its asset group are estimated to be less than the asset group's carrying value. The amount of impairment recognized is the difference between the carrying value of the asset group and its fair value. To determine fair value, the Company used Level 3 inputs in its discounted cash flows analysis. Assumptions included the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows and assumed discount rates. During 2014, 2013 and 2012, the Company recognized impairment losses related to leasehold improvement assets of \$0.4 million, \$0.1 million, and \$1.2 million, respectively, in its Customer Management Services segment.

During the second quarter of 2013, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$1.1 million related to the PRG trade name intangible asset within the CSS segment. See Note 8 for further information. This expense was included in the Impairment losses in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

During the first quarter of 2012, the Company rebranded its Direct Alliance Corporation ("DAC") subsidiary to Revana[™], thus the \$1.8 million DAC trade name was impaired as of March 31, 2012. This expense was included in the Impairment losses in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

(13) INDEBTEDNESS

Credit Facility

In the second quarter of 2013, the Company entered into a \$700.0 million, five-year, multi-currency revolving credit facility (the "Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of lenders which includes an accordion feature that permits the Company to request an increase in total commitments up to \$1.0 billion, under certain conditions. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, KeyBank National Association, Bank of America Merrill Lynch, BBVA Compass and HSBC Bank USA, National Association served as Joint Lead Arrangers. The Credit Agreement amends and restates in its entirety the Company's prior credit facility entered into during 2010 and amended in 2012.

The Credit Agreement provides for a secured revolving credit facility that matures on June 3, 2018 with an initial maximum aggregate commitment of \$700.0 million. At the Company's discretion, direct borrowing options under the Credit Agreement include (i) Eurodollar loans with one, two, three, and six month terms, and/or (ii) overnight base rate loans. The Credit Agreement also provides for a sub-limit for loans or letters of credit in both U.S. dollars and certain foreign currencies, with direct foreign subsidiary borrowing capabilities up to 50% of the total commitment amount. The Company may increase the maximum aggregate commitment under the Credit Agreement to \$1.0 billion if certain conditions are satisfied, including that the Company is not in default under the Credit Agreement at the time of the increase and that the Company obtains the commitment of the lenders participating in the increase.

The Company primarily utilizes its Credit Agreement to fund working capital, general operations, stock repurchases and other strategic activities, such as the acquisitions described in Note 2. As of December 31, 2014, and 2013, the Company had borrowings of \$100.0 million and \$100.0 million, respectively, under its Credit Agreement, and its average daily utilization was \$285.9 million and \$238.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. After consideration for issued letters of credit under the Credit Agreement, totaling \$3.2 million, the Company's remaining borrowing capacity was \$596.8 million as of December 31, 2014. As of December 31, 2014, the Company was in compliance with all covenants and conditions under its Credit Agreement.

From time-to-time, the Company has unsecured, uncommitted lines of credit to support working capital for a few foreign subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, no foreign loans were outstanding.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(14) DEFERRED REVENUE AND COSTS

Deferred revenue in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets consist of the following (in thousands):

	 December 31,		
	2014		2013
Deferred Revenue - Current	\$ 29,887	\$	28,799
Deferred Revenue - Long-term	18,771		9,978
Total Deferred Revenue	\$ 48,658	\$	38,777

Deferred costs in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets consist of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,			
	 2014		2013	
Deferred Costs - Current	\$ 16,845	\$	15,953	
Deferred Costs - Long-term	12,213		13,202	
Total Deferred Costs	\$ 29,059	\$	29,155	

(15) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Letters of Credit

As of December 31, 2014, outstanding letters of credit under the Credit Agreement totaled \$3.2 million and primarily guaranteed workers' compensation and other insurance related obligations. As of December 31, 2014, letters of credit and contract performance guarantees issued outside of the Credit Agreement totaled \$1.3 million.

Guarantees

Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement is guaranteed by certain of the Company's present and future domestic subsidiaries.

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company has been involved in legal actions, both as plaintiff and defendant, which arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company accrues for exposures associated with such legal actions to the extent that losses are deemed both probable and estimable. To the extent specific reserves have not been made for certain legal proceedings, their ultimate outcome, and consequently, an estimate of possible loss, if any, cannot reasonably be determined at this time.

Based on currently available information and advice received from counsel, the Company believes that the disposition or ultimate resolution of any current legal proceedings, except as otherwise specifically reserved for in its financial statements, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

(16) LEASES

The Company has various operating leases primarily for equipment, delivery centers and office space, which generally contain renewal options. Rent expense under operating leases was approximately \$33.2 million, \$33.3 million and \$33.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

In 2008, the Company sub-leased one of its delivery centers to a third party for the remaining term of the original lease. The sub-lease began on January 1, 2009 and rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the sub-lease through 2021. Future minimum sub-lease rental receipts are shown in the table below.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The future minimum rental payments and receipts required under non-cancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

	Operating Leases		Sub-Lease Income
2015	\$ 43,4	111 \$	(2,234)
2016	34,2	248	(2,234)
2017	26,5	605	(2,234)
2018	18,5	682	(2,470)
2019	9,6	65	(2,470)
Thereafter	3,8	326	(2,675)
Total	\$ 136,2	237 \$	(14,317)

The Company records operating lease expense on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease as described in Note 1. The deferred lease liability as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$9.0 million and \$9.6 million, respectively.

Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company records asset retirement obligations ("ARO") for its delivery center leases. Capitalized costs related to ARO's are included in Other long-term assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets while the ARO liability is included in Other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Following is a summary of the amounts recorded (in thousands):

	Balance at December 31, 2013	Additions and Modifications	Accretion	Settlements	Balance at December 31, 2014
ARO liability total	\$ 1,888	<u>\$39</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 1,941
	Balance at December 31, 2012	Additions and Modifications	Accretion	Settlements	Balance at December 31, 2013
ARO liability total	\$ 2,061	<u> </u>	\$ 42	<u>\$ (215)</u>	\$ 1,888

Increases to ARO result from a new lease agreement or modifications on an ARO from a preexisting lease agreement. Modifications to ARO liabilities and accumulated accretion occur when lease agreements are amended or when assumptions change, such as the rate of inflation. Modifications are accounted for prospectively as changes in estimates. Settlements occur when leased premises are vacated and the actual cost of restoration is paid. Differences between the actual costs of restoration and the balance recorded as ARO liabilities are recognized as gains or losses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

(17) MANDATORILY REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTEREST

The Company holds an 80% interest in iKnowtion. In the event iKnowtion meets certain EBITDA targets for calendar year 2015, the purchase and sale agreement requires TeleTech to purchase the remaining 20% interest in iKnowtion in 2016 for an amount equal to a multiple of iKnowtion's 2015 EBITDA as defined in the purchase and sale agreement. These terms represent a contingent redemption feature which the Company determined is probable of being achieved.

TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company has recorded the mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest at the redemption value based on the corresponding EBITDA multiples as prescribed in the purchase and sale agreement at the end of each reporting period. At the end of each reporting period the changes in the redemption value are recorded in retained earnings. Since the EBITDA multiples as defined in the purchase and sale agreement are below the current market multiple, the Company has determined that there is no preferential treatment to the noncontrolling interest shareholders resulting in no impact to earnings per share.

A rollforward of the mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest is as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,				
			2013		
Mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest, January 1	\$	2,509	\$	1,067	
Net income attributable to mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest		613		482	
Working capital distributed to mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest		(1,244)		(717)	
Change in redemption value		936		1,677	
Mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest, December 31	\$	2,814	\$	2,509	

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(18) ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following table presents changes in the accumulated balance for each component of other comprehensive income (loss), including current period other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (in thousands):

	C Tra	Foreign urrency anslation justment	erivative uation, Net of Tax	0	ther, Net of Tax	 Totals
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at December 31, 2011	\$	3,156	\$ (5,852)	\$	(2,778)	\$ (5,474)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		12,517	17,748 (2,337)		(302) 829	29,963 (1,508)
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)		12,517	 15,411		527	 28,455
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at December 30, 2012	\$	15,673	\$ 9,559	\$	(2,251)	\$ 22,981
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at December 31, 2012	\$	15,673	\$ 9,559	\$	(2,251)	\$ 22,981
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	<u></u>	(26,254)	 (13,721) (4,190)	<u>.</u>	<u>29</u> 569	 (39,946) (3,621)
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)		(26,254)	(17,911)		598	 (43,567)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at December 30, 2013	\$	(10,581)	\$ (8,352)	\$	(1,653)	\$ (20,586)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at December 31, 2013	\$	(10,581)	\$ (8,352)	\$	(1,653)	\$ (20,586)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive		(22,771)	 (12,121)		44	 (34,848)
income (loss) Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)		(22,771)	 2,128 (9,993)		1,032 1,076	 3,160 (31,688)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at December 30, 2014	\$	(33,352)	\$ (18,345)	\$	(577)	\$ (52,274)
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The following table presents the classification of the amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to the statement of comprehensive income (loss) (in thousands):

	For th	e Year	Ended Decembe	er 31,		Statement of Comprehensive Income
	 2014		2013 2012		2012	(Loss) Classification
Derivative valuation						
Gain (loss) on foreign currency forward						
exchange contracts	\$ (2,429)	\$	7,973	\$	4,638	Revenue
Loss on interest rate swaps	(1,060)		(1,047)		(741)	Interest expense
Tax effect	1,361		(2,736)		(1,560)	Provision for income taxes
	\$ (2,128)	\$	4,190	\$	2,337	Net income (loss)
Other						
Actuarial loss on defined benefit plan	\$ (1,098)	\$	(605)	\$	(882)	Cost of services
Tax effect	 66		36		53	Provision for income taxes
	\$ (1,032)	\$	(569)	\$	(829)	Net income (loss)

(19) NET INCOME PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted shares for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	,	/ear Ended December 31	•
	2014	2013	2012
Shares used in basic earnings per share calculation	49,297	51,338	54,738
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Stock options	413	417	378
Restricted stock units	392	489	424
Performance-based restricted stock units	—	_	_
Total effects of dilutive securities	805	906	802
Shares used in dilutive earnings per share calculation	50,102	52,244	55,540

For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, 0.1 million, 0.1 million and 0.1 million, respectively, of options to purchase shares of common stock were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because the exercise price exceeded the value of the shares and the effect would have been anti-dilutive. For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, restricted stock units of 0.2 million, 0.2 million, and 0.8 million, respectively, were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive. For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, there were no performance-based restricted stock units outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted net income per share. For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, restricted stock units that vest based on the Company achieving specified operating income performance targets of 0.1 million, 0.1 million and 0.1 million, respectively, were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because they were determined not to be contingently issuable.

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(20) EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION PLANS

Employee Benefit Plan

The Company currently has one 401(k) profit-sharing plan that allows participation by U.S. employees who have completed six months of service, as defined, and are 21 years of age or older. Participants may defer up to 75% of their gross pay, up to a maximum limit determined by U.S. federal law. Participants are also eligible for a matching contribution. The Company may from time to time, at its discretion, make a "matching contribution" based on the amount and rate of the elective deferrals. The Company determines how much, if any, it will contribute for each dollar of elective deferrals. Participants vest in matching contributions over a three-year period. Company matching contributions to the 401(k) plan(s) totaled \$4.8 million, \$4.2 million and \$3.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Equity Compensation Plans

In February 1999, the Company adopted the TeleTech Holdings, Inc. 1999 Stock Option and Incentive Plan (the "1999 Plan"). The purpose of the 1999 Plan was to enable the Company to continue to (a) attract and retain high quality directors, officers, employees, consultants and independent contractors; (b) motivate such persons to promote the long-term success of the Company and its subsidiaries; and (c) induce employees of companies that are acquired by TeleTech to accept employment with TeleTech following such an acquisition. An aggregate of 14.0 million shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under the 1999 Plan, which permitted the award of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, shares of restricted common stock and restricted stock units ("RSUs"). The 1999 Plan also provided for annual equity-based compensation grants to members of the Company's Board of Directors. Options granted to employees generally vested over four to five years and had a contractual life of ten years. Options issued to Directors vested immediately and had a contractual life of ten years. In May 2009, the Company adopted a policy to issue RSUs to Directors, which generally vest over one year.

In May 2010, the Company adopted the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2010 Plan"). Upon adoption of the 2010 Plan, all authorized and unissued equity in the 1999 Plan was cancelled. An aggregate of 4.0 million shares of common stock has been reserved for issuance under the 2010 Plan, which permits the award of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, shares of restricted common stock and RSUs. As of December 31, 2014, a total of 4.0 million shares were authorized and 1.2 million shares were available for issuance under the 2010 Plan.

For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, the Company recorded total equity-based compensation expense under all equitybased arrangements (stock options and RSUs) of \$11.3 million, \$13.3 million and \$13.4 million, respectively. For 2014, 2013 and 2012, of the total compensation expense, \$2.3 million, \$2.2 million and \$1.9 million was recognized in Cost of services and \$9.0 million, \$11.1 million and \$11.5 million, was recognized in Selling, general and administrative in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, the Company recognized a tax benefit under all equity-based arrangements (stock options and RSUs) of \$6.3 million, \$5.8 million and \$5.7 million, respectively.

Restricted Stock Units

2012, 2013 and 2014 RSU Awards: The Company granted RSUs in 2012, 2013 and 2014 to new and existing employees that vest over four or five years. The Company also granted RSUs in 2012, 2013 and 2014 to members of the Board of Directors that vest over one year.

During 2011, the Company granted 100,000 performance-based RSUs to a key employee that vest based on the Company achieving specified revenue and operating income performance in 2014. The Company determined the performance targets were not met; and therefore these RSU's did not vest and were forfeited. During 2014, the Company granted to a different key employee RSU's based on revenue and operating income performance for a reporting segment of the Company; these performance conditions were partially met and therefore 8,394 RSU's were issued. These RSU vest over a four year period.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Summary of RSUs: Settlement of the RSUs shall be made in shares of the Company's common stock by delivery of one share of common stock for each RSU then being settled. The Company calculates the fair value for RSUs based on the closing price of the Company's stock on the date of grant and records compensation expense over the vesting period using a straight-line method. The Company factors an estimated forfeiture rate in calculating compensation expense on RSUs and adjusts for actual forfeitures upon the vesting of each tranche of RSUs.

The weighted average grant-date fair value of RSUs, including performance-based RSUs, granted during the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 was \$26.92, \$21.66, and \$15.91, respectively. The total intrinsic value and fair value of RSUs vested during the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 was \$12.4 million, \$12.3 million, and \$15.5 million, respectively.

A summary of the status of the Company's non-vested RSUs and performance-based RSUs and activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	Shares	 Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested as of December 31, 2013	1,973,575	\$ 20.39
Granted	666,656	\$ 26.92
Vested	(626,070)	\$ 19.85
Cancellations/expirations	(191,083)	\$ 19.62
Unvested as of December 31, 2014	1,823,078	\$ 23.02

All RSU's vested during the year ended December 31, 2014 were issued out of treasury stock. As of December 31, 2014, there was approximately \$27.6 million of total unrecognized compensation expense and approximately \$42.4 million in total intrinsic value related to non-vested RSU grants. The unrecognized compensation expense will be recognized over the remaining weighted-average vesting period of 1.5 years using the straight-line method.

Stock Options

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company granted 150,000 stock options to a key employee. The stock option award is made up of four separate tranches. Each tranche will vest based on certain stock price targets (market conditions). The grant date fair values of each tranche were calculated using a Monte Carlo simulation model in addition to a time-based binomial lattice model. The following table provides the assumptions used in the time-based binomial lattice model for each tranche granted:

	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Risk-free interest rate	2.1%
Expected life in years	1.3 - 2.7
Expected volatility	54.4%
Dividend yield	0.0%
Weighted-average volatility	54.4%

The Company estimated the expected term based on historical averages of option exercises and expirations. The calculation of expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's common stock over the expected term. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield on the grant measurement date of a traded zero-coupon U.S. Treasury bond, as reported by the U.S. Federal Reserve, with a term equal to the expected term of the stock option granted. The Company factored an estimated forfeiture rate and adjusted for actual forfeitures upon the vesting of each tranche of options.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

A summary of stock option activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	Shares	 Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contract Term in Years	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (000's)
Outstanding as of December 31, 2013	1,220,474	\$ 13.43		
Exercises	(53,100)	\$ 9.60		
Post-vest cancellations/expirations	(15,375)	\$ 8.90		
Outstanding as of December 31, 2014	1,151,999	\$ 13.67	1.9	\$ 11,540
Vested and exercisable as of December 31, 2014	1,001,999	\$ 13.12	1.2	\$ 10,584

There were no stock options granted during 2012, 2013 or 2014. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was \$0.8 million, \$1.0 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. The total fair value of shares vested during the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was zero, respectively.

As of December 31, 2014, there was approximately \$20 thousand of unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options. The unrecognized compensation expense will be recognized over the remaining weighted-average derived service period of 2.1 years using the straight-line method.

Cash received from option exercises under the Plans for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was \$0.4 million, \$0.9 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. The recognized tax benefit from option exercises for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was \$0.3 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. Shares issued for options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2014 were issued out of treasury stock.

(21) STOCK REPURCHASE PROGRAM

Stock Repurchase Program

The Company has a stock repurchase program, which was initially authorized by the Company's Board of Directors in November 2001. As of December 31, 2014, the cumulative authorized repurchase allowance was \$637.3 million. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company purchased 2.4 million shares for \$57.1 million. Since inception of the program, the Company has purchased 42.1 million shares for \$625.5 million. As of December 31, 2014, the remaining allowance under the program was approximately \$11.8 million. For the period from January 1, 2015 through February 28, 2015, the Company purchased 212,100 additional shares at a cost of \$4.7 million. The stock repurchase program does not have an expiration date. Effective February 24, 2015, the Board of Directors authorized an additional \$25 million for stock repurchases.

(22) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into an agreement under which Avion, LLC ("Avion") provides certain aviation flight services as requested by the Company. Such services include the use of an aircraft and flight crew. Kenneth D. Tuchman, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, has a direct 100% beneficial ownership interest in Avion. During 2014, 2013 and 2012, the Company paid \$1.0 million, \$0.6 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, to Avion for services provided to the Company. There was \$30 thousand outstanding to Avion as of December 31, 2014.

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During 2014, the Company entered into a vendor contract with Conversent to provide learning management and web and telephony based global helpline solutions. The majority owner of Conversent is a company which is owned and controlled by Kenneth D. Tuchman, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. During 2014, the Company paid \$20 thousand to Conversent and is expecting to spend another \$100 thousand during 2015 and 2016.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors reviews the related party transactions quarterly and has determined that the fees charged by these related parties are at fair market value.

(23) OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Self-insurance liabilities of the Company which are included in Accrued employee compensation and benefits and Other accrued expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows (in thousands):

		December 31,					
	2	2014		2013			
Worker's compensation	\$	2,007	\$	1,649			
Employee health and dental insurance		4,769		3,633			
Other insurance		1,068		631			
Total self-insurance liabilities	\$	7,844	\$	5,913			

(24) DECONSOLIDATION OF A SUBSIDIARY

During the second quarter of 2013, the Company concluded that it no longer had controlling influence over Peppers & Rogers Gulf WLL ("PRG Kuwait"), a once consolidated subsidiary in the CSS segment, because the Company was no longer confident that it could exercise its beneficial ownership rights. Upon deconsolidation of PRG Kuwait, the Company wrote off all PRG Kuwait assets and liabilities resulting in a loss of \$3.7 million which was recorded in Loss on deconsolidation of subsidiary in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss). The \$3.7 million loss included \$1.3 million of goodwill allocated to PRG Kuwait immediately prior to deconsolidation based on PRG Kuwait's relative fair value of the CSS segment. Effective April 2014, the Company entered into a stock and membership interest purchase agreement with PRG Kuwait's other shareholder to sell its 48% interest in the Company for \$175 thousand.

(25) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On February 24, 2015, our Board of Directors adopted a dividend policy, with the intent to distribute a periodic cash dividend to stockholders of our common stock, after consideration of, among other things, TeleTech's performance, cash flows, capital needs and liquidity factors. Given our cash flow generation and balance sheet strength, we believe cash dividends and early returns to shareholders through share repurchases, in balance with our investments in innovation and strategic acquisitions, align shareholder interests with the needs of the Company. The initial dividend of \$0.18 per common share will be paid on March 16, 2015 to shareholders of record as of March 6, 2015.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(26) QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

The following tables present certain quarterly financial data for the year ended December 31, 2014 (in thousands except per share amounts).

	 First Quarter	Second Quarter				 Fourth Quarter
Revenue	\$ 302,221	\$	295,490	\$	305,900	\$ 338,170
Cost of services	213,787		212,315		220,244	240,146
Selling, general and administrative	50,367		47,802		49,847	50,537
Depreciation and amortization	13,170		14,089		13,893	15,386
Restructuring charges, net	540		617		593	1,600
Impairment losses			—			373
Income from operations	 24,357		20,667		21,323	 30,128
Other income (expense)	(178)		2,880		(856)	2,138
Provision for income taxes	(2,876)		(5,417)		(5,778)	(8,971)
Non-controlling interest	(1,085)		(1,268)		(1,442)	(1,329)
Net income attributable to TeleTech stockholders	\$ 20,218	\$	16,862	\$	13,247	\$ 21,966
Weighted average shares outstanding						
Basic	50,045		49,351		49,093	48,714
Diluted	50,973		50,111		49,940	49,514
Net income per share attributable to TeleTech stockholders						
Basic	\$ 0.40	\$	0.34	\$	0.27	\$ 0.45
Diluted	\$ 0.40	\$	0.34	\$	0.27	\$ 0.44

Included in Other income (expense) in the second and the fourth quarters are a \$4.0 million benefit and a net \$2.7 million benefit related to fair value adjustments to the contingent consideration related to revised estimates of the performance against the targets for four of the Company's acquisitions.

Included in the Provision for Income Taxes is a \$0.2 million benefit in the first quarter, a \$0.2 million benefit in the second quarter, a \$0.2 million benefit in the third quarter and a \$0.6 million benefit in the fourth quarter related to restructuring charges. Also included are a \$0.6 million of benefit in the first quarter and \$0.2 million of expense in the third quarter related to changes in valuation allowances. Additionally, in the second quarter there was \$1.6 million of expense, \$0.7 million of expense in the third quarter and \$1.6 million of expense in the fourth quarter related to changes in the value of future contingent payments. Finally, there was \$1.2 million of benefit in the first quarter related to the closing of a statute of limitations and \$1.3 million of expense in the third quarter related to the Netherlands audit.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following tables present certain quarterly financial data for the year ended December 31, 2013 (in thousands except per share amounts).

	 First Quarter	 Second Quarter	 Third Quarter	 Fourth Quarter
Revenue	\$ 288,383	\$ 289,692	\$ 296,995	\$ 318,087
Cost of services	208,232	208,809	208,648	220,942
Selling, general and administrative	45,747	46,168	50,165	51,343
Depreciation and amortization	10,555	11,263	11,463	12,783
Restructuring charges, net	851	2,572	758	254

Impairment losses	_	1,205		
Income from operations	 22,998	 19,675	 25,961	 32,765
Other income (expense)	(2,004)	(3,099)	(434)	(3,793)
(Provision for) benefit from income taxes	(2,391)	(3,854)	(6,358)	(7,995)
Non-controlling interest	(642)	 (407)	 (1,526)	 (1,508)
Net income attributable to TeleTech stockholders	\$ 17,961	\$ 12,315	\$ 17,643	\$ 19,469
Weighted average shares outstanding				
Basic	52,347	51,861	50,732	50,439
Diluted	53,217	52,628	51,678	51,465
Net income per share attributable to TeleTech stockholders				
Basic	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.39
Diluted	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.38

Included in Other income (expense) in the second quarter is a \$3.7 million charge related to the deconsolidation of our subsidiary in Kuwait, and in the fourth quarter is a \$1.9 million charge related to a fair value adjustment to the contingent consideration for three of the Company's acquisitions.

Included in the (Provision) benefit for Income Taxes is a \$0.2 million benefit in the first quarter, a \$1.2 million benefit in the second quarter, a \$0.3 million benefit in the third quarter and a \$0.1 million benefit in the fourth quarter related to restructuring charges. Also included are a \$0.9 million of benefit in the first quarter, \$0.3 million of expense in the second quarter, \$0.4 million of expense in the third quarter and a \$2.0 million of expense in the fourth quarter related to restructuring charges. Also included are a \$0.9 million of expense in the fourth quarter related to changes in valuation allowances. Additionally, there was a \$0.6 million benefit in the first quarter, \$0.3 million of expense in the third quarter, and a \$0.7 million of benefit in the fourth quarter related to return to provision adjustments.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description	
3.01**	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. filed with the State of Delaware on August 1, 1996 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to TeleTech's Amendment No. 2 to Form S-1 Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-04097) filed on July 5, 1996)	
3.02**	Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of TeleTech (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.02 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 28, 2009)	
10.04**	TeleTech Holdings, Inc. Amended and Restated 1999 Stock Option and Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.04 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012)	
10.06**	TeleTech Holdings, Inc. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference as Appendix A to TeleTech's Definitive Proxy Statement, filed April 12, 2010)	
10.20**	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (below Vice President) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.06 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007)	
10.21**	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (Vice President and above) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.07 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007)	
10.22**	Form of Amendment to Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.2 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 22, 2010)	
10.23**	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.3 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 22, 2010)	
10.24**	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Section 16 Officers) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.3 to TeleTech's Form S-8 Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-167300) filed on June 3, 2010)	
10.25**	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Non-Section 16 Employees) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.4 to TeleTech's Form S-8 Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-167300) filed on June 3, 2010)	
10.26**	Form of Independent Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.5 to TeleTech's Form S-8 Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-167300) filed on June 3, 2010)	
10.27**	Form of Global Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Operating Committee Member) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 1, 2013)	
10.28**	Form of Global Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Non-Operating Committee Member) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.2 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 1, 2013)	
10.29*	Form of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (other employees) effective July 1, 2014	
10.30*	Form of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Directors and Executive Committee Members)	

effective July 1, 2014

10.31** Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (Non-Employee Director) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.08 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007)

- 10.32* Independent Director Compensation Arrangements (effective January 1, 2015)
- 10.33** Form of Indemnification Agreement with Directors (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 22, 2010)

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Exhibit No.	Description
10.40**	Employment Agreement between Kenneth D. Tuchman and TeleTech dated October 15, 2001 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.68 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001)
10.41**	Amendment to Employment Agreement between Kenneth D. Tuchman and TeleTech dated December 31, 2008 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.17 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.42**	Amendment dated September 17, 2008 to Stock Option Agreement between Kenneth D. Tuchman and TeleTech (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.19 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.50**	Employment Agreement between James E. Barlett and TeleTech dated October 15, 2001 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.66 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001)
10.52**	Amendment to Employment Agreement between James E. Barlett and TeleTech dated December 31, 2008 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.13 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.53**	Amendment dated September 17, 2008 to Stock Option Agreement between James E. Barlett and TeleTech (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.15 to TeleTech's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.54**	Second Amendment, dated as of April 19, 2011, to TeleTech Holdings, Inc. Restricted Stock Unit Agreement by and between TeleTech Holdings, Inc. and James E. Barlett dated June 22, 2007 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 22, 2011)
10.60**	Employment Agreement between Regina Paolillo and TeleTech Holdings, Inc. effective as of November 3, 2011 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 27, 2011)
10.62**	Restricted Stock Unit Agreement dated as of November 15, 2011 between TeleTech Holdings, Inc. and Regina Paolillo (RSU Performance Agreement) (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.2 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed November 21, 2011)
10.63**	Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement dated as of November 15, 2011 between TeleTech Holdings, Inc. and Regina Paolillo (Option Agreement)(incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.3 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed November 21, 2011)
10.70*	Separation Agreement and Release of Claims between Brian Shepherd and TeleTech Services Corporation effective as of January 31, 2015
10.80**	Employment Agreement between Keith Gallacher and TeleTech Services Corporation effective as of June 3, 2013 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.2 to TeleTech's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2013)
10.90**	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of June 3, 2013, among TeleTech Holdings, Inc., the foreign borrowers party thereto, the lenders party thereto, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, Swing Line Lender and Fronting Lender, KeyBank National Association, Bank of America, N.A., BBVA Compass, and HSBC Bank USA, National Association, each as Documentation Agent and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, KeyBank National Association, BBVA Compass and HSBC Bank USA, Netrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, BBVA Compass and HSBC Bank USA, National Association, as Joint Lead Arrangers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to TeleTech's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 7, 2013)
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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Description

21.1*	List of subsidiaries
23.1*	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
24.1*	Power of Attorney
31.1*	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of CEO of TeleTech
31.2*	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of CFO of TeleTech
32.1*	Written Statement of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)
32.2*	Written Statement of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)
101.INS***	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.LAB***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

^{*} Filed herewith.

^{**} Identifies exhibit that consists of or includes a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following documents formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

This Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (this "Agreement") is made and entered into as of [DATE] (the "Grant Date") by and between TeleTech Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and [NAME] (the "Grantee").

This Agreement is governed by the terms of the TeleTech Holdings, Inc. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (the "**Plan**") pursuant to which the Company may grant awards of Restricted Stock Units ("**RSUs**") to Eligible Individuals, including employees, directors and consultants of the Company and its Affiliates (together, "TeleTech"). Capitalized terms that are used but not defined herein have the meaning ascribed to them in the Plan. The terms and provisions of the Plan as they may be amended from time to time are incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict between any term or provision contained in this Agreement and a term or provision of the Plan, the applicable terms and provisions of the Plan will govern and prevail.

The parties agree to be legally bound by this Agreement, and in exchange for sufficient consideration, the adequacy of which is not in question, agree as follows:

- 1. <u>GRANT OF RSUS</u>. Pursuant to the Plan, the Company grants to the Grantee an RSU award in the amount of US\$[DOLLAR AMOUNT], which represents [NO. OF SHARES] shares of Common Stock of the Company at fair market value as of market close on the Grant Date (rounded up or down to a whole number of shares) and on the terms and conditions provided in this Agreement and the Plan ("RSU Award").
- 2. **<u>CONSIDERATION</u>**. The grant of this RSU Award is in consideration of the services to be rendered by the Grantee to TeleTech during the restricted period and for other covenants provided in this Agreement.
- 3. **<u>RESTRICTED PERIOD; VESTING</u>**. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan and the Agreement and provided that the Grantee provides continuous services to TeleTech through each applicable vesting date, the RSUs will vest and the corresponding shares of Common Stock of the Company (or cash equivalent) will be issued in accordance with the following schedule:

VESTING DATE	COMMON STOCK TO VEST
[DATE]	25% RSUs to vest on this vesting date
[DATE]	25% RSUs to vest on this vesting date
[DATE]	25% RSUs to vest on this vesting date
[DATE]	25% RSUs to vest on this vesting date

The period during which the RSUs remain unvested and forfeitable is referred to as the "Restricted Period".

- a. The unvested portion of the RSU Award shall be forfeited immediately upon the termination of the Grantee's services to TeleTech for any reason, including separation, death, disability or any other reason where the Grantee no longer is providing services to TeleTech, and the Company nor its Affiliates shall have any further obligations to the Grantee under this Agreement for such forfeited RSUs.
- b. Pursuant to the delegation of the Compensation Committee of the Board, the executive leadership team of the Company (the "Executive Committee"), in its sole discretion, shall have the authority to determine the effect of all matters and questions with respect to Grantee's termination of affiliation with TeleTech and whether continuous services are being provided as these matters relate to RSU Award vesting, including, without limitation, the question of whether a termination of service has occurred, whether a leave of absence or disability constitute a termination of service and other similar questions.
- c. For purposes of the Plan and this Agreement, a Grantee's status as an employee, director or consultant of TeleTech shall be deemed to be terminated in the event that the Company's subsidiary employing or contracting with such Grantee ceases to be a Company subsidiary following any merger, sale of stock or other corporate transaction or event (including, without limitation, a spin-off).
- 4. **RESTRICTIONS**. Subject to any exceptions set forth in this Agreement or the Plan, during the Restricted Period, the unvested portion of the RSU Award and any related rights may not be assigned, alienated, pledged, attached, sold or otherwise transferred or encumbered by the Grantee. Any attempt to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or transfer or encumber the RSU Award or its related rights during the Restricted Period shall be ineffective and, if any such attempt is made, the RSU Award will be forfeited by the Grantee and all of the Grantee's rights under the Plan and this Agreement shall immediately terminate without any payment or consideration by TeleTech.
- 5. **NO RIGHT TO CONTINUED SERVICE.** Neither the Plan nor this Agreement shall confer upon the Grantee any right to be retained in any position, as an employee, consultant or director of TeleTech. Further, nothing in the Plan or this Agreement shall be construed to limit the discretion of TeleTech to terminate the Grantee's services (employment or otherwise) at any time, with or without cause.
- 6. **ADJUSTMENTS.** Subject to the sole discretion of the Board of Directors, TeleTech may, with respect to any vested RSUs that have not been settled pursuant to the Plan, make any adjustments necessary to prevent accretion, or to protect against dilution, in the number and kind of shares that may be used to settle vested RSUs in the event of a change in the corporate structure or shares of TeleTech; provided, however, that no adjustment shall be made for the issuance of preferred stock of TeleTech or the conversion of convertible

preferred stock of TeleTech. For purposes of this Section 6, a change in the corporate structure or shares of TeleTech includes, without limitation, any change resulting from a recapitalization, stock split, stock dividend, consolidation, rights offering, spin-off, reorganization or liquidation, and any transaction in which shares of Common Stock are changed into or exchanged for a different number or kind of shares of stock or other securities of TeleTech or another entity.

7. <u>TAX LIABILITY AND WITHHOLDING</u>. The Grantee shall be required to pay, and the Company or its administrator shall have the right to deduct from any compensation paid to the Grantee pursuant to the Plan and the RSU Award, the amount of any required withholding taxes applicable upon the vesting of the RSU Award or the issuance of the Common Stock of the Company (or cash equivalent) and to take all such other action as the Company deems necessary to satisfy all obligations for the payment of such withholding taxes.

8. NON-COMPETITION AND NON-SOLICITATION.

- 8.1 In consideration of the RSU Award, the Grantee agrees and covenants during the term of his/her affiliation with TeleTech (employment or otherwise) and for twelve (12) months thereafter **not to**:
 - a. <u>Non-Compete Undertaking</u>. Work or otherwise contribute his/her knowledge, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, as an employee, officer, owner, manager, advisor, consultant, agent, partner, director, significant shareholder (i.e. a shareholder holding more than 5% of outstanding equity in any such entity), volunteer, intern or in any other similar capacity anywhere in the world to a business entity engaged in the same or substantially similar business as the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates, including entities engaged in the full life cycle of customer strategy, analytics-driven, technology-enabled customer engagement management solutions from customer engagement strategy consulting, to technology and analytics driven customer acquisition to technology solution development and integration to business process outsourcing customer care (collectively, "TeleTech Business"). The Non-Compete Undertaking shall apply throughout, and shall be limited by, the territory where the Grantee performs services for TeleTech in connection with which the RSU Award was made. For the avoidance of doubt, the term 'performs services for' shall not be limited to 'works at' or any other limitation delineating where the Grantee performs the actual services, but instead shall be related to the entire territory where the Company benefits and is reasonable to expect to benefit from the Grantee's services.
 - b. <u>Employee Non-Solicitation Undertaking</u>. Solicit, hire, recruit, attempt to hire or recruit, or induce the termination of employment, directly or indirectly, of any then current employee of the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates; and
 - c. <u>Client Non-Solicitation Undertaking</u>. Solicit or interfere with business relationships between the Company and its current and prospective (currently actively pursued) clients of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and affiliates for purposes of offering or accepting goods or services similar to or competitive with those offered by the Company or any of its subsidiaries and affiliates.
- 8.2 If the Grantee breaches any of the covenants and undertakings set forth in this Section 8:
 - a. All unvested RSU Awards shall be immediately forfeited and cancelled;
 - b. He/she and those who aid him/her in such breach shall be liable for all costs and business losses including any damages and out of pocket expenses associated with or resulting from such breach; and
 - c. The Grantee hereby consents and agrees that the Company shall be entitled to seek, in addition to other available remedies, a temporary or permanent injunction or other equitable relief against such breach or threatened breach from any court of competent jurisdiction, without the necessity of showing any actual damages or that money damages would not afford an adequate remedy, and without the necessity of posting any bond or other security. The aforementioned equitable relief shall be in addition to, not in lieu of, legal remedies, monetary damages or other available forms of relief.

8.3 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.

- a. Grantee acknowledges that the non-competition and non-solicitation provisions above are fair and reasonable with respect to their scope and duration given the Grantee's position with TeleTech and the impact such activities would have on the TeleTech Business.
- b. Grantee further acknowledges that the geographic restriction on competition in this Section 8 is fair and reasonable, given the nature and geographic scope of the TeleTech Business, the investment of capital and resources by Company to develop its business operations, and the nature of Grantee's position with TeleTech.
- c. Grantee also acknowledges that while employed or otherwise affiliated with TeleTech, Grantee has access to proprietary and unique trade secret information that would be valuable or useful to Company's competitors and that Grantee will also have access to Company's valuable customer relationships and thus acknowledges that the restrictions on Grantee's future employment and business activities in TeleTech's industry as set forth in this Section 8 are fair and reasonable.
- d. Grantee acknowledges and is prepared for the possibility that Grantee's standard of living may be reduced during the noncompetition and/or non-solicitation period and assumes and accepts any risk associated with that possibility, and further

acknowledges that any such drop in Grantee's standard of living does not constitute undue hardship.

- 9. Compliance with Law. The issuance and transfer of shares of Common Stock of the Company upon the vesting of the RSU Award shall be subject to compliance by the Company and the Grantee with all applicable requirements of federal and state securities laws and with all applicable requirements of any stock exchange on which the Company's shares of Common Stock may be listed. No shares of Common Stock shall be issued or transferred unless and until any then applicable requirements of state and federal laws and regulatory agencies have been fully complied with to the satisfaction of the Company and its legal counsel. The Grantee understands that the Company is under no obligation to register the shares of Common Stock with the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or any stock exchange to effect such compliance.
- 10. <u>EQUITY HOLDING GUIDELINES</u>. Some Grantees may be subject to the TeleTech executive Stock Ownership Guidelines, attached to this Agreement and incorporated within it by reference as Appendix A. If in your role you are subject to the Stock Ownership

Guidelines, by signing below you (a) confirm that you are (i) aware of the Company's expectations with respect to your equity holdings in the Company, (ii) the time you have to honor these expectations and (iii) how the Company envisions that you reach the appropriate holding levels; and (b) hereby agree to exercise best efforts to meet such expectations.

11. **DATA PRIVACY**. Grantee hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of Grantee's personal data as described in this Agreement and any other RSU grant materials by and among, as applicable, the Grantee's employer, TeleTech and its other Affiliates for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing Grantee's participation in the Plan. Grantee understands that TeleTech and the employer may hold certain personal information about Grantee, including, but not limited to, Grantee's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in TeleTech, details of all RSUs or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Grantee's favor ("Data"), for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan.

Grantee understands that Data will be transferred to Bank of America, Merrill Lynch or such other stock plan service provider as may be selected by TeleTech in the future, which is assisting TeleTech with the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. Grantee understands that the recipients of the Data may be located in the United States or elsewhere, and that the recipients' country (e.g., the United States) may have different data privacy laws and protections than Grantee's country. Grantee understands that if he or she resides outside the United States, he or she may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting his or her local human

resources representative. Grantee authorizes TeleTech, Bank of America, Merrill Lynch and any other possible recipients which may assist TeleTech (presently or in the future) with implementing, administering and managing the Plan to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the sole purpose of implementing, administering and managing his or her participation in the Plan. Grantee understands that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage Grantee's participation in the Plan. Grantee understands if he or she resides outside the United States, he or she may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing his or her local human resources representative. Further, Grantee later seeks to revoke his or her consent, his or her employment status or service and career with the employer will not be adversely affected; the only adverse consequence of refusing or withdrawing Grantee's consent is that TeleTech would not be able to grant Grantee RSUs or other equity awards or administer or maintain such awards. Therefore, Grantee understands that refusing or withdrawing his or her consent may affect Grantee's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of Grantee's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, Grantee understands that he or she may contact his or her local human capital representative.

12. GOVERNING LAW AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION.

- a. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without regard to conflict of law principles.
- b. <u>Disputes.</u> The parties agree that any action arising from or relating in any way to this Agreement or the Plan shall be resolved and tried in the state or federal courts situated in Denver, Colorado. The parties consent to jurisdiction and venue of those courts to the greatest extent allowed by law.

In this regard, the Grantee acknowledges and admits to all or a combination of several following substantial contacts with Colorado: (i) Grantee is employed, provides services for or otherwise is affiliated with a legal entity headquartered in the state of Colorado; (ii) Grantee receives the compensation in a form of checks or wire transfers that are drawn either directly or indirectly, from bank accounts in Colorado; (iii) Grantee regularly interacts with, contacts and is contacted by other TeleTech employees and executives in Colorado; (iii) Grantee either routinely travels to or attends business meetings in Colorado; and (iv) Grantee receives substantial compensation and benefits as a result of TeleTech being a corporation headquartered in and subject to the laws of Colorado. Based on these and other contacts, the Grantee acknowledges that he/she could reasonably be subject to the laws of Colorado.

c. <u>Attorneys fees</u>. The party that substantially prevails in any action to enforce any provision of this Agreement shall recover all reasonable costs and attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the action.

13. ADMINISTRATION OF THE AGREEMENT AND AWARDS.

- a. <u>Interpretation</u>. Any dispute regarding the interpretation of this Agreement shall be submitted by the Grantee or the Company to the Committee for review. The resolution of such dispute by the Committee shall be final and binding on the Grantee and the Company.
- b. <u>Settlement of Vested RSUs</u>. RSUs subject to an RSU Award shall be settled pursuant to the terms of the Plan, in stock or cash, as soon as reasonably practicable following the vesting thereof, but in no event later than March 15 of the calendar year following the year in which the RSUs vest.
- c. <u>Amendment</u>. The Company has the right to amend, suspend, or cancel the unvested RSUs granted hereunder, prospectively; provided that, no such amendment shall adversely affect the Grantee's material rights under this Agreement without the Grantee's consent, and to the extent the RSUs hereby granted are not yet vested and the Grantee is not in breach of the Agreement, the Company shall provide a substitute instrument of equal value and no less favorable terms in exchange for amended, altered, suspended, discontinued or canceled RSUs.
- d. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The Company may assign any of its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth herein, this

Agreement will be binding upon the Grantee and the Grantee's beneficiaries, executors, administrators and the person(s) to whom the RSUs may be transferred by will or the laws of descent or distribution.

- e. <u>Discretionary Nature of All Future Awards</u>. This RSU Award is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual, statutory or other right to receive future RSU Awards, or benefits in lieu of RSUs, even if the RSUs have been granted in the past. Future Awards, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company.
- f. <u>No Impact on Other Benefits</u>. The value of the Grantee's Restricted Stock is not part of his/her normal or expected compensation for purposes of calculating any severance, retirement, welfare, insurance or similar employee benefit.
- 14. **CHANGE OF CONTROL PROVISIONS.** This RSU Award is subject to the Change of Control rights and entitlements as further referenced in Appendix B to this Agreement.
- 15. **CONFIDENTIALITY**. Grantee agrees not to disclose, directly or indirectly, to any other employee, director or consultant of TeleTech or an Affiliate and to keep confidential all

information related to any Awards granted to Grantee, pursuant to the Plan, including the amount of any such Award and its vesting schedule.

16. **SEVERABILITY AND ENTIRETY.** The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of the Plan or this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of the Plan or this Agreement, and each provision of the Plan and this Agreement shall be severable and enforceable to the extent permitted by law.

The Agreement (including the Plan) constitutes the entire agreement between the parties concerning the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior and contemporaneous agreements, oral or written, between the Company and Grantee relating to Grantee's entitlement to RSUs or similar benefits, under the Plan.

- 17. **COUNTERPARTS**. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which together will constitute one and the same instrument. Counterpart signature pages to this Agreement transmitted by facsimile transmission, by electronic mail in portable document format (.pdf), or by any other electronic means intended to preserve the original graphic and pictorial appearance of a document, will have the same effect as physical delivery of the paper document bearing an original signature.
- 18. ACCEPTANCE. The Grantee hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan and this Agreement. The Grantee has read and understands its terms and provisions, and accepts the RSU Award subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement. The Grantee acknowledges that there may be adverse tax consequences upon the grant or vesting of the RSUs or disposition of the underlying shares and that the Grantee has been advised to consult a tax advisor prior to such grant, vesting or disposition.

The parties have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

TeleTech Holdings, Inc.

By: Regina Paolillo Chief Financial Officer

[NAME] (Grantee)

TELETECH HOLDINGS, INC. RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

This Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (this "Agreement") is made and entered into as of [DATE] (the "Grant Date") by and between TeleTech Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and «Name» the "Grantee").

This Agreement is governed by the terms of the TeleTech Holdings, Inc. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (the "**Plan**") pursuant to which the Company may grant awards of Restricted Stock Units ("**RSUs**") to Eligible Individuals, including employees, directors and consultants of the Company and its Affiliates (together, "TeleTech"). Capitalized terms that are used but not defined herein have the meaning ascribed to them in the Plan. The terms and provisions of the Plan as they may be amended from time to time are incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict between any term or provision contained in this Agreement and a term or provision of the Plan, the applicable terms and provisions of the Plan will govern and prevail.

The parties agree to be legally bound by this Agreement, and in exchange for sufficient consideration, the adequacy of which is not in question, agree as follows:

- 1. <u>GRANT OF RSUS</u>. Pursuant to the Plan, the Company grants to the Grantee an RSU award in the amount of US«Value», which represents «Share» shares of Common Stock of the Company at fair market value as of market close on the Grant Date (rounded up or down to a whole number of shares) and on the terms and conditions provided in this Agreement and the Plan ("**RSU Award**").
- 2. **<u>CONSIDERATION</u>**. The grant of this RSU Award is in consideration of the services to be rendered by the Grantee to TeleTech during the restricted period and for other covenants provided in this Agreement.
- 3. <u>RESTRICTED PERIOD; VESTING</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan and the Agreement and provided that the Grantee provides continuous services to TeleTech through each applicable vesting date, the RSUs will vest and the corresponding shares of Common Stock of the Company (or cash equivalent) will be issued in accordance with the following schedule:

VESTING DATE	COMMON STOCK TO VEST
[DATE]	25% RSUs to vest on this vesting date
[DATE]	25% RSUs to vest on this vesting date
[DATE]	25% RSUs to vest on this vesting date
[DATE]	25% RSUs to vest on this vesting date

The period during which the RSUs remain unvested and forfeitable is referred to as the "Restricted Period".

- a. The unvested portion of the RSU Award shall be forfeited immediately upon the termination of the Grantee's services to TeleTech for any reason, including separation, death, disability or any other reason where the Grantee no longer is providing services to TeleTech, and the Company nor its Affiliates shall have any further obligations to the Grantee under this Agreement for such forfeited RSUs.
- b. Pursuant to the delegation of the Compensation Committee of the Board, the executive leadership team of the Company (the "Executive Committee"), in its sole discretion, shall have the authority to determine the effect of all matters and questions with respect to Grantee's termination of affiliation with TeleTech and whether continuous services are being provided as these matters relate to RSU Award vesting, including, without limitation, the question of whether a termination of service has occurred, whether a leave of absence or disability constitute a termination of service and other similar questions.
- c. For purposes of the Plan and this Agreement, a Grantee's status as an employee, director or consultant of TeleTech shall be deemed to be terminated in the event that the Company's subsidiary employing or contracting with such Grantee ceases to be a Company subsidiary following any merger, sale of stock or other corporate transaction or event (including, without limitation, a spin-off).
- 4. **RESTRICTIONS**. Subject to any exceptions set forth in this Agreement or the Plan, during the Restricted Period, the unvested portion of the RSU Award and any related rights may not be assigned, alienated, pledged, attached, sold or otherwise transferred or encumbered by the Grantee. Any attempt to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or transfer or encumber the RSU Award or its related rights during the Restricted Period shall be ineffective and, if any such attempt is made, the RSU Award will be forfeited by the Grantee and all of the Grantee's rights under the Plan and this Agreement shall immediately terminate without any payment or consideration by TeleTech.
- 5. **NO RIGHT TO CONTINUED SERVICE.** Neither the Plan nor this Agreement shall confer upon the Grantee any right to be retained in any position, as an employee, consultant or director of TeleTech. Further, nothing in the Plan or this Agreement shall be construed to limit the discretion of TeleTech to terminate the Grantee's services (employment or otherwise) at any time, with or without cause.
- 6. **ADJUSTMENTS.** Subject to the sole discretion of the Board of Directors, TeleTech may, with respect to any vested RSUs that have not been settled pursuant to the Plan, make any adjustments necessary to prevent accretion, or to protect against dilution, in the number and kind of shares that may be used to settle vested RSUs in the event of a change in the corporate structure or shares of TeleTech; provided, however, that no adjustment shall be made for the issuance of preferred stock of TeleTech or the conversion of convertible

preferred stock of TeleTech. For purposes of this Section 6, a change in the corporate structure or shares of TeleTech includes, without limitation, any change resulting from a recapitalization, stock split, stock dividend, consolidation, rights offering, spin-off, reorganization or liquidation, and any transaction in which shares of Common Stock are changed into or exchanged for a different number or kind of shares of stock or other securities of TeleTech or another entity.

7. <u>TAX LIABILITY AND WITHHOLDING</u>. The Grantee shall be required to pay, and the Company or its administrator shall have the right to deduct from any compensation paid to the Grantee pursuant to the Plan and the RSU Award, the amount of any required withholding taxes applicable upon the vesting of the RSU Award or the issuance of the Common Stock of the Company (or cash equivalent) and to take all such other action as the Company deems necessary to satisfy all obligations for the payment of such withholding taxes.

8. NON-COMPETITION AND NON-SOLICITATION.

- 8.1 In consideration of the RSU Award, the Grantee agrees and covenants during the term of his/her affiliation with TeleTech (employment or otherwise) and for twelve (12) months thereafter **not to**:
 - a. <u>Non-Compete Undertaking</u>. Work or otherwise contribute his/her knowledge, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, as an employee, officer, owner, manager, advisor, consultant, agent, partner, director, significant shareholder (i.e. a shareholder holding more than 5% of outstanding equity in any such entity), volunteer, intern or in any other similar capacity anywhere in the world to a business entity engaged in the same or substantially similar business as the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates, including entities engaged in the full life cycle of customer strategy, analytics-driven, technology-enabled customer engagement management solutions from customer engagement strategy consulting, to technology and analytics driven customer acquisition to technology solution development and integration to business process outsourcing customer care (collectively, "TeleTech Business"). The Non-Compete Undertaking shall apply throughout, and shall be limited by, the territory where the Grantee performs services for TeleTech in connection with which the RSU Award was made. For the avoidance of doubt, the term 'performs services for' shall not be limited to 'works at' or any other limitation delineating where the Grantee performs the actual services, but instead shall be related to the entire territory where the Company benefits and is reasonable to expect to benefit from the Grantee's services.
 - b. <u>Employee Non-Solicitation Undertaking</u>. Solicit, hire, recruit, attempt to hire or recruit, or induce the termination of employment, directly or indirectly, of any then current employee of the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates; and
 - c. <u>Client Non-Solicitation Undertaking</u>. Solicit or interfere with business relationships between the Company and its current and prospective (currently actively pursued) clients of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and affiliates for purposes of offering or accepting goods or services similar to or competitive with those offered by the Company or any of its subsidiaries and affiliates.
- 8.2 If the Grantee breaches any of the covenants and undertakings set forth in this Section 8:
 - a. All unvested RSU Awards shall be immediately forfeited and cancelled;
 - b. He/she and those who aid him/her in such breach shall be liable for all costs and business losses including any damages and out of pocket expenses associated with or resulting from such breach; and
 - c. The Grantee hereby consents and agrees that the Company shall be entitled to seek, in addition to other available remedies, a temporary or permanent injunction or other equitable relief against such breach or threatened breach from any court of competent jurisdiction, without the necessity of showing any actual damages or that money damages would not afford an adequate remedy, and without the necessity of posting any bond or other security. The aforementioned equitable relief shall be in addition to, not in lieu of, legal remedies, monetary damages or other available forms of relief.

8.3 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.

- a. Grantee acknowledges that the non-competition and non-solicitation provisions above are fair and reasonable with respect to their scope and duration given the Grantee's position with TeleTech and the impact such activities would have on the TeleTech Business.
- b. Grantee further acknowledges that the geographic restriction on competition in this Section 8 is fair and reasonable, given the nature and geographic scope of the TeleTech Business, the investment of capital and resources by Company to develop its business operations, and the nature of Grantee's position with TeleTech.
- c. Grantee also acknowledges that while employed or otherwise affiliated with TeleTech, Grantee has access to proprietary and unique trade secret information that would be valuable or useful to Company's competitors and that Grantee will also have access to Company's valuable customer relationships and thus acknowledges that the restrictions on Grantee's future employment and business activities in TeleTech's industry as set forth in this Section 8 are fair and reasonable.
- d. Grantee acknowledges and is prepared for the possibility that Grantee's standard of living may be reduced during the noncompetition and/or non-solicitation period and assumes and accepts any risk associated with that possibility, and further

acknowledges that any such drop in Grantee's standard of living does not constitute undue hardship.

- 9. <u>Compliance with Law.</u> The issuance and transfer of shares of Common Stock of the Company upon the vesting of the RSU Award shall be subject to compliance by the Company and the Grantee with all applicable requirements of federal and state securities laws and with all applicable requirements of any stock exchange on which the Company's shares of Common Stock may be listed. No shares of Common Stock shall be issued or transferred unless and until any then applicable requirements of state and federal laws and regulatory agencies have been fully complied with to the satisfaction of the Company and its legal counsel. The Grantee understands that the Company is under no obligation to register the shares of Common Stock with the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or any stock exchange to effect such compliance.
- 10. **EQUITY HOLDING GUIDELINES**. Some Grantees may be subject to the TeleTech executive Stock Ownership Guidelines, attached to this Agreement and incorporated within it by reference as Appendix A. If in your role you are subject to the Stock Ownership Guidelines,

by signing below you (a) confirm that you are (i) aware of the Company's expectations with respect to your equity holdings in the Company, (ii) the time you have to honor these expectations and (iii) how the Company envisions that you reach the appropriate holding levels; and (b) hereby agree to exercise best efforts to meet such expectations.

11. **DATA PRIVACY**. Grantee hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of Grantee's personal data as described in this Agreement and any other RSU grant materials by and among, as applicable, the Grantee's employer, TeleTech and its other Affiliates for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing Grantee's participation in the Plan. Grantee understands that TeleTech and the employer may hold certain personal information about Grantee, including, but not limited to, Grantee's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in TeleTech, details of all RSUs or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Grantee's favor ("Data"), for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan.

Grantee understands that Data will be transferred to Bank of America, Merrill Lynch or such other stock plan service provider as may be selected by TeleTech in the future, which is assisting TeleTech with the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. Grantee understands that the recipients of the Data may be located in the United States or elsewhere, and that the recipients' country (e.g., the United States) may have different data privacy laws and protections than Grantee's country. Grantee understands that if he or she resides outside the United States, he or she may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting his or her local human

resources representative. Grantee authorizes TeleTech, Bank of America, Merrill Lynch and any other possible recipients which may assist TeleTech (presently or in the future) with implementing, administering and managing the Plan to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the sole purpose of implementing, administering and managing his or her participation in the Plan. Grantee understands that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage Grantee's participation in the Plan. Grantee understands if he or she resides outside the United States, he or she may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing his or her local human resources representative. Further, Grantee understands that he or she is providing the consents herein on a purely voluntary basis. If Grantee does not consent, or if Grantee later seeks to revoke his or her consent, his or her employment status or service and career with the employer will not be adversely affected; the only adverse consequence of refusing or withdrawing Grantee's consent is that TeleTech would not be able to grant Grantee RSUs or other equity awards or administer or maintain such awards. Therefore, Grantee understands that refusing or withdrawing his or her consent may affect Grantee's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of Grantee's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, Grantee understands that he or she may contact his or her local human capital representative.

12. GOVERNING LAW AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION.

- a. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without regard to conflict of law principles.
- b. <u>Disputes.</u> The parties agree that any action arising from or relating in any way to this Agreement or the Plan shall be resolved and tried in the state or federal courts situated in Denver, Colorado. The parties consent to jurisdiction and venue of those courts to the greatest extent allowed by law.

In this regard, the Grantee acknowledges and admits to all or a combination of several following substantial contacts with Colorado: (i) Grantee is employed, provides services for or otherwise is affiliated with a legal entity headquartered in the state of Colorado; (ii) Grantee receives the compensation in a form of checks or wire transfers that are drawn either directly or indirectly, from bank accounts in Colorado; (iii) Grantee regularly interacts with, contacts and is contacted by other TeleTech employees and executives in Colorado; (iii) Grantee either routinely travels to or attends business meetings in Colorado; and (iv) Grantee receives substantial compensation and benefits as a result of TeleTech being a corporation headquartered in and subject to the laws of Colorado. Based on these and other contacts, the Grantee acknowledges that he/she could reasonably be subject to the laws of Colorado.

c. <u>Attorneys fees</u>. The party that substantially prevails in any action to enforce any provision of this Agreement shall recover all reasonable costs and attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the action.

13. ADMINISTRATION OF THE AGREEMENT AND AWARDS.

- a. <u>Interpretation</u>. Any dispute regarding the interpretation of this Agreement shall be submitted by the Grantee or the Company to the Committee for review. The resolution of such dispute by the Committee shall be final and binding on the Grantee and the Company.
- b. <u>Settlement of Vested RSUs</u>. RSUs subject to an RSU Award shall be settled pursuant to the terms of the Plan, in stock or cash, as soon as reasonably practicable following the vesting thereof, but in no event later than March 15 of the calendar year following the year in which the RSUs vest.
- c. <u>Amendment</u>. The Company has the right to amend, suspend, or cancel the unvested RSUs granted hereunder, prospectively; provided that, no such amendment shall adversely affect the Grantee's material rights under this Agreement without the Grantee's consent, and to the extent the RSUs hereby granted are not yet vested and the Grantee is not in breach of the Agreement, the Company shall provide a substitute instrument of equal value and no less favorable terms in exchange for amended, altered, suspended, discontinued or canceled RSUs.
- d. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The Company may assign any of its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth herein, this

Agreement will be binding upon the Grantee and the Grantee's beneficiaries, executors, administrators and the person(s) to whom the RSUs may be transferred by will or the laws of descent or distribution.

- e. <u>Discretionary Nature of All Future Awards</u>. This RSU Award is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual, statutory or other right to receive future RSU Awards, or benefits in lieu of RSUs, even if the RSUs have been granted in the past. Future Awards, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company.
- f. <u>No Impact on Other Benefits</u>. The value of the Grantee's Restricted Stock is not part of his/her normal or expected compensation for purposes of calculating any severance, retirement, welfare, insurance or similar employee benefit.
- 14. **CHANGE OF CONTROL PROVISIONS.** This RSU Award is subject to the Change of Control rights and entitlements as further referenced in Appendix B to this Agreement.
- 15. **CONFIDENTIALITY**. Grantee agrees not to disclose, directly or indirectly, to any other employee, director or consultant of TeleTech or an Affiliate and to keep confidential all

information related to any Awards granted to Grantee, pursuant to the Plan, including the amount of any such Award and its vesting schedule.

16. **SEVERABILITY AND ENTIRETY.** The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of the Plan or this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of the Plan or this Agreement, and each provision of the Plan and this Agreement shall be severable and enforceable to the extent permitted by law.

The Agreement (including the Plan) constitutes the entire agreement between the parties concerning the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior and contemporaneous agreements, oral or written, between the Company and Grantee relating to Grantee's entitlement to RSUs or similar benefits, under the Plan.

- 17. <u>COUNTERPARTS</u>. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which together will constitute one and the same instrument. Counterpart signature pages to this Agreement transmitted by facsimile transmission, by electronic mail in portable document format (.pdf), or by any other electronic means intended to preserve the original graphic and pictorial appearance of a document, will have the same effect as physical delivery of the paper document bearing an original signature.
- 18. **ACCEPTANCE**. The Grantee hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan and this Agreement. The Grantee has read and understands its terms and provisions, and accepts the RSU Award subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement. The Grantee acknowledges that there may be adverse tax consequences upon the grant or vesting of the RSUs or disposition of the underlying shares and that the Grantee has been advised to consult a tax advisor prior to such grant, vesting or disposition.

The parties have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

TeleTech Holdings, Inc.

By: Regina Paolillo Chief Financial Officer

«Name» (Grantee)

TeleTech Holdings, Inc. <u>Compensatory Arrangements — Independent Directors</u>

The following compensatory arrangements for Independent Directors of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") shall become effective was adopted by the Compensation Committee of the Board to be effective as of January 1, 2015 (the "Effective Date," which is the date of). For purposes of these arrangements, the term Independent Director shall mean a director who qualifies as an "Independent Director" under the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan.

Commencing as of the Effective Date, each Independent Director shall be entitled to the following:

- (a) an annual retainer⁽¹⁾ of \$75,000 for Board service;
- (b) additional annual retainer fees⁽¹⁾ for Board committee service as follows:

Chair of Audit Committee	\$ 27,000
Other Members of Audit Committee	\$ 13,500
Chair of Compensation Committee	\$ 20,000
Other Members of Compensation Committee	\$ 10,000
Chair of Nominating and Governance Committee	\$ 15,000
Other Members of Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee	\$ 5,000

(c) the annual grant, as of the date of each annual stockholder meeting (commencing with the 2009 Annual Stockholder Meeting), of \$75,000 of restricted stock units (RSUs), based on the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the grant date;⁽²⁾ provided, however, that the Company will not issue RSUs that are convertible into fractional shares of the Company's common stock.⁽³⁾ The RSUs will vest in full on the earlier of: (i) the first anniversary of the date of grant; (ii) the date of the succeeding year's annual meeting of stockholders; or (iii) any change-in-control event (as defined in the RSU agreement).⁽⁶⁾

(d) for each Independent Director who first joins the Board on or after the Effective Date, an initial grant, which shall be the later of the date on which such Independent Director first joins the Board or the date on which the Compensation Committee approves the initial grant, of \$100,000 of RSUs, based on the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the grant date;⁽²⁾ provided, however, that the Company will not issue RSUs that are convertible into fractional shares of the Company's common stock.⁽⁴⁾ The RSUs will vest in full on the earlier of: (i) the first anniversary of the date of grant; (ii) the date of the succeeding year's annual meeting of stockholders; or (iii) any change-in-control event (as defined in the RSU agreement).⁽⁵⁾

⁵⁾ Both the initial and annual equity grants are subject to the Stock Ownership Guidelines for the Board of Directors. Board members are required to hold shares equaling three times their annual cash retainer. Each member will be required to retain 75% of net Fair Market Value vested shares until the stock ownership guideline is met; each member has five years to achieve this guideline.

⁽¹⁾ All retainer fees shall be paid quarterly in arrears, with fees earned during a fiscal quarter to be paid during the first month of the immediately succeeding quarter. In the event an Independent Director serves as a member of the Board or a committee or as Chair of a committee for less than all of a fiscal quarter, the amount of the quarterly installment of each applicable retainer fee under paragraphs (a) and (b) above shall be pro-rated based on the number of days served during the quarter. The preceding sentence shall first apply with respect to the fiscal quarter ending June 30, 2009 for each Independent Director serving as of the Effective Date. For example, based on the Effective Date of May 21, 2009, each Independent Director would receive 41/91 of the quarterly retainer due for the fiscal quarter ending June 30, 2009 (representing 41 of the 91 days in the second quarter of 2009).

²⁾ The fair market value of the Company's common stock shall be determined by the closing price of the Company's common stock on the grant date or, if the Company's common stock is not traded on the Nasdaq Stock Market (or other applicable exchange or quotation system) on the date of grant, the last preceding trading day.

³⁾ For example, if the closing price of the Company's common stock is \$12.30 per share on the date of the annual meeting of stockholders, each incumbent Independent Director would receive 6,097 RSUs (\$75,000 divided by \$12.30 per share = 6,097.56 RSUs, with any and all fractional shares disregarded).

⁽⁴⁾ For example, if the closing price of the Company's common stock is \$12.20 per share on the date that an Independent Director is appointed to the Board, the Independent Director would receive 8,196 RSUs (\$100,000 divided by \$12.20 per share = 8,196.72 RSUs, with any and all fractional shares disregarded).



January 9, 2015

PERSONAL & CONFIDENTIAL

Brian Shepherd 2500 E. Cherry Creek Drive South #511 Denver, CO 80209

Dear Brian:

As you know, TeleTech Services Corporation ("TeleTech") and you have made a mutual decision to terminate your employment effective January 31, 2015 ("Effective Date"). The purpose of this separation agreement and release of claims document (the "Letter Agreement") is to set forth the mutual rights and entitlements between you and TeleTech in connection with your termination of employment. This Letter Agreement shall be interpreted in connection with that certain employment agreement that you executed with TeleTech as of January 18, 2013 ("Shepherd Employment Agreement") and to the extent any provisions of the Shepherd Employment Agreement and this Letter Agreement conflict, the terms and conditions of the Letter Agreement shall control.

- 1. <u>Termination by Mutual Agreement</u>. Your employment with TeleTech as TeleTech Executive Vice President and President of Customer Strategy ("CSS") and Technology Services ("CTS") will terminate effective January 31, 2015.
- 2. Financial Terms of Separation.
 - (a) Enhanced Severance. While the Shepherd Employment Agreement provides for a severance payment in the amount of one year's base salary (less all applicable withholdings) as provided in Section 8(b)(ii) of the Shepherd Employment Agreement, in the best interest of the business and as an additional compensation for your obligations further outlined in this Letter Agreement, TeleTech will pay you the total severance in the amount of \$750,000, less applicable withholdings (the "Severance Payment"). This enhanced severance decision was discretionary on the part of TeleTech and is expressly conditioned on you agreeing to the terms and conditions as outlined in this Letter Agreement. The Severance Payment shall be paid as provided in Paragraph 6 of this Letter Agreement.
 - (b) <u>Dr. Abram's Fees</u>. In addition to the Severance Payment, TeleTech shall pay on your behalf executive physical fees to Dr. Abrams in the amount of \$3,600, grossed up for income tax purposes at 50% of payment to be made, for a total not to exceed \$5,400.
 - (c) <u>Forfeiture of Unvested RSUs</u>. As otherwise provided in your TeleTech Holdings, Inc. Restricted Stock Unit Agreements of February 20, 2013 and July 1, 2014 ("All RSU Agreements"), all RSUs that you currently hold and which are yet unvested as of the Effective Date shall forfeit.
 - (d) <u>No Further Benefits</u>. This Letter Agreement outlines all financial obligations of TeleTech to you and by signing below you agree that nothing further (except your standard compensation through the Effective Date) is due and owning, including without limitation no further relocation payments or benefits.
- 3. <u>Last Day of Employment</u>. Subject to your agreement to separate amicably as further described in this Letter Agreement, your last day at TeleTech will be the Effective Date.
- 4. <u>Amicable Separation</u>. In consideration of TeleTech agreeing to pay the Severance Payment, you shall:
 - (a) Cooperate fully with TeleTech on orderly transition of you responsibilities as Executive Vice President of CTS and CSS business units, including meetings with senior CTS and CSS staff and messaging about your departure and other business matters, including an appropriate communication plan;
 - (b) Transition fully all business development contacts, including status details, in connection with any on-going business development efforts you are currently undertaking on behalf of CTS and CSS;
 - (c) Resign all your officer positions and directorships with any and all companies in TeleTech Holdings, Inc. group, including all subsidiaries and affiliates as reflected in the <u>Attachment A</u> to this Letter Agreement;
 - (d) Not disparage TeleTech, its employees, officers, subsidiaries, affiliates and clients as provided in Paragraph 8 of this Letter Agreement;
 - (e) Abide by all terms and conditions of your non-compete, non-solicitation, and non-disclosure obligations under the Agreement to Protect Confidential Information, Assign Inventions and Prevent Unfair Competition and Unfair Solicitation of January 24, 2013 that you signed when you joined TeleTech;
 - (f) Execute various releases, as provided in Paragraph 5 of this Letter Agreement; and
 - (g) Agree to all terms and conditions as outlined in this Letter Agreement.
- 5. Various Releases.
 - (a) <u>General Release</u>. In exchange for the Severance Payment and other valuable consideration, you hereby release and forever discharge TeleTech, its parent company, subsidiaries, affiliates, partnerships, officers, directors, employees, agents, successors and assigns of

and from any and all claims You may have, known or unknown, that are releasable by private agreement, arising at any time throughout your employment and through the Effective Date, or seven (7) days after you sign the Letter Agreement without revoking it, whichever is later. The release specifically includes and is not limited to:

(i) Any rights with respect to any restricted stock units you have been granted (and which have not yet vested) at any time during your tenure with TeleTech pursuant to All RSU Agreements; and

(ii) Any and all rights or claims under any of the following laws: Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000-e, as amended; the Civil Rights Act of 1991; Sections 1981 through 1988 of Title 42 of the United States Code, as amended; the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended; the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act, as amended; the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended; the National Labor Relations Act; the Occupational Safety and Health Act, as amended; the Age Discrimination in Employment Act; the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended; the Civil Rights Acts of 1866, 1871, and 1991; the Equal Pay Act of 1963; the Employee Retirement and Income Security Act of 1974, as amended; the Immigration Reform and Control Act, as amended; the Colorado Anti-Discrimination Act; and any other federal, state, or local employment statute, law, or ordinance, including any and all claims of employment discrimination based on race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, age, marital status, disability, sexual orientation, lawful off-duty conduct, or retaliation; and

(iii) Any and all common-law claims such as wrongful discharge, violation of public policy, breach of contract, promissory estoppel, defamation, negligence, infliction of emotional distress, any intentional torts, outrageous conduct, interference with contract, fraud, misrepresentation, and invasion of privacy; and

(iv) Any and all claims for any of the following: money damages(including actual, compensatory, liquidated or punitive damages), equitable relief such as reinstatement or injunctive relief, front or back pay, wages, commissions, bonuses, benefits, sick pay, vacation pay and other paid time off (PTO) pay if any, costs, interest, expenses, attorney fees, or any other remedies; and

(v) Any and all claims arising under any federal or state "whistleblower" law, including without limitation the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Whistleblower Protection Act, and common-law wrongful discharge in violation of public policy.

- (b) <u>Age Discrimination Acknowledgement and Waiver</u>: By signing this Letter Agreement you acknowledge that the release provisions of Paragraph 5(a) of this Letter Agreement include a waiver and release of all claims you may have under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. § 621 et seq.).
- (c) <u>Time to Consider.</u> With respect to all releases in this Letter Agreement, including the Age Discrimination release, you acknowledge that:

(i) You have carefully read, and understand, the terms of this Letter Agreement and the various releases, including the releases with respect to age discrimination claims contained therein;

- (ii) You were, and hereby are, advised to consult with an attorney and/or any other advisors of your choice before signing this Letter Agreement and various releases therein;
- (iii) You understand that this Letter Agreement and various releases therein are legally binding and by signing it you give up certain rights;
- (iv) You have voluntarily chosen to enter into this Letter Agreement and have not been forced or pressured in any way to sign it;
- (v) You knowingly and voluntarily release TeleTech from any and all claims you may have, known or unknown, in exchange for the payments and benefits you have obtained by signing this Letter Agreement, and that these payments are in addition to any payments or benefits you would have otherwise received if you did not sign this Letter Agreement and various releases therein;
- (vi) You have twenty-one (21) days from the date of this Letter Agreement to consider your rights and obligations under this Letter Agreement, and if you elect to sign this Letter Agreement sooner, you have done so knowingly, voluntarily and after giving the matter due consideration.
- (d) <u>No Claims Filed</u>. As a condition of TeleTech entering into this Letter Agreement, you represent that you have not filed, and do not intend to file, any lawsuit against TeleTech. This Letter Agreement shall not be construed to prohibit you from filing a charge or complaint with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or participating in any investigation or proceedings conducted by either entity; however, you agree that you are waiving your right to monetary recovery should any federal, state, or local administrative agency pursue any claims on your behalf arising out of or relating to your employment with and/or separation from employment with TeleTech.
- . <u>Severance Payment Schedule</u>. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 10 of this Letter Agreement, the Severance Payment provided for in Paragraph 2(a) of this Letter Agreement, shall be paid as follows:
 - (a) \$50,000 compensation for relocations costs, less appropriate withholdings, payable on or before February 15, 2015, subject to your execution of this Letter Agreement;
 - (b) The remaining amount (\$700,000) will be paid in twenty-six (26) equal installments, less appropriate withholdings, in conjunction with regularly scheduled TeleTech payroll cycles; commencing in February, 2015.
 - (c) No obligations hereunder shall commence until and unless this Letter Agreement is executed by you. As provided in Paragraph 10 of this Letter Agreement, as required by law, you may take up to twenty-one (21) days to consider the terms of this Letter Agreement and may take up to seven (7) days to revoke it. Any Severance Payment as provided herein, shall not start until and unless the Letter Agreement is executed and delivered to TeleTech and only after the passage of the aforementioned revocation period.

- 7. <u>Restrictive Covenants</u>. All prohibitions outlined in Paragraphs 7(d), 7(e), 7(f) and 7(g) of this Letter Agreement shall collectively be referred to as "Restrictive Covenants". In consideration of TeleTech providing the Severance Payment, you hereby agree to the following:
 - (a) <u>Restricted Period</u>. These covenants and restrictions shall remain in effect for a period of time after the Effective Date ("Restricted Period") as provide in each specific Paragraph of this Letter Agreement. The Restricted Period shall be extended by a period of time equal to any period during which you are in breach of any restrictive covenant set forth herein, including the period of any litigation for the enforcement of such a restrictive covenant.
 - (b) <u>Restricted Area</u>. You acknowledge that the business and enterprise of TeleTech and any of its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively, the "TeleTech Group") is intended to be and is global. You further agree that your role as a TeleTech Executive Vice President and a member of the company's executive leadership team (its Executive Committee), your activities in competition with TeleTech anywhere in the world in violation of the Restrictive Covenants contained herein would unfairly damage the TeleTech Group and its legitimate business interests. Therefore, the Restrictive Covenants contained in this Letter Agreement shall apply and be effective throughout the world (the "Restricted Area").
 - (c) <u>Capacity and Knowledge of the Executive for Restrictive Covenants</u>. For purposes of the Restrictive Covenants, you agree not to engage in any of the prohibited or restricted activities directly or indirectly, individually or as an employee, officer, director, independent contractor, consultant, or agent, or as a venturer, partner, member, shareholder, or other beneficial holder of any interest in any entity or organization. The phrase "to your knowledge" shall mean your actual knowledge and/or information available to you upon reasonable inquiry.
 - (d) <u>Covenant Against Competition. For a twelve (12) months Restricted Period ending January 31, 2016 and within the Restricted Area, you agree not to work or otherwise contribute your knowledge, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, as an employee, officer, owner, manager, advisor, consultant, agent, partner, director, significant shareholder (i.e. a shareholder holding more than 5% of outstanding equity in any such entity), volunteer, intern or in any other similar capacity anywhere in the world to a business entity engaged in the same or substantially similar business TeleTech Group, including entities engaged in the full life cycle of customer strategy, analytics-driven, technology-enabled customer engagement management solutions from customer engagement strategy consulting, to technology and analytics driven customer acquisition to technology solution development and integration to business process outsourcing customer care (collectively, "TeleTech Business").</u>
 - (e) <u>Covenant Against Interference with Client Relations</u>. For a twenty (20) months Restricted Period and within the Restricted Area, you shall not interfere in any manner with any TeleTech Group relationships with its Clients or Prospective Clients, as defined below. Your activities prohibited hereunder shall include, but are not limited to, any requests, suggestions, advice, recommendations, solicitations, or other actions or attempts to induce or influence a Client or a Prospective Client to
 - (i) withdraw from, curtail, or cease discussions with any of the TeleTech Group about project or business opportunities; or
 - (ii) cancel, breach, terminate, or otherwise fail to go forward with any contract or business relation with any of the TeleTech Group.

As used herein the term "Client" shall include any person or entity to whom services have been provided by any of the TeleTech Group companies or with whom TeleTech has established strategic marketing alliances as of January 31, 2015. The term "Prospective Client" shall include any person or entity to whom TeleTech Group has submitted a bid or proposal or has directed

tangible efforts to establish a Client relationship or strategic alliance during your employment with TeleTech as of January 31, 2015.

- (f) <u>Covenant Against Interference with Employment Relations</u>. For an twenty (20) months Restricted Period and within the Restricted Area, you shall not interfere in any manner(directly or through others) with any TeleTech Group's relations with any senior person who, to your knowledge, is employed by or otherwise in the service of one or more of the TeleTech Group companies during the Restricted Period. Activities prohibited hereunder shall include, but are not limited to, your requests, suggestions, advice, recommendations, solicitations, or other actions or attempts to induce or influence a senior employee to leave employment or the service of any of TeleTech Group nor identification of any senior persons so engaged by any of the TeleTech Group as a target of recruiting activities by others. In addition to the foregoing, you agree to notify your future employer that you separation of employment from TeleTech is subject to this covenant against solicitation of TeleTech employees. For purposes of this provision a 'senior person or senior employee' shall exclusively refer to any participant in the 2014 Annual Restricted Stock Unit Grant.
- (g) <u>Covenant Against Non-Disparagement</u>. You and TeleTech agree not to engage in negative discourse of any kind with respect to the each other and to refrain from making any comments (verbally or in writing) that disparage the other, including but not limited to TeleTech's business or management practices, your performance, or any of each other's reputations, current or former employees or financial status, or any of each other's business relationships. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the parties understand that TeleTech is a large company with more than 40,000 employees worldwide. This non-disparagement undertaking on the part of TeleTech is an obligation that relates to the conduct of the company's CEO and senior management team only (i.e. members of TeleTech Executive Committee, their direct reports), as TeleTech cannot take on the responsibility of monitoring or overseeing the private conduct of its employees worldwide with respect to any statements they may make casually or intentionally to whomever about you. And for clarification and for the avoidance of doubt, it will not be a violation of this Paragraph for either you or TeleTech to make truthful statements, under oath, as required by law or formal legal process.
- . <u>No Admission of Wrongdoing</u>: By entering into this Letter Agreement, TeleTech does not concede or admit to any wrongdoing or violation of law or breach of the terms and conditions of the Shepherd Employment Agreement.
- 9. <u>Return and Prohibition of Removal of Company Property and Records.</u> You shall return all TeleTech property and records in your possession on or before January 31, 2015. In the event you fail to return such property or records provided herein, you shall be liable to TeleTech for the value of all such property and records, and all reasonable costs, including attorneys' fees, incurred by TeleTech in recovering such property or records may be set-off against any payments due to you under this Agreement. TeleTech property and records shall include, but is not limited to laptops, tablets, printers, and other electronic devices, any TeleTech related document whether in written or electronic form and whether created by you or another person or entity. Company equipment, files or business information of any kind, whether written, electronic, digital, or otherwise, shall not be copied, taken or otherwise used by you without the prior written consent of TeleTech, if any. TeleTech reserves the right to pursue all legal and equitable relief available for breach of this Paragraph.

10. Effectiveness of the Letter Agreement.

- (a) As required by law, the Severance Payment and releases outlined in this Letter Agreement shall remain in effect for twenty-one (21) days from the date hereof (the date as stated at the top of this document, assuming it is delivered to you on that date or the delivery date if otherwise). If you elect to execute this Letter Agreement before the end of this twenty-one day period, you acknowledge that you do so voluntarily. Furthermore, you acknowledge and understand that you may revoke the signing of the Letter Agreement any time within the seven (7) day period following your execution thereof.
- (b) To be effective, your revocation must be in writing and tendered to TeleTech Corporate Legal Department, 9197 S. Peoria Street, Englewood, CO 80112, <u>Attn: Margaret McLean, General Counsel</u>, either by mail or by hand delivery. The Letter Agreement and related releases therein

will become effective on the eighth day after you sign it, provided you do not revoke your acceptance.

- (c) You understand that TeleTech is not required to make any payments described in this Letter <u>unless and until</u> this Letter Agreement and various releases therein become effective; and you understand that this Letter Agreement does not waive any rights or claims that may arise after this Letter Agreement is signed and becomes effective, which is after TeleTech actual receives your signed signature page for this Letter Agreement and after the 7-day revocation period has expired.
- 11. Legal Review; Sophisticated Parties; No Changes. Both parties acknowledge that this Letter Agreement sets forth the entire understanding between them. Neither party has relied upon any representation nor did statement, written or oral, not set forth in this Letter Agreement. The terms and undertakings of this Letter Agreement may not be changed orally, but only by a specific written agreement signed by the party against whom enforcement of any waiver, change, modification, extension, or discharge is sought. By signing below, you acknowledge that TeleTech has encouraged you to review the legal effect and implications of this Letter Agreement with an attorney and carefully and thoroughly review the Letter prior to signing. As a senior executive and a sophisticated, financially savvy party, you acknowledge that you reviewed this Letter Agreement and understand its terms and conditions.
- 12. <u>Mutuality.</u> This Letter Agreement is deemed to have been drafted jointly by the parties and any uncertainty or ambiguity shall not be construed for or against any party based upon attribution of drafting to any party. The parties forever waive all rights to assert that this Letter Agreement was the result of a mistake in law or in fact. Further, the parties forever waive all rights to assert that any or all of the legal theories or factual assumptions used for negotiating purposes are for any reason inaccurate, inapplicable or inappropriate.
- 10. Governing Law; Dispute Resolution and Venue.

(a) The Parties agree that this Letter agreement shall be construed and enforced as provided in the Shepherd Employment Agreement.

(b) You and TeleTech agree that any controversy or claim with respect to this Letter Agreement, including without any limitation any claim on whether a breach of covenants or other undertakings has taken place, shall be resolved expediently in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration Agreement that you and the company executed in connection with the Shepherd Employment Agreement.

- 11. <u>Confidentiality of Terms.</u> You agree that the terms and conditions of this Letter Agreement are confidential. You also agree not to tell anyone about this Letter Agreement and not to disclose any information contained in this Letter Agreement to anyone, other than your lawyer, financial advisor and immediate family members, unless you are compelled to do so by law.
- 12. <u>Mutual Breach of this Letter Agreement</u>. Both TeleTech and you promise to abide by the terms and conditions in this Letter Agreement, including without limitation your non-compete, client non-interference, employee non-solicitation, and non-disparagement obligations on the one side and non-disparagement and payment obligations owed to you by TeleTech on the other side. Both parties understand that if they do not abide by the terms and conditions of this Letter Agreement, either party is entitled to seek damages from the other party, including injunctive relief against the other party and your then employer. In addition to the foregoing and for the avoidance of doubt, you understand and agree that TeleTech's financial obligations under this Letter Agreement are specifically tied to you honoring and not breaching the terms of this Letter Agreement, and if TeleTech has reasonable proof that you have materially breached your obligations in such a way that cannot be reasonably cured hereunder, it will provide you with a written notice, documenting such material breach to give you the opportunity to respond and cure, if applicable. TeleTech will reserve the right to suspend its payment obligations under the Severance Payment provisions of this Letter Agreement until the resolution of the dispute, pursuant to the resolution provisions of Paragraph 10 herein; and if TeleTech prevails on the issue of material breach in addition to all other damages TeleTech shall have no further obligations to you with respect to the Severance Payment. For the avoidance of doubt, if TeleTech does not prevail on its breach claim, all of the Severance Payment is still owed.

To reflect your agreement with the provisions of this Letter Agreement, please sign and return to TeleTech Corporate Legal Department as instructed above.

TeleTech Services Corporation

By:

Regina M. Paolillo, EVP and Chief Administrative Officer

ACCEPTED AND AGREE

Date:

Attachment A

OFFICER/DIRECTORSHIPS FOR BRIAN SHEPHERD

As of December 31, 2014

Entity	Title	State/Country of Incorp
TTEC Consulting, Inc.	Director	Delaware (USA)
iKnowtion, LLC	Board of Managers	Mass. (USA)
rogenSi Inc.	President / Director	New York
rogenSi IP Ltd.	President / Director	New York
Technology Solutions Group, Inc.	President / Director	Illinois
TeleTech Holdings, Inc.	EVP - CTS/CSS	Delaware
1To1 Marketing, LLC	Board of Managers	Delaware
rogenSi Business Consulting (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.	Director	Peoples Republic of China
rogenSi Limited	Director	Hong Kong
rogenSi Limited	Director	New Zealand
rogenSi Pte. Ltd.	Director	Singapore
rogenSi Pty Ltd	Director	Australia
rogenSi Services Pty Ltd	Director	Australia
rogenSi Inc.	Director	Canada
rogenSi Limited	Director	UK
1to1 Marketing and Consulting Pte. Ltd.	Board of Managers	Singapore
Peppers and Rogers Group Pazarlarma Hizmetleri Ticaret A.S.	VP / Director	Turkey
Peppers and Rogers Group (Middle East) FZ LLC	Director	UAE
Peppers and Rogers Group (Proprietary) Ltd.	Director	South Africa
Peppers & Rogers Group SPRL	Director	Belgium

I HEREBY AGREE TO RESIGN ALL OF THE ABOVE LISTED POSITIONS AS OF JANUARY 15, 2015

Date:

Brian A. Shepherd

Subsidiary	Jurisdiction
eLoyalty, LLC	Colorado, USA
Global One Insurance Company	Arizona, USA
TTEC Consulting, Inc. (dba Guidon)	Delaware, USA
iKnowtion, LLC	Massachusetts, USA
Peppers & Rogers Group B.V.	Netherlands
Percepta, LLC	Delaware, USA
Revana, Inc.	Arizona, USA
rogenSi Services Pty Ltd. (Australia)	Australia
rogenSi Pty Ltd. (Australia)	Australia
rogenSi Ltd (UK)	England
Sofica Group AD	Bulgaria
TT International C.V.	Netherlands
Technology Solutions Group, Inc.	Illinois, USA
TeleTech Brasil Servicos Ltda.	Brazil
TeleTech Customer Care Management Costa Rica, S.A.	Costa Rica
TeleTech Customer Care Management Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
TeleTech Europe B.V.	Netherlands
TeleTech Financial Services Management, LLC	Delaware, USA
TeleTech Government Solutions, LLC	Colorado, USA
TeleTech Healthcare Solutions, Inc.	Delaware, USA
TeleTech International Pty. Ltd. (Austrailia)	NSW, Australia
TeleTech Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
TeleTech New Zealand	New Zealand
TeleTech Services Corporation	Colorado, USA
Humanify, Inc.	Delaware, USA

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (Nos. 333-82405, 333-47142, 333-96617 and 333-167300) of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. of our report dated March 9, 2015, relating to the consolidated financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Denver, Colorado March 9, 2015

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Each person whose signature appears below does hereby make, constitute and appoint each of Kenneth D. Tuchman, Regina M. Paolillo, Margaret B. McLean, and Marc C. Arseneau, acting individually, as such person's true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution, resubstitution and revocation to execute, deliver and file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, and the securities regulatory agency in each other country where a registration or filing may be necessary or advised in connection with any offering of the Company's securities, including but not limited to: Argentina, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Ireland, Mexico, the Philippines, Singapore, the United Arab Emirates, and the United Kingdom, for and on such person's behalf, and in any and all capacities,

- 1. The Annual Report on Form 10-K of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2014, any and all amendments (including post-effective amendments) thereto with all exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, or foreign jurisdiction equivalent reports and statements;
- 2. A Prospectus for use in the member nations of the European Union pursuant to the EU Prospectus Directions and any and all amendments thereto with all exhibits and other documents in connection therewith; and
- 3. Such annual or other periodic reports on business, prospects, financial and results of operations as may be required in any such other country.

granting unto each of said attorneys-in fact and agents full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done as fully to all intents and purposes as such person might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent or such person's substitute or substitutes may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

/s/ Kenneth D. Tuchman Kenneth D. Tuchman	Feb. 20, 2015	/s/ James E. Barlett James E. Barlett	Feb. 20, 2015
/s/ Tracy L. Bahl Tracy L. Bahl	Feb. 20, 2015	/s/ Gregory A. Conley Gregory A. Conley	Feb. 20, 2015
/s/ Robert N. Frerichs Robert N. Frerichs	Feb. 20, 2015	/s/ Marc L. Holtzman Marc L. Holtzman	Feb. 20, 2015
/s/ Shrikant Mehta Shrikant Mehta	Feb. 20, 2015		

CERTIFICATION

I, Kenneth D. Tuchman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of TeleTech Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By:

/s/ Kenneth D. Tuchman Kenneth D. Tuchman Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Regina M. Paolillo, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of TeleTech Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By:

/s/ Regina M. Paolillo Regina M. Paolillo Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Written Statement of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)

The undersigned, the Chief Executive Officer of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge on the date hereof:

- a. The Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed on the date hereof with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- b. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By:

/s/ Kenneth D. Tuchman Kenneth D. Tuchman Chief Executive Officer

Written Statement of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)

The undersigned, the Chief Financial Officer of TeleTech Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge on the date hereof:

- a. The Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed on the date hereof with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- b. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Regina M. Paolillo Regina M. Paolillo

Regina M. Paolillo Chief Financial Officer